137729
BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

[illegible] TRAVELLERS GUIDE [illegible]

The Bombay Gazette.

EDITION, [illegible]

No. 53,832—New Series.] BOMBAY—MONDAY, JULY 2, 1906. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON.

[illegible]

BAGGAGE must be sent to the [illegible] on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, [illegible] and CABIN BAGGAGE [illegible]. The attention of passengers is [illegible] to the importance of having their [illegible] with port of destination. [illegible] leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. [illegible] must attend at that place between [illegible] for Medical inspection [illegible] of the Port, and no one will be [illegible] the Mail Steamer unless so examined [illegible] the Company's Steamers. Special attention is directed to these regulations which are imperative under the Venice [illegible]. Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

[illegible]

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent at P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

[illegible] 1906.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge and [illegible]. Berths carefully selected. [illegible] and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY [illegible] OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked [illegible] to ENGLAND via JAPAN and [illegible] by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and [illegible] Mail Routes. [illegible] details of Fares, &c., and List of [illegible] sent free on application. [illegible] met on arrival. [illegible] cleared and Insurance effected [illegible]. [illegible] BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and [illegible] at current rates.

[illegible] AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.
[illegible] GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

TO MARSEILLES.

[illegible]

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

[illegible] made available for one way by the [illegible] and the return voyage by the Austrian [illegible].

AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

[illegible]

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

[illegible] 3rd class Rs. 2?5.

P. DE BURE,
Agent.

[illegible] BOMBAY.

MAY 15th, [illegible]

ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY via KARACHI and SUEZ CANAL TO LONDON via MARSEILLES OR GENOA, LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

[illegible]

The following Sailings [illegible] alterations :—

[illegible]

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall, No. 11 Shed. [illegible] T. S. "LINGA" 2,171 tons, on Friday, 6th July, from the Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed, at 8 p.m., or later from the Stream on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "WARORA"? 2,515 tons, on MONDAY, 2nd July, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "BUMDA"? 1,300 tons, on THURSDAY, 5th July, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Koweit and Mahommerah, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on or about 12th July, calling at Karachi, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu, and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NOWSHERA," 3,024 tons, on or about 1st July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand, apply to—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Agents, BOMBAY.

2nd July, 1906.

KING KING & Co.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries, and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA;
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE via ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	P. Mosca	4,112	1st Oct. 190[illegible]

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 2?5.	Rs. 150.

Take Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
*TRIESTE	D. Mistrorigo	5005	20th July 1906.
FRANZ FERDINAND	C. Matcovich	5046	29th July „
[illegible]	S. Tomicovich	[illegible]	21st [illegible] „
CHINA	[illegible]	5900	20th Aug. „

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400.	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 4?5. Saloon Rs. 600.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. [illegible] issued at Reduced Fares.

Passengers on VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about six hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI YOKOHAMA, AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail or on about
SILESIA	L. de Stabile	5,158	27th July 1906.

For further particulars regarding Passages apply to—

E. SCARPA, *Agent-General*,
SASSOON HOUSE, 54, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.

(Transhipping at PORT SAID.)

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,356	E. Debarbieri	[illegible] July 1906.
CATANIA	4,020	[illegible]	15th Aug.
R. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Caberse	15th Sept. „

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return tickets available two years	[illegible]	900	525

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class Rs. 815; 2nd Class, Rs. 5?5. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option in going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
CYBELE	2,000	G. Balano	17th July 1906.
ISCHIA	[illegible]	S. Dakro	17th Aug.
CAPRI	2,000	G. Pelatto	17th Sept. „

Excellent accommodation for SALOON. Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 1?5, and to HONGKONG Rs. 2?0.

G. FERRERO,
Acting Agent.

No. 30, HORNBY ROAD.

WILLIAM & KEYMER & Co.,

[illegible] PRODUCE AGENTS.

[illegible] WM. & KEYMER & CO. [illegible] years [illegible] MACHINERY [illegible] MERCHANDISE. [illegible] ESTABLISHED. [illegible] KEYMER & CO. [illegible] WILLIAM [illegible]

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL......£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..........£600,000
RESERVE FUND.............£550,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON, E.

BRANCHES.

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Cawnpore.	Tuticorin.
Lahore.	Bombay.	Colombo.	Zanzibar.
Amritsar.	Madras.	Mandalay.	Mombassa.
Kurrachee.	Rangoon.	Newera Elya.	Nairobi.
Steamer Point.	Aden.	Kandy.	Chittagong.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
BOMBAY. *Manager.*

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid-up Capital	$	100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$	100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$	93,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager.*

LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:
SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq. (Director, National Bank, Egypt.)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq. (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K. C. M. G.
A. M. TOWNSEND, } *Managers.*
C. S. ADDIS, Esq. }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	KOBE.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SAN FRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA.	MANILLA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance [illegible] not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Acting Agent.

7, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..........Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.............„ 18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND.......„ 10,300,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS....„ 1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND........„ 1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

London.	Shanghai.	Port Arthur.	KOBE.
Lyons.	Hongkong.	Mukden.	Osaka.
New York.	Tientsin.	Talien.	Tokyo.
San Francisco.	Peking.	Chefoo.	Nagasaki.
Honolulu.	Newchwang.	Tieling.	Bombay.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England: The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT Accounts.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Albert Buildings,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)..............Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)..........Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL..........£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..........£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.............£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS........£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS...............£ 135,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG, and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Terms for fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
[illegible] ROAD, BOMBAY. *Manager.*

FOR THE RAINS.

		Rs.	A.
BLUE SERGE SUITS FROM	... ...	35	0
SMART WATERPROOF COATS FROM	...	26	0
REGULATION ... CLOAKS	„ ...	30	0
SERVICEABLE UMBRELLAS	„ ...	5	8
BLACK AMERICAN BOOTS	„ ...	22	0

HOAR & CO., {GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS} BOMBAY.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO THOSE INTERESTED.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

ARE now SUPPLYING most of the Principal RAILWAYS, MUNICIPALITIES, NATIVE STATES, MILLS, SCHOOLS, DISPENSARIES, etc., in Western India, with DRUGS, CHEMICALS, and APPARATUS, and invite correspondence on the subject.

TENDERS SUBMITTED AND CONTRACTS UNDERTAKEN.

PHILLIPS & Co. have just REMOVED their LABORATORY into a NEW BUILDING which has been built expressly for them to meet the demands of their large Manufacturing business. This Laboratory is fitted up with all the Latest Machinery and Appliances for the proper turning out of

ELEGANT PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS.

☞ A TRIAL ORDER IS SOLICITED. ☜

MONGINI BROTHERS'

RESTAURANT

NOW OPEN.

LUNCHEONS,	from 12 till 3	Re. 1
DINNERS,	from 6 till 9	Rs. 2

SERVICE A LA CARTE.

TABLES for LARGE or SMALL PARTIES may be reserved in advance. Special Menu arranged if desired.

EUROPEAN CHEF de CUISINE.
EUROPEAN MAITRE d'HOTEL.

TELEPHONE No. 325.
25, 27, 29, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61, Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds Exceed £17,837,000
Total Revenue for 1905 Exceeded £ 3,774,000

The sum of £830,150 was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1900, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent. per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW PROSPECTUS JUST OUT.

GREAT REDUCTIONS under all SYSTEMS.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE: ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities only and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Introduction and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
H. G. W. MEIKLE,
[illegible]

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

RESULTS FOR 1905.

THE PROFITS declared at the last Quinquennial valuation ending 31st December, 1905, show a SURPLUS of over 45 LACS of RUPEES, 90 per cent. of which will be distributed amongst the participating Policy-holders.

ASSETS EXCEED...14 Crores of Rupees.
PREMIUM INCOME...2 Crores of Rupees.

A GRESHAM Policy represents all that is desirable. Apply
CROFT MODY & CO.,
Chief Agents for India, Burma, and Ceylon.
BOMBAY.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB BLEND WHISKY.

A FIRST CLASS BRAND AT A MODERATE PRICE.

WELL WORTH A TRIAL.

Of all Dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE SALMON & Co., Ld., BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

BRANDIES.

Shipped by T. HINE & Co.,
COGNAC.
(ESTABLISHED 1763.)

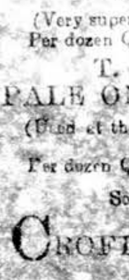
T. HINE & Co.'s
V. S. O. P. BRANDY.
(A very superior Old Liqueur Brandy, imported for the first time in India, 40 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts .... Rs. 120

T. HINE & Co.'s
3 STARS BRANDY.
(Very superior Old Brandy, 21 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts .... Rs. 62

T. HINE & Co.'s
PALE ONE STAR BRANDY.
(Used at the Principal Clubs and Messes)
(9 years old.)
Per dozen Quarts .... Rs. 50

Sole Agents for India:—
CROFT MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.

RETAIL SUPPLIERS:
Messrs. BRANDON & CO.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS,
AND
Messrs. DENISON & CO.,
GUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.



TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL

allowed on every cycle bought of us. Your Money in full refunded without question if not perfectly satisfactory. Highest grade cycles, guaranteed [illegible] years.

LATEST MODELS £2.10 to £6

Made of New Departure Coaster Hubs, Dunlop or Clincher & Wood Tyres, Inverted Lever Rim Brakes, Two Speed Gears, etc.

Packed and Delivered Free to any port in the world. We guarantee safe delivery.

200 Second-Hand Cycles all makes, good as new, £1 to £2.10

[illegible]

EARN A CYCLE [illegible]

MEAD CYCLE CO. Dept. [illegible]
LIVERPOOL, LONDON AND CHICAGO.

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GUILT

Can be established as easily by Omissions as by Acts!

If a King neglects the welfare of his subjects, he is

GUILTY!

If a Trustee neglects the interests of his wards, he is

GUILTY!

If you have not protected the lives and property entrusted to you YOU ARE

GUILTY!

Of neglect.

MINIMAX

HAND FIRE EXTINGUISHER

AS SUPPLIED TO

THEIR MAJESTIES THE KING AND QUEEN

Absolutely Self-contained.
No Taps to Corrode.
No Hose to Rot.
No Mechanism.
No Reversing.
Safe, Quick, and Certain in its Action.
Unaffected by Climate or Weather.
MINIMUM Price, Weight, and Size.
MAXIMUM Efficiency, Simplicity, and Economy.

FOR PARTICULARS, Apply to:—

MARCKS & CO., LTD.
SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE HOTEL CONTINENTAL

Nos. 9, 10, 11 & 12, CHOWRINGHEE ROAD, CALCUTTA.

THIS FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situated in the Healthiest and Most Fashionable European Quarter of the City, commanding a splendid view of the Maidan, fitted with every Convenience and Comfort, maintains, as it has always done, a high class reputation for its Cuisine.

The TABLE D'HOTE is reserved for Hotel Residents and their Guests only.

The RESTAURANT A LA CARTE and PRIVATE TIFFIN and DINING ROOMS receive special attention.

A large LADIES' PAVILLION has been constructed with the object of affording additional comfort to Ladies and their Friends, where they can enjoy their afternoon Tea or Ices and Light Refreshments in quietude. Visitors are kindly requested not to smoke in the Drawing Room on any account.

NO PUBLIC BAR KEPT.

F. A. BOSCOLO, *Proprietor.*

PLEASE NOTE THAT

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA

IS THE ONLY ONE

In the whole of India who has received
TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS
FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

BATLIWALL'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILL or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can, and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza, Malarious, Intermittent, and Bilious Fevers, and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies have given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficiency of Batliwalla's Remedies? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggists' market that if I agree to take only One Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only. I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Sallow Complexion, Overwrought Brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional Weakness, Seminal Emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of Understanding due to Excessive Indulgence, and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains; and to Students and Scholars: Growing Boys and Girls who, in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be a Powerful and Rapid Restorer of Mental and Physical Vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, loss of appetite, and imperfect digestion.

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER & Co., KEMP & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., BEYNON & Co., etc., etc., or from the Sole Manufacturer—DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE."

STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE.

THIS VOLUME OF "STERLING EXCHANGE TABLES" is a small neatly bound BOOK, covering all RATES in 32nds—both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 $\frac{27}{32}$d. The Book has been found to supply a long-felt want, as, since the Stoppage of the Free Coinage of Silver, rates have varied well within those given both for Demand and Six Months' Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

"The cheapest, best, and most convenient."—*Vide* Press Notices.

PRICE:—RS. 2.

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
ON THE DEPARTURE OF ENGLISH MAIL.

28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c.

Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage.
English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE ANCHOR LINE S. S. "OLYMPIA," has arrived from Glasgow, Liverpool and discharges in the [illegible].

Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading for [illegible] and to TAKE DELIVERY of their [illegible].

Packages exceeding 50 cwts in weight will be landed on the [illegible] at the risk and expense of Consignees unless Boats are sent [illegible] Consignees are hereby [illegible] that all claims for damage must be adjusted by the Steamer's Surveyor before the goods are removed from the landing Sheds. The undersigned decline all responsibilities in respect of goods removed to the ... Warehouse. All claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer, otherwise none will be [illegible].

Captain MACFADYEN will attend every morning.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Bombay, 30th June 1906.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. OWEN and OKELL have REMOVED their OFFICE to MAHOMED BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RYS. Co. Ld.

NOTICE.

ALTERATIONS IN THE TIMING OF TRAINS ON THE BROAD AND METRE GAUGE SECTIONS OF THIS RAILWAY FROM 1ST JULY 1906.

THE present UP MIXED TRAINS which leave Bezwada at 5-0 and 15-0 will run as at present, arrive at Secunderabad 19-10 and 5-30 and leave at 20-0 and 6-15 and arrive at Wadi at 5-55 and 11-25 respectively. The first train leaving Bezwada at 5-0 connects with the Calcutta to Madras Mail, and at Wadi with the G. I. P. Passenger train for Raichur. The second train leaving Bezwada at 15-0 connects with Mixed train from Madras and Calcutta [illegible] Railway Mail, and at Wadi with the G. I. P. Up and Down Mail Trains.

In order to maintain connection with the Madras to Calcutta Mail arriving at Bezwada at 21-11 a new Mixed train will leave Bezwada at 22-15, arrive at Secunderabad at 13-20 and leave 14-30 and arrive at Wadi at 0-10 and connect with the G. I. P. Passenger train for Bombay.

A Mixed Train will leave Wadi at 2-30, a Mail at 12-40 and a Mixed at 18-20 and arrive at Secunderabad at 13-10, 17-55 and 5-0 and leave at 13-25, 18-50 and 7-0 and arrive at Bezwada at 3-30, 7-0 and 19-15 respectively. The first Train is timed to enable passengers from Secunderabad, Hyderabad and other stations to proceed to Madras via Bezwada. The Third Train connects with the Madras to Calcutta Mail.

METRE GAUGE.

The Down Mixed Trains will leave Manmad at 11-0 and 23-0, Aurangabad at 15-42 & 4-5, Jalna at 13-20 and 7-3, arrive Secunderabad 15-0 & 5-0 and Hyderabad at 12-45 & 6-0 respectively.

The Up Mixed Trains will leave Hyderabad at 9-30 & 18-30, Secunderabad at 10-25 & 13-29, Jalna at 8-55 and 14-17, Aurangabad at 11-11 and 16-48 and arrive at Manmad at 16-25 and 21-15 respectively.

The speed of the Up Mixed Train, leaving Hyderabad at 9-30 has been accelerated so as to maintain connection at Manmad with the Bombay Mail to the Punjab, so that passengers for the north of India can now leave Secunderabad in the evening instead of the morning as heretofore.

W. GAYE,
Traffic Manager.

TRAFFIC MANAGER'S OFFICE,
SECUNDERABAD (DECCAN), 23rd JUNE, 1906.

ADEN PORT TRUST.

JETTY SUPERINTENDENT WANTED with experience in the management of Wharves in India for the Main wharf at Aden, Salary Rs. 300 per mensem rising to Rs 400 by biennial increments of Rs. 25.

Apply with copies of testimonials to the CHAIRMAN Port Trust, Aden.

ALL INDIA UNITED INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

(Registered under the Indian Companies' Act 1882.)

Capital Rs. 50,00,000 divided into 50,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each.

It is proposed to call Rs. 20 only per share; Rs. 5 on application and the balance of Rs. 15 on allotment.

DIRECTORS

The Honourable Sir PHEROZESHAH M. METHA K.C.I.E. (Chairman.)
GOVERDHANDASS GULDAS TEJPAL Esq. J.P.
H. SULLEMAN ABDUL WAHED, Esq., J. P. Messrs. Ludha Ebrahim and Co.
RUSTAM K. R. CAMA, Esq. B.A., LL.B., Messrs. Thakurdas and Co.
MAHOMED HAJI BHOY LALJI Esq., J.P., Messrs. Haji Bhoy Lalji and Co.
LAKHAMSEE NAPPOO, Esq., J.P., President, Bombay Grain Merchants' Association,
HAJI [illegible] JOOSAB, Esq. (Ex-Officio.) Messrs. Jaffer Joosab and Co.

BANKERS:
THE NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

SOLICITORS:
Messrs. THAKURDAS and Co.

SECRETARIES:
Messrs. JAFFER JOOSAB and Co.

REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY:
7, GREEN STREET, FORT BOMBAY.

Forms of prospectus and application for shares and further information can be obtained from the SECRETARIES.

Copies of the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of the Company may be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company.

GIBBONS & Co.,

ELECTRICAL, Civil, Mechanical Engineers, Builders and Contractors, Import and Export Merchants, and General Commission Agents, [illegible] Estate and Financial Agents, [illegible] Exchange and Mart and East India [illegible] Furniture and Electric Workshops, Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

SHOW ROOMS:—Medows Street and Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

OFFICE: [illegible] Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

BURMAH PETROL.

"PETREL BRAND" gives most regular and economical work. Special Rates to MOTOR CAR OWNERS. Apply for prices and contract order book to SHAW, WALLACE & Co., Agents, The Burmah Oil Co., Ld., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

[illegible] be made in the names of two or more persons and [illegible] made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE.
Secretary and Treasurer.

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

INDENTS promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all kinds of British and Continental goods, including:—

Boots, Shoes and Leather,
Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries,
China, Earthenware and Glassware,
Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods,
Fancy Goods, Perfumery and Stationery,
Hardware and Machinery,
Photographic and Optical Goods,
Provisions and Oilmen's Stores
etc., etc.

Commission 2½% to 5%.
Trade Discounts allowed.
Original Invoices supplied.
Special Quotations on Demand.
Sample Cases from £10 upwards.
Consignments of Produce Sold on Account.

WILLIAM WILSON AND SONS,
(Established 1814)
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.
Cable Address: "ANNUAIRE, LONDON."

Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.

The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. Machinery orders are attended to by an expert.

1, WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON. TELEGRAMS: "KEYMER, LONDON."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

Bombay Gazette.

PRICE ONE ANNA.

New Proprietary,

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NEW TYPE, NEW MACHINERY, NEW FEATURES.

Increase in Size.
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SEE TO-MORROW'S *Bombay Gazette*

GOLF and ITS EXPONENTS.

SERIES OF
Personal and attractively written articles on
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1.—GOLF FOR BUSY MEN.
by Sir HENRY SETON-KARR.

2.—THE EXPENSES OF GOLF.
by MARY E.L. HEZLETT.
(open Lady Champion, 1899–1902.)

3.—AMATEUR & PROFESSIONAL GOLF.
by HAROLD H. HILTON.

4.—ON TEAM MATCHES.
by H.M. BEVERIDGE.

5.—THE FASCINATION OF GOLF.
by A. G. BARRY.

6.—THE PLEASURES OF GOLF.
by S. MURE FERGUSSON.

7.—WHAT NOT TO DO.
by DR. MACNAMARA M.P.

8.—THE LOST HUMOUR OF GOLF.
by H. G. HUTCHINSON.
(author of Golf in the Badminton Library.)

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines—Per insertion, One Rupee. Every additional line Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER.—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods, Plate and Clear Metals, Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 8. We recommend it. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

CLEARANCE SALE of Platedware, Cutlery, Crockery and Glassware. Will be SOLD BELOW COST to make room for our Fresh Stocks. M. BRESLAUER & Co., Church Gate Street.

ONE of the Sights of Bombay.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON replete with everything that Oriental luxury and Artistic taste can suggest and visitors will not regret an inspection of their High Class Portraiture, Artistic Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest.—Portrait Painting in oil on Photographic Basis a Speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Tata's Nigam Buildings, Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

REPORTER—PITMAN'S SHORTHAND with knowledge of sport. Inexperienced men need not apply.—"A" care of this Office.

READERS and COMPOSITORS—Skilful experienced men WANTED IMMEDIATELY. Address SUPERINTENDENT, care of this Office.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out of order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are the best in the world.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and 3 elsewhere can be eat at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine wines and liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Table. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinner served till late hours.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle, Opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Spacious Dining and Sitting Room with Electric Fans. Rooms airy and commodious with Bath rooms attached to each. Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a Speciality. Apply to the Manager.

GOVERNMENT SERVANT SUPPLIER.—Messrs. OLIVER and Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supply thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants, patronized by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy, as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants for whom we guarantee. Fee, Bombay Rs. 2 and Mofussil Rs. 5 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Established 1872.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture on sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c. &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, "The Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

W. M. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents undertake all Agency business. 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London.

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," Daily, the Weekly and the Weekly Mail edition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—During months of issue, 2 annas; Thereafter for three months, 4 annas; Subsequent issues Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Town Subscription Rs. 12 per year. Mofussil, with postage Rs. 15. English subscription Rs. 18 per year including Postage.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

JUST ARRIVED

A very large assortment of
MOST POWERFUL AND ELEGANT
BINOCULARS,
TELESCOPES
AND
OPERA GLASSES
MOTOR-GOGGLES
AND
CLINICAL THERMOMETERS, &c.
of Best quality and highest make.

CAN BE HAD OF
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & CO.,
OCULISTS AND OPTICIANS,
7, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite General Post Office,
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NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY.

HORNBY ROAD.
THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES
THE
BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS
FOR PERUSAL IN THE
MORNING AND NOON
AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION
ALSO
HOME PAPERS AND MAGAZINES.
Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Paper,
FOR TERMS APPLY TO
VINCENT AND COMPANY,

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 2nd instant, at 2-30 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece goods and the following:—

Office furniture such as writing tables, desks book shelves, safe, old law books etc.

Furniture such as writing dressing and wash-hand tables, easy and light chairs, cupboards, chest of drawers, almyrahs, two brass double bedsteads, inlaid marble table, large size phonographs, cameras, Cottage Piano, Milner's safe on stand, 2 Jones English sewing machines manufacturing and tailor sizes.

At 3 p.m.

Several lady's and gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 French polished office shigram.
1 glass front circular brougham.
1 light rubber tyred victoria.
1 set plated double harness nearly new.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO MERCHANTS AND PRIVATE GENTLEMEN.

Auction Sale of Carpets, Curtains, Table Covers, Pieces of Tapestry Velvet and Plush, etc.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 3rd and FRIDAY, the 6th inst. at [illegible] each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, in Church Gate Street, Fort, next to Messrs. Breslauer & Co. by order of the concerned the following valuable goods consisting of velvet piled carpets, rich curtains, damask table covers, pieces of silk tapestry velvet and plush pieces of silk satin cloth, wind-proof lamps, Cashmere towels and pillow cases pieces of velvet and shirtings, linen and velvet table covers, pieces of imitation leather, Italian figures etc.

The above is on view.

On THURSDAY, the 5th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Hummum Street, Fort, the surplus stock-in-trade of Messrs. [illegible] and Co. changing premises, consisting of pianos, harmoniums, violins, mandolins, guitars, banjos, and other musical instruments, rifles, revolvers, pictures, picture moulding, glass cases, shop furniture, etc.

The above will be on view three days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 8th inst. at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "[illegible]," Parel Road, Chinchpoogly (Sir [illegible] bungalow on Tramway Line), the valuable [illegible] teakwood and blackwood household furniture, [illegible] dining table, sideboard, dumbwaiter, marble-top table and [illegible], drawing-room set of [illegible] chairs, cabinets, [illegible] marble-top dressing and wash-hand tables, [illegible] Milner's safe, Cottage piano, 1 and 2 lights argand lamps, [illegible] chair, Singer's hand sewing machine, fishing rod, medical books, lamps etc., the property of the late Major F. R. [illegible] I.M.S. (R. I.)

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

IMPORTANT TO MILLOWNERS.

Auction Sale of the Electric Light Plant and Machinery of the Watson's Annexe, Apollo Bunder.

Under instructions, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Watson's Annexe, Apollo Bunder, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst., at 11 a.m., the electric plant and machinery consisting of:—

1 boiler by Marshall, Sons and Co. 15 nominal H. P. loco. type multitubular.

1 horizontal compound and condenser engine, 15 nominal H. P. by Marshall, Sons and Co.

1 alternating current, Mordy's dynamo with exciter.

[illegible] transformers.

1 high tension switchboard.

1 boiler by Marshall, Sons and Co., 25 nominal H. P. Loco type.

1 vertical high pressure Robey and Co.'s 14 H. P. engine with Silver Town and Co.'s compound, dynamo of 104 volts and 170 amperes.

1 boiler by Marshall, Sons and Co., 25 nominal H. P. Loco type.

1 vertical high pressure Robey and Co., 14 H. P., engine with Silver Town and Co., compound dynamo, 104 volts and 170 amperes.

1 low tension switchboard for Two dynamos.

1 [illegible], 1 donkey pump of 4 H. P., and 1 donkey pump of 2 H. P., 1 water heater, etc.

The above is now on view.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR CAPITALISTS AND BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

AUCTION SALE OF 14 VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. under instructions from Mr. Mahomedbhai [illegible] and others, will put up for sale by Public Auction the following very valuable and desirable building plots forming part of the Hope Hall Estate, Mazagon, on SUNDAY, the 15th day of July, 1906, at the hour of 4 P. M., on the premises. These sites, which face the west are situated at two minutes walk from the Railway Station and have the regular tram service passing by the door, afford nice scope to the Capitalists for Building purposes; These 14 plots measure 11,890 square yards.

Plot	No.	Area.	Square Yards.
1	1	,,	1233
1	2	,,	577
1	3	,,	590
1	4	,,	619
1	5	,,	644
1	6	,,	649
1	7	,,	1120
1	8	,,	1448
1	9	,,	666
1	10	,,	666
1	11	,,	666
1	12	,,	666
1	13	,,	666
1	14	,,	1498

For further particulars and conditions of sale and the plan of the plots which can be seen at the Auctioneers' Rooms, application may be made to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

BOMBAY, 2ND JULY 1906.

BENNETT & COMPANY,

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE STORES, a quantity of Brass Pigs, Gun Metal and Iron, etc., at the Castle Park Arsenal, Fort, behind the Town Hall.

Under instructions from the Ordnance Officer in-charge, Bombay Arsenal, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 2nd instant at 2-30 p.m. sharp, Standard Time, sell by Public Auction, at the above mentioned place a large quantity of unserviceable stores, consisting of [illegible] pieces, bags, canvas common, paulins, [illegible], old iron, wrought scrap, zinc old scrap, water buckets, spades shovels gun metal pig, old pig, brass pig, copper old, copper pig, lead pig, canvas, [illegible], oil of sorts cotton gunny rubbish etc.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act IX of 1890, and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 3rd instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at the G. I. P. Railway, Wari Bunder Goods Depot.

36 full pressed bales of cotton.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods, Sweepings, etc., at the G. I. P. Railway Wari Bunder Goods Depot.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act IX of 1890, and under instructions from G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the above mentioned place, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY the 3rd instant, at 2-30 p.m. (Standard Time), quantity of unclaimed goods, grain and seed in bags, cotton seeds in bags, boxes of hardware, boxes of glassware, jaggree in bags, wheat and tilly in bags, bundles of jaggery, bundle of iron sheets, iron bars, bags of linseed, bales of P. cotton, burnt cotton, bundles of cotton, wooden timber and planks, empty casks, bundles of slates, waste paper and records and other miscellaneous articles, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF YARN, PIECEGOODS AND COTTON PARTLY DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

On WEDNESDAY, the 4th instant, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Soonderdas Mill, at Bellasis Road, Byculla, on account of the Fire Insurance Offices concerned.

A large quantity of loose cotton and yarn and loose pieces of shirtings, dhoties, [illegible], canvas for bales strings, etc.

The above is slightly damaged by fire and water and will be sold in small lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

SALE OF THE RIGHT OF COLLECTING TOLL AT THE SION AND MAHIM CAUSEWAYS.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, under instruction of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, sell by Public Auction the above right at 3 p.m. (B. T.), on THURSDAY, the 5th July, 1906, at the Office of the Assessor and Collector, on the ground floor of the Municipal Building.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained at the Office of the Municipal Commissioner or at the Auctioneers.

SALE OF MACHINERY AND ACCESSORIES DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER OF THE SOONDERDASS MILL, AT BELLASIS ROAD, BYCULLA.

Private offers for the purchase of the above salvage consisting of—

3	Wett Mules,
12	,, ring,
23	Twisting,
3	Doubling ring,
107	Looms,
4	Winding frames,
2	Color Winding frames,
7	Warping machines,
13	Roller cards,
37	Flat cards,
2	Grinding and 2 filler mounting machines,
2	Drawing, 8 Slubbing, 11 Inter. and 22 Roving machines,
1	Set roller covering [illegible] and 1 Scale, &c., &c.

With accessories, shafting and gearing, wall boxes, pedestals pulleys, C. I. columns [illegible] will be received by the undersigned up to 12 O'clock noon (Bombay Time) on MONDAY, the 16th July.

For full particulars apply to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

BOMBAY 2ND JULY, 1906.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,

No. 34 HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 2,000 BALES DAMAGED HEMP.

Messrs MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 3rd July, 1906, at 4 P.M. Standard Time, at the Victoria Bunder, Colaba, near the New Prince of Wales' Press, on account of the under-writers, About 2,000 bales and a quantity of loose hemp, damaged by fire and water.

The above will be sold in small lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required when the lots are knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises TO-DAY, MONDAY, the 2nd July, 1906, at 1 p.m. (Standard time), the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

The materials of buildings, street Nos. 55-17-19, 11-15 and 1, 7, 7A 3-5, Mahomed Khan Pakadi.

The materials of buildings, street Nos. 11-15, 57-51, New Bengalpura.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD STORES SHIPS FURNITURE FITTINGS, BOATS, &c. &c.

Messrs MENESSE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 4th July, 1906, at 2 p.m. in the P. & O. S N Co.'s Dockyard, Mazagon.

A quantity of old stores ships requisites, fittings, &c., consisting of old canvas sails, canvas cutting, old flags, old ropes, [illegible] brass fittings, [illegible], breakers, broken glass and crockeryware, [illegible], brass fittings, [illegible], [illegible] rubber [illegible] boiler tube, platedware, rubber, backgammon and chess boards, ironware, and miscellaneous other articles.

Purchasers will have to pay octroi duty, &c., and clear the goods within ten days from the date of auction.

MENESSE & Co.

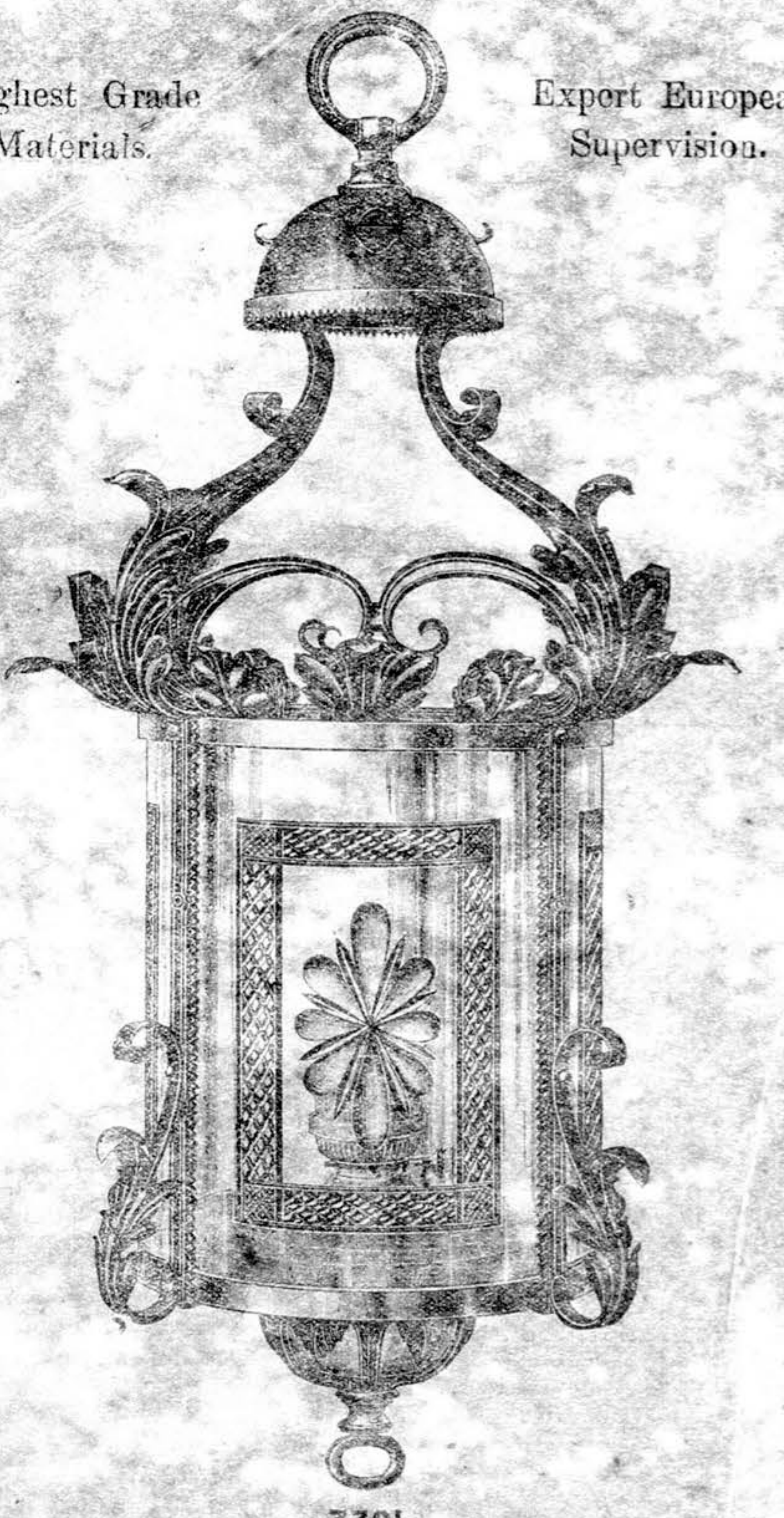
BOMBAY, 2ND JULY, 1906.

F. & C. OSLER.

BOMBAY.

Electrical Engineers
To His Excellency The Late Viceroy of India.

Highest Grade Materials. Expert European Supervision.



3381

Osler's Electric Light Fittings.

Osler's Fans with patent Aluminium Blades.

Estimates free on Application.

The British Medical Journal says: "Benger's Food has *by its excellence* established a reputation of its own."

BENGER'S Food
for Infants, Invalids, and the Aged
Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.

BENGER'S FOOD with milk forms a dainty, delicious, and most easily digested cream. Infants thrive on it, and delicate or aged persons enjoy it.

Benger's Food is sold by Chemists, &c., everywhere.

TO PRODUCE HIGH CLASS AERATED WATERS
Use only Essences, Colours, etc., manufactured by
W. J. BUSH & CO., LTD.,
ASH GROVE, HACKNEY, LONDON.
"The Oldest Essence Distillers in the World."

W. J. BUSH & Co. have had great experience in supplying Regimental Aerated Water Factories in India, Egypt, Malta, South Africa, etc., and are prepared to give full information to Mess Presidents of Regiments who wish to provide Aerated Waters of a really wholesome quality.

W. J. BUSH & Co.'s manufactures are sold by all the best merchants throughout India, Burma and Ceylon.

PRICE LISTS AND SAMPLES ON APPLICATION.

Recipes and full information for the manufacture of Aerated Waters free with first order.

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates. DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purity and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.*

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme) France.
SPENCER & Co. Sole Agents for Madras. [illegible] & Co. Agents in Bombay.
DUMOULIN & Co., Agents in Pondichery.

FOR SALE, WANTED

Daily or [illegible] week—First Three Insertions [illegible]
[illegible] Subsequent Insertions [illegible]
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line; For and Subsequent Insertions [illegible]
line. Minimum Charge Rs. 2.

PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR S
DEODORISED NAPTHA
BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles [illegible] all for Naptha Lamps.
Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should [illegible] ting it and no other. Can be [illegible] leading dealers in Motor-Cars. [illegible]
STANDARD OIL C
31, Hornby Ro

CUMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English CARRIAGES, LANDAUS, [illegible] VICTORIAS by well-known Makers. F
CARRIAGE repairs of every descrip executed with prompt attention.
HOUSES Furnished with the latest Furniture.
FURNITURE of the latest design F at on HIRE, and also made to order.
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, WARE, &c., FOR SALE and on HIRE.

ROLLED STEEL BEAM

5,000 Tons of STEEL BEAM
in all Sections and Weights
ALSO
STEEL ANGLES, TEES
PLATES, CAST-IRON PIP
GALVANIZED CORRUGATED [illegible]
Kept in Stock, ready for delivery
Full particulars and prices from
GEO. SERVICE & Co.,
"King's Buildings,"
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

ASTHMA AND BLOO

POISON of any stage and description [illegible] ly cured by our well-tried specifics [illegible] others cure. Try and you are sure [illegible] Prices Rs. 5 and Rs. 3, respectively. [illegible] Esq., Dehri, writes:—"Your wonderful [illegible] ASTHMA has done more for me than [illegible] Patent Medicines I had tried before. [illegible] been troubled even slightly, and am [illegible] convinced of your remedy having [illegible] [B] S. SAWZA, Esq., Poona, writes [illegible] BLOOD MIXTURE is the BEST [illegible] ered."

DIABETES AND DYSENTERY

however hopeless, are sure to be cured [illegible] specifics. No other medicine in the world [illegible] to show a larger percentage of [illegible] Prices Rs. 3 each. Full particulars about [illegible] well as about our specifics for HY[illegible] and FEMALE DISEASES. [illegible]
J. C. MOOKERJEE & CO.
VICTORIA CHEMICAL W
RANAGHAT, [illegible]

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BANKERS MERCHANTS AND EAST IN
AGENTS
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS
NORTHUMBERLAND AVEN
CHARING CROSS, LONDON,
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS [illegible]
LONDON
A. B. C. CODE [illegible]
CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE [illegible] posal.
INDENTS executed with care [illegible]
PASSAGES booked by a line [illegible]
ALL AGENCY BUSINESS [illegible]
The representatives of W.M. HUTCHINSON [illegible] Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION [illegible] from the East on their arrival [illegible] Gravesend, or at the Docks, to [illegible] Clearing and Forwarding Business [illegible]

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Cable Address: "Woodhouse, Brighouse."
WOODHOUSE & MITCHELL, Limite
Brighouse, Yorkshire, England.
STEAM ENGINES & MILL GEARIN
For Textile, Flour & other Mills.
Contractors to H.M. War Department.

THE
BOMBAY GAZETT

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Six lines and under—
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Third do. [illegible]
[illegible]
No Advertisement charged at less than six lines. Lines in excess of Six [illegible] the above rates.

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For Advertisements of two or three lines [illegible] matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, [illegible] Servants required, Houses or Lodgings [illegible] Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows [illegible]
Not exceeding three lines [illegible]
Each succeeding line [illegible]
No Advertisement will be inserted for [illegible] payment must in all cases be made in Cash.
DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.—[illegible]

LONG ADVERTISEME
First insertion [illegible]
Second do. [illegible]
Third do. [illegible]
In the Native Languages [illegible]
For Advertisements which are to be [illegible] time, special contracts are made.

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OVERLAND SUMMA
POST FREE.
Per Annum [illegible]
Half-yearly [illegible]
Quarterly [illegible]

"BOMBAY GAZETT
WEEKLY BU
POST FREE.
Per Annum [illegible]
Half-yearly [illegible]
Quarterly [illegible]

CHEQUES MONEY ORDERS [illegible] should be made payable to—The [illegible] and Secretary, "The Bombay G [illegible]

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PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further Extension and Renovations.
Spacious Dining and Sitting Room with ELECTRIC FANS.
Rooms Airy and Commodious.
With Bath-rooms attached to each.
Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for Monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

ROGER & GALLET'S PERFUMERY.
Rs. A.
[illegible] Fleur D'Amour, Rêve Fleuri, very [illegible] per bottle ... 12 8
[illegible] per bottle ... 8 8
[illegible] Splendeur, Vera Rosa, [illegible] Jasmin, Indian Hay, Jockey [illegible], Œillet Marguerite (Carnation) [illegible], Lilas Blanc, Violette de Parme each ... 3 8

SOAPS.
[illegible] Peau de Espagne, per cake [illegible] box ... 5 0
[illegible] Violette de Parme, per cake [illegible] box ... 2 8
Roger and Gallet's Violette de Parma, per cake [illegible] box ... 3 8

BEYNON & CO.,
ESPLANADE AND MALABAR HILL,
BOMBAY.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

[illegible] tons, Captain J. R. Clarke, will sail [illegible]

[illegible] 2371 tons, Captain W. Ward, sailed [illegible] Belfast.

[illegible] 2318 tons, Captain J. B. Moss [illegible] general cargo.

[illegible] steamer [illegible] 935 tons, Captain H. M. [illegible] on Saturday from Karachi with a [illegible] passengers.

[illegible] Crosby Hall 2596 tons, Captain J. Scory, [illegible] Birkenhead via Durban and [illegible]

[illegible] City of Karachi 3512 tons, Captain F. [illegible] Liverpool via Karachi, with [illegible]

[illegible] Olympia 3269 tons, Captain C. F. [illegible] on the 29th ultimo from Glasgow, via [illegible] general cargo and the following [illegible]

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Clarke ...	Glasgow, May 26
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] ...	Birkenhead, May 5
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] ...	Karachi, June 28
[illegible]	[illegible]	Gordon ...	Sydney, June 9
[illegible]	[illegible]	Moss ...	Bussreh, June 24
[illegible]	[illegible]	Thompson ...	Newcastle, May 26
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] ...	Rangoon, June 12

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Moore ...	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] ...	Liverpool &c.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] ...	Aden
July 1	[illegible]	Ward ...	Calcutta

[illegible] obtained her port [illegible]

[illegible] on Saturday :—

[illegible]

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Vessels.	Names.	From
27	[illegible]	J Davies	Rangoon
	[illegible]	[illegible]	Hongkong
	[illegible]	C Macintosh	Rangoon
	[illegible]	J Younger	Rangoon

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Vessels.	Names.	To
28	[illegible]	J T Beekering	Colombo
	[illegible]	E Giacopello	A Ports
	[illegible]	J T Norrie	Karachi
	[illegible]	R Senath	Sabang
	[illegible]	T Denker	Karachi

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

June	Vessels.	From
[illegible]	[illegible]	Liverpool
[illegible]	[illegible]	Fremantle
[illegible]	[illegible]	Rangoon

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

[illegible] mails of the 16th instant arrived at Brindisi on the [illegible]

The P. & O. [illegible] Circassia, arrived at Port Said on the [illegible] instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macneil left Liverpool on the [illegible] of the 28th ult.

The Anchor Line [illegible] Scindia Bombay-bound arrived at [illegible] on Friday the 29th June 1906.

The Austrian Lloyd's s.s. Austria, from Bombay, arrived at [illegible] this morning.

[illegible] Hankong on the afternoon of the [illegible]

The [illegible] S. N. Co's steamer R. Rubattino, from [illegible] left Aden for Bombay on the 30th ultimo and is expected here on the 6th instant.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, July 2.

[illegible] Resignation.—Extract from Gazette of India, Army Department, dated Simla 15th June 1906 is published for information :—

No. [illegible]—Bombay Volunteer Rifles.—Lieut Harry Champion Roe resigns his commission.

[illegible] Extract from India Army Orders dated 11th June [illegible] published for information :—

[illegible] Volunteer Long Service Medal.—The undermentioned [illegible] of the Indian Volunteer Force are granted the medal :—

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

[illegible] S. W. [illegible] and Lce Corporal W. T. Sell.

G. D. PRICE, Capt.
Adjt. B. V. R.

DAILY EXPORTS, JUNE 30.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

[illegible] wheat, and 12,500 cwts cottonseed, Ralli [illegible]

FOR LONDON.

[illegible] turmeric, M. J. Joonnabhoy and Co ; 175 cwt [illegible] 7520 cwts cottonseed [illegible] Ralli Bros [illegible] M. James [illegible] and 75 cwt old rubber [illegible] bales hemp, Bombay General [illegible]

FOR MARSEILLES.

[illegible] 7640 cwt castorseed and 7050 cwt [illegible] Ralli Bros [illegible]

FOR GLASGOW.

[illegible] 28750 cwt cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

[illegible] cwt [illegible]seed Ralli Bros.

FOR HULL.

[illegible] 501 cwt myrabollams, V. V. Jayakar and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

[illegible]

FOR DUNKIRK.

[illegible] Kiddle Reeve and Co ; [illegible]

FOR GOTHENBURG.

[illegible] cotton F. Campbell and Co ; [illegible]

FOR ROTTERDAM.

[illegible]

FOR BREMEN.

[illegible] Volkart [illegible]

FOR GENOA.

[illegible] old iron, M. Samit ; 2022 cwt linseed, Volkart [illegible]

FOR TRIESTE.

[illegible] Ralli Bros.

FOR VENICE.

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

The Bombay mails of 16th instant arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

SECURITIES—			
2½ per cent. Consols	88	=	unchanged
3 per cent. Rentes	98 1-4	=	— 1-4
3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan	105	=	unchanged
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	65 1-8	=	do
SILVER—			
Spot in London	30 3-16	=	do
2 months hence	29 15-16	=	do
Spot in New York	65 1-8	=	— 1-8
EXCHANGES—			
Paris cheques	25·15	=	unchanged
Berlin cheques	20·48	=	— 3-4
New York Demand	4·84 5-8	=	unchanged
DISCOUNTS—			
Bank of England	3 1/2 p. ct.	=	do
3 months sight Bank Bills	3 1-4 do	=	do
6 months sight Bank Bills	3 1-4	=	do
3 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 1-2	=	do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 5-8	=	do
INTEREST—			
Day to day loans	2 3-4	=	+ 1-8
7 day market loans	3 3-8	=	unchanged

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £100,000 for N. America.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay £10,000
Gold to Bombay £40,000

WHEAT—Steady.
RAPESEED—
Brown 45 7-8 [illegible] June-July
LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 45 J. J. sellers Steady
COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 7 7-8
ARRIVALS—
Steamer Northumbria.

IN LIVERPOOL—

Cotton Market closed	dull
East Indian	quiet
Manchester	quiet
Total Sales	4,000
Spot	6·10 — 5
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 3-8
Sold on speculation and for Export	500
Imports	15,000
Futures closed	steady

Jun.-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
5·81	5·78	5·68
unchd.	unchd.	unchd.
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·60	5·55	5·54
unchd.	unchd.	unchd.
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·54	5·55	5·56
unchd.	unchd.	unchd.

Receipts at U. S. Ports	6,000
Do. last year	13,000
Exports to Great Britain	4,000
Do. to Great Continent	8,000
IN NEW YORK—	
Spot	10·80
Futures, month of July	10·21 + 7 } a
Do. month of Dec	10·36 + 3

a Declined early owing to liquidation and advanced later through bull support and short covering.

IN NEW ORLEANS—	
Spot	11
Futures, month of July	10·28 + 20
Do. month of Aug	10·67 + 12
Tone at close	steady

COTTON.

	Bales.
Week's Receipt at U. S. ports	41,000
Week's Exports to Great Britain	13,000
Do. Continent	23,000
Stock at U. S. ports	315,000
Do. Interior	207,000

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Madras Westerns J.A.	4 22-32 sellers
F. G. P. Tinnevelly J.A.	4 31-32 value
Fair Coconada	4 16-32 sellers

BOMBAY, SATURDAY, JUNE 30.

The financial telegrams to hand this morning show but little change from yesterday's rates. Reuter shows a decline of 1/4 per cent. and the usual end of the half year demand for money is shown by the increase in interest on day to-day loans to 2 3/4 per cent. Specie shipments to Bombay include £10,000 silver, and £40,000 gold which is a big falling off in the weekly shipments of the white metal.

In produce we learn that Wheat is steady, Rapeseed dull and Linseed steady. Cotton in Liverpool is advised dull for spot, with total sales 4,000 bales, while futures are steady and unchanged. In America New York and New Orleans are unchanged in spot rates at 10·80 and 11·00 respectively, while futures in the former port show a rise of 7 points for July and 3 points for December. In the Southern port, however, July shows a rise of 20 points, thus further widening the margin between the two ports while August is 12 points higher.

There is no change of importance to advise in the local markets. Rupee paper has declined to 98 5/16 for settlement under the influence of bear pressure. Sterling exchange is quiet but steady and unchanged. Freight is dull. Antwerp seeds, are reported booked at 10s. 6d. August loading. The Oil seed market is quiet but steady and unchanged. Cotton is a shade steadier, following the rise in American futures, but Mills show no anxiety to increase their spot holdings, and exporters having finished their June shipments are looking on. Business is therefore more or less at a standstill. The estimated stock in Bombay is about 300,000 bales, and with Japan glutted with unsold stocks of East Indian cotton, and the shipments to Europe since 1st October 1905 to date, showing an increase of about 470,000 bales on last year's shipments, it is not easy to foresee any strong demand springing up for the staple unless some unforeseen catastrophe happens to the American growing crop.

EXCHANGE—Tone quiet.

Bank T. T.	...	...	...	1s. 4d.
Bank Demand	...	...	...	1s. 4d.
Credit Bills	3 Months'	Sight	D.A.	1s. 4 7-32d.
Do.	6	do.	do.	11-32d.
French Francs	3	do.	do.	169 3-4
Marks	3	do.	do.	138 3-4
Hongkong	30 Days'	Sight		154
Shanghai	30	do.	do.	214 1-2
Japan	30	do.	do.	150 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1/2 per cent. Tone dull.
Cash ... 98·8
1st Settlement. 31st July ... 98·5
Money Market, Tone,
BANK RATE—

Bank of England	since	21st June	3 1/2	per cent.
Bank of Bombay	do.	21st "	5	do.
Bank of Bengal	do.	28th "	4	do.
Bank of Madras	do.	26th "	5	do.

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	firm
Estimated sales	4,000 bales.
Imports	2,000

June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sep.
5·87	5·81	5·73
plus 6	plus 5	plus 5
Sep.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·64	5·59	5·58
plus 4	plus 4	plus 4
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·58	5·58	5·60
plus 1	plus 3	plus 4

COTTON QUOTATIONS.

OLD CROP—		
M G Nagpur fine	July	Rs. 209
M G Khandeish fully good	"	193
M G K A K fine	"	203
M G Bengals fine	"	196
Sawginned Dharwar good	"	252
Madras Westerns good	"	233
NEW CROP—		
M G Bengals fine	Nov.	Rs. 202
Do. fine	Dec.	199
Do. fine	Jan.	197
M G Dhamangaon fine	"	214
M G Nagpur fine	"	217/18
M G Khandeish fully good	"	209
M G K A K fine	"	210
M G Bengals fully good	"	183
M G Broach good	"	243

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD.

The Local Manager of the Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd., has received telegram from the Head Office at Yokohama that the half yearly profit of the Bank ending June 30th amounts to two millions seven hundred thousand Yens. (about Rs. 4,050,000).

FROM "PUNCH."

A Regicide newspaper published at Belgrade, in a farewell address to the Regicide officers, urges them to "preserve the integrity of their motives for another occasion." This will surely be an even hastier preserve than any emanating from Chicago.

"Tinned Terrors" was the title of Prebendary Carlile's Sunday evening address at St. Mary-at-Hill, and not "Tinned Terriers" as was erroneously announced.

"No matter what a man is, if he takes pride in his work he is an artist," said Mr. G. A. Storey, A.R.A., last week. We have long suspected that some of the members and associates of the Royal Academy had different views from the general public as to what constitutes an artist.

Congratulations to the Rev. S. Baring-Gould, who is doing as well as can be expected after his recent death.

The Lancashire Asylums Board has under consideration a proposal for the creation of villa residences for wealthy lunatics. On the other hand, fresh dinners will still be confined to restaurants.

Good servants are becoming so difficult to obtain that we really cannot blame the American lady who [illegible] she married [illegible]

[illegible]

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM, (the which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

HASTINGS—KENNEDY.—June 30, at the Cathedral by the Venerable the Archdeacon of Bombay W. Holland Hastings, Lieutenant, 82nd Punjabis, son of the late Commander C. H. Hastings, R.N. (retired) to Mary Catherine, eldest daughter of Mr. R. M. Kennedy, L. O. S.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

DE LABILLIERE.—June 25, at Murree, the wife of Captain E. G. D. de Labilliere, 22nd Punjabis, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

JONES—WYLDE.—June 27, at Christ Church, Mount Road, Madras, by the Rev. H. Pegg, Henry Charles Jones, son of Mr. S. Jones, Perambur Works, to Mrs. Mary Jemima Wylde widow of the late Mr. D. Wylde.

DEATHS.

DE LABILLIERE.—June 25, at Murree, Amelia (Amy) Esther Sarah de Labilliere the beloved wife of Captain E. G. D. de Labilliere, 22nd Punjabis.

MILNE.—June 21, at Darjeeling, Geoffrey, aged 2 years and 9 months, the dearly beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Milne.

PATTERSON.—June 24, at Rouri, Eliza, wife of John Patterson, retired Loco. Foreman, N.-W. Ry., of May Bank, Abernethy, Scotland.

KEMP'S
"ONE DAY"
COLD CURE
TABLETS.
A SPEEDY CURE FOR COLDS,
INFLUENZA, ETC.

These Tablets have had an enormous sale in England, and are acknowledged to be the most efficacious remedy yet discovered. We shall be pleased to disclose the formula to any medical man interested.

PRICE PER BOX As. 12.
ONLY FROM
Kemp & Co. Ltd.
THE CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 26m. Sun sets, 6h. 41m. High water, 6-30m., 6-28a. Low water, 0-11m., 0-17a.
Concert and Entertainment, Bombay Education Society's Girls' School, 9-30 p.m.

POLICE NOTICE.—A bag containing clothes, a pair of trowsers, and a dog, have been taken charge of by the Police and await owners.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.—Gentlemen of the special and common jury are required to attend at the High Court this (Tuesday) morning at 11-30 o'clock (Standard Time).

A PARSEE HIGH COURT JUDGE.—Mr. Khursedjee Rustomjee, Barrister-at-law, and a Sessions Judge, has been appointed to act as a Judge of the High Court at Allahabad, from the 17th inst, when two of the Judges of the Court proceed on privilege leave. Mr. Khursedjee will thus have the rare honour of being the first Parsee Judge of an Indian High Court.

A LADY DOCTOR.—A telegram has been received in Bombay stating that Bai Meherbai, a grand-daughter of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, late Member of Parliament, has successfully passed the final Medical Examination at Edinburgh. Bai Manockbai, Mr. Dadabhai's own daughter, who passed the final medical examination several years ago, has been employed for some time in the hospital for females at Jamnagar.

SYMPATHY FOR A MEDICAL MAN.—Much sympathy has been evoked and expressed during the past week for Dr. Temuljee B. Nariman, a well-known Parsee Doctor and head physician of the Parsee Maternity Hospital, for the sudden death of his second son, Mr. Dinshah, in the Red Sea, while on a voyage to England. Dr. Ruttonshah, Dr. Nariman's eldest son, left Bombay on the 15th June in the Italian steamer Dominico Balduino, as medical adviser with a Parsee gentleman who left in the same steamer ; and young Mr. Dinshah also left in the same steamer with a view to visit England. While the vessel was passing through the Red Sea, Mr. Dinshah had a sudden attack of apoplexy and died on board on the Saturday following, and was buried at sea. The vessel reached Suez on Thursday last, on which day Dr. Temuljee received a wire from his eldest son apprising him of the unfortunate occurrence. The deceased, who was 35 years of age, was yarn broker to the firm of Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Company, and leaves behind him a widow, three sons, and a daughter. A touching incident connected with the occurrence is that Mrs. Dinshah was delivered of a third son on the day after her husband's departure from Bombay.

THE COTTON FIRES AT COLABA.

Vigorous Police Precautions.

So frequent have been the Sunday fires recently that yesterday enquiries were made from different quarters of the city whether there were any more cotton blazes yesterday. The recent fires have left such a strong impression that it was curious to hear friends betting amongst themselves, on the possibility as to whether it would be no Sunday. Special measures were adopted to keep a close watch on the cotton go-downs at Colaba by the Bombay Police. Inspectors Jones, Morris, Patterson, Jebb and Stenson, with Sub Inspectors Shaw, Louis, Narayanrao, Cowasji, Sikenderkhan, and [illegible] Inspector Shaikh Ibrahim Shaikh Immam were stationed at different posts at Colaba, and they patrolled in turn the vicinity of the cotton, jute and other go-downs. Besides the usual staff of policemen, there were one hundred more policemen stationed at different quarters at Colaba. Mr. Sloane, Head of the Criminal Investigation Department supervised the work of the men on duty, while Mr. W. L. B. Souter, acting Police Commissioner, and Mr. M. R. Phillips, Deputy Police Commissioner, took turns during the whole of the afternoon. Special arrangements were made to keep a look-out at night, when European officers patrolled the whole of Colaba and all its high-ways and by-ways. Thanks to this plucky arrangement, no fires at Colaba have been heard of.

THE Committee appointed to consider the Punjab Municipal Act with a view to its amendment in several particulars will assemble at Simla this month.

MR. D. ROSS-JOHNSON, says the *Madras Railway Magazine*, has not yet taken over the permanent duties of Secretary to the Indian Railways Conference Association owing to unexpected delay on the part of Government in passing orders on the Resolution of the Conference Association. In the old days this would not have been surprising, but since the advent of the Railway Board we have been led to expect more prompt despatch of important business. One unfortunate result of this delay seems to be that it must inevitably postpone the [illegible] of the [illegible] Committee's Report, which it is [illegible] the [illegible] of the Conference Association.

SIMLA NOTES AND NEWS.

Gymkhana Tennis.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 29.

THE change in the weather which were foreshadowed in last week's letter occurred suddenly and completely. On the night of Saturday the 23rd a sudden thunderstorm broke over the station giving us 3 inches of rain and on Sunday, Monday and Tuesday the weather was such as is characteristic of the monsoon, clouds enveloping the whole of the hills and a steady rain making everything damp. Last Saturday's Gymkhana will consequently probably be the last of the pre-monsoon meetings, as the ground at Annandale is soaking and slippery. The afternoon was a very enjoyable one as the heat was much less than of late and some showers of rain had laid the objectionable dust. The details of the meeting were all more or less amusing. The attempted penning of the sheep was great fun for the audience, but on the whole, less fun for the sheep. Each pair of riders was assigned a sheep, but when the start took place the whole number closed up into a compact little flock, rushed through the railing and up the Khud leaving a little knot of riders cracking their hunting crops, but otherwise quite innocuous. All efforts to get the sheep back on to the course proving ineffective, the event was declared off and the sheep returned to their normal occupation.

After the Gymkhana the assembled crowd surrounded the tennis court where the finals of the Annandale Club tennis tournament were played off; the competing pairs were Major Tulloch and Mrs. Comberlege and Mr. Gamble and Miss Donie. The first set was closely contested and was eventually won by Mr. Gamble and Miss Donie, the score being 9-7. In the second set Major Tulloch and Mrs. Comberlege apparently lost heart and the former pair won by 6-3, the prizes which were presented by Lady Minto, thus going to Mr. Gamble and Miss Donie. In the evening the theatre was filled to overflowing for the fifth and last performance of "Lady Windermere's Fan." The audience was most enthusiastic and after the play the actors and their friends had supper on the stage at which many congratulatory remarks were made on the acting, the management and the whole conduct of this excellent representation. The supper party broke up at 5 a.m. so that although the play was not over until nearly one a.m. a good deal of time was left for these congratulations.

With the arrival of the rains the polo has ceased at Annandale and so also have the tennis afternoons which owing to the steady fine weather have been so numerous this season, and presumably "Bridge," which has been at a heavy discount, will begin to look up again when outdoor amusements have become impossible. On Sunday more or less rain fell all day and Monday was not much better, but in the evening about 300 people turned out to attend the Ball in the Town Hall given by that hospitable Order, the Knights of the Black Heart. The elaborate decoration of the Town Hall has always been a marked feature of these entertainments, and on the present occasion the Knights outdid all their former efforts in this direction. A new room, all red and black, and dotted over with the emblematic black hearts, had been erected within the dancing room of the Town Hall and from a cluster of electric lights in the centre of the roof hung chain upon chain of red roses. The guests, as they arrived were led up to the Grand Master of the Order, Mr. R. A. Gamble ; while on the arrival of the Viceregal Party a procession was formed : the seventeen knights, who are at present in Simla, forming a double line between which Mr. Gamble with Lord and Lady Minto and the Ladies Elliot "processed" up to the dais. Dancing then commenced and, varied by frequent visits to a capital and most elaborate supper, was kept up till 2 a.m. Our most excellent hosts delight in their entertainments to introduce little innovations and changes from the normal order of things. On the present occasion instead of the usual ladies who grace what is ordinarily described as the state set in the Lancers, the partners of His Excellency the Viceroy and of the seven Knights who completed the set, were, with the exception of Lady Minto, all girls, and when the procession to the supper room was formed up to the tune of the "Roast Beef of Old England", His Excellency the Viceroy and the members of the Order filed off each with a blushing debutante on his arm. Tempora mutantur, nos mutamur in illis, but alas for the poor chaperones whose last privileges are thus passing away.

On Tuesday the weather made several more or less ineffective attempts to clear up, so as to permit us to attend the matinee in the afternoon at the Gaiety Theatre. The Theatre was, as is usual in the rains, crowded, and the two small pieces performed viz., "Kitty Clive" and "Two Sharps and a Flat" were well received. Tuesday evening the rain again came on heavily and on Wednesday morning at 8 a.m. the rain gauge recorded a fall of 2·10 inches for the previous 24 hours. The present weather is like the old fashioned monsoons of ten years ago and was most unpromising for Lord Kitchener's second dance, which was given on Wednesday evening, the attendance at which was much interfered with by the steady downpour.

VIN ORDINAIRE.

By The Sampler.

THE TINNED-MEETING.

(*A Newspaper Story of To-day.*)

AH ! a wonderful place is the world, sir,
And within my personal range
There have happened a number of things, sir,
Which I guess you'd admit were strange ;
But the oddest of all I remember—
Yes, it raises my hair up still—
Is the story of how we discovered
Old Mathew Peterkin's will.

He was uncle o' mine, was old Mathew,
And he thought a good deal of me ;
But he left us and struck a big fortune
On the other side of the sea.
When I heard it I wrote him directly,
That over the billows and foam,
He lived on in the heart of his nephew,
Who longed for his sight at home.

Well, he didn't reply to my letter,
And I thought he was most unkind ;
I was anxious beyond all expression
'Bout the state of his health, you mind.
But you try and imagine my feelings—
For a second it stopped my breath—
When I heard in a casual manner
Of old Uncle Mathew's death !

Then I went for the best information,
But the news I received was bad :
There was nothing en route from Chicago
To cheer up this sorrowing lad.
Not a trace of a will was discovered,
[illegible]
It appeared as if dear Uncle Mathew
Had altered his mind, you see.

I'll admit it was most disappointing,
And with me just then times were hard :
I could barely provide enough victuals,
And both mutton and beef were barr'd.
But an Englishman's heart was within me,
And, when I had something to pawn,
I would feast like a prince on dry bread, sir,
And tinned American brawn.

Well, one night (Lor ! this wants some slow music)
I was packing that brawn inside,
When I bit into something that felt, sir,
As made of an animal's hide.
I examined that lot, and, believe me,
Screwed tightly, and looking like fat,
Was the one thing on earth that I wanted—
The will of my Uncle Mat !

You would like to know how it all happened ?
Ah ! it starts a lump in my throat.
The old man had the will in his pocket,
And somebody collared his coat.
All the rest of the details are missing,
But now that I'm set up in cash,
Sooner than tackle American brawn
I'll swallow coffee-shop hash !

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S PROPHECY.

Elections that loom in the Spring,
Tra la,
Breathe promise of fun in the air,
And a trip to the country's a thing,
Tra la,
Which we in the [illegible] bring,
Tra la,
Ourselves [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

—*The World.*

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Big Ships at Manchester.

THE "DASH OF BURTON."

LONDON, JUNE 15.

THE Anchor liner Australia recently loaded a general cargo for Bombay at No. 8 Dock, Manchester, and it is announced that the Circassia, of the same line will follow her on the berth at the beginning of this month. The Circassia is the largest steamer ever sent to Manchester by the Anchor line, her registered tonnage being 7,183 gross and 4,652 net, length over all 450 ft., breadth 55 ft., and depth 30 ft. The number of very large steamers using the canal in connection with the services of the Federal-Houlder-Shire, Leyland, Lamport and Holt, Manchester, Elders and Fyffes, Anchor, Prince, Larrinaga, and other lines is rapidly increasing, and with it the demand for dry-dock accommodation for painting and general repairs. The Dry Docks Company has generally one or more steamers waiting at its jetties for accommodation in the graving dock or on the pontoon, and shipowners will welcome the opening of the second dry dock which the Company is constructing at Old Trafford. The excavation and walls are practically finished, and the floor of the basin is being put in. It is, we understand, expected that the dock will be ready for use early in the autumn.

"The problem that Lancashire has to consider," say Messrs. Haywood and Co., of Liverpool, "is that of local supplies—whether they will be sufficient or deficient." They calculate the consumption this season as 3,100,000 bales, "leaving spinners with the stock that they carried over last year to cover the business which they have taken against autumn sales." Some people consider that with discounts facing them spinners will fall back on their stocks for the next three months, but Messrs. Haywood "do not think that this will be the policy" as Liverpool does not receive any material portion of the new crop much before the middle of October, and the danger attendant on using up suitable cotton to be replaced hazard in face of the strength of the Southern market is too great to be lightly entertained." If, then, the spinner dare not rely on new-crop purchases he must use up the Liverpool stock, and Messrs. Haywood expect that with outgoings of some 700,000 bales for home use and export during the next twelve weeks the stock will be practically dependent upon what may yet be bought in America for a surplus on the 31st August this year."

It is still thought at the various wool manufacturing centres, and especially at Bradford, that the increased shipments from Australia and New Zealand will be easily absorbed by the trade, even at the present very high level of values. This view of the situation may prove to be correct, but there is no mistake about the increase. The usual Dalgety cablegram states that for the first eleven months of the present wool year, up to May 31, the export from Australia amounted to 1,413,000 bales, and from New Zealand to 400,000 bales. Together these shipments showed an increase of no fewer than 255,000 bales as compared with the wool year 1904-5. The cablegram do not inform us how much of this increase belongs to Australia, but probably it is not less than 245,000 bales. The previous year's increase from Australasia amounted to 225,000 bales, and if at the end of this month, when the wool year closes, the increase reaches 265,000 bales, the increase in the annual shipments in the short space of two years will be 490,000 bales. Nor is this all, for in the opinion of competent judges the season in Australia is proving so favourable that during the approaching wool year the increase from Australia alone will not be less than 300,000 bales, which would bring the total shipments from the Commonwealth to over 1,700,000 bales, or 100,000 bales more than they ever were before the drought. The Australian exports of wool during the wool year 1903-4 were worth about £11,000,000, but if present values are maintained (which is of course very doubtful) the exports next year will be worth about 225,000,000. Moreover, fair increases are expected from both South Africa and South America.

An Alexandria correspondent, writing recently says that a proposal is made in "Egyptian Cotton" for holding a cotton show at Alexandria. It is suggested that the show might be under the auspices of the Alexandria General Produce Association, and October and November are regarded as suitable months for the purpose. The principal object would be to exhibit to Egyptian cotton-growers what is being done in other parts of the world in cotton cultivation. Merchants in Alexandria could of course easily obtain representative samples from the United States, India, the Soudan, and so on to form an interesting and instructive exhibition. The British Cotton growing Association would perhaps participate by providing exhibits from Nigeria, Lagos, and elsewhere. Ginning, spinning, weaving, and agricultural machinery could and indeed ought to be also on exhibit, and manufacturers would doubtless gladly embrace the opportunity of showing their productions. Opinions are being canvassed on the suggestion. One that naturally suggests itself is that as October and November are tourist months there should be a section of Egyptian exhibits, and one as extensive as any.

Shareholders concerned in the big brewery amalgamation scheme should certainly not rush hastily to a decision on proposals of such importance. Briefly stated, the scheme provides that Salt & Co. and the Burton Brewery shall sell their undertakings, subject to certain mortgages, to a trust company for 87,300*l*. in cash and 1,182,416*l*. in securities—debentures, income bonds, preference shares, preferred ordinary shares, and ordinary shares. This trust company will lease the undertakings to the Allsopp Company for certain term at a rental of 70,000*l*., a sinking fund of 7,500*l*. commencing in 1909, and certain additional cash payment prior to 1901 to be raised out of certain special assets. These sums and the sinking fund are calculated to repay all mortgages and the loan and preference share capital of the trust company by the end of the lease, when Allsopps will become the absolute owners. There is also a provision for the payment of a further 10,000*l*. a year to provide dividends on the ordinary capital of the trust company when the profits of Allsopps permit. These data are obviously insufficient to enable the shareholders to come to a decision, and it is hoped that much fuller details will be furnished when the official communication of the scheme is issued to them. The last report of the Allsopp Company, made up to June 30th 1905, showed that the business had been run at a loss. Seeing that another June 30th is near at hand, it would be very desirable to know how the company has fared during the year just closing.

In spite of all the talk as to another Russian loan, it is not quite as bad as that. There does seem some foundation, however, for the statement that the Russian Government, having to pay a heavy shipbuilding bill in Glasgow, prefers to do so not in cash, but in paper, in securities valued at a low price. These securities, of course, have to be negotiated by the Glasgow shipbuilders, who require cash not Russian bonds, to maintain their castles on the Argyllshire lochs. Thus there appears to be, in effect, a small Russian loan, issued without a prospectus. The two principal prospectuses before the public at the moment are Thornycroft's and Stutchbury's. The puff preliminary has been published in one of the newspapers of an issue of mortgage bonds by the Central Railway Company of Canada, which is going to extend through the important cities of Stratford, London, and St. Thomas, from Midland to Montreal. It is bold thus coolly to set out in competition with the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific, but we shall know more of the matter when the prospectus really appears. Thornycroft's prospectus offers debentures which may or may not be a fair speculative investment, but they would be entitled to a more flattering reception if the document had frankly stated, instead of hiding the fact, that the dividends paid by the company have recently suffered severe decline. The decline might have been explained, but it ought not to have been ignored. Stutchbury's prospectus, on the other hand, is strangely frank. It invites subscriptions to preference and ordinary shares to enable the purchase of the business of [illegible] Stutchbury, & Co. Japanese merchants, and the directors are evidently not quite sure as to whether the [illegible] the distribution of a dividend on the ordinary shares. They [illegible] that with the [illegible] of the new [illegible] company will be able to pay substantial dividends [illegible] the vendors themselves [illegible] a five per cent. commission for underwriting the preference shares, and the ordinary shares are not underwritten at all.

EMPIRE DAY TEACHING.

Lessons for Children of British Subjects.

AN IMPERIAL CATECHISM.

THE Empire Day movement, of which the Earl of Meath is the instigator and leader, was shown on in England to have attained world-wide force and popularity. But the demonstrations of that day are no more than an emblem of the serious influence and teaching of the movement, which is meant to be continuous. Empire Day's various displays should indicate, as they certainly did last month, the growth and progress of the movement during the preceding year. As to the nature of this continuous teaching, which those who have charge of the young should never neglect, extensive details have already been made public. Many of these have now been most happily embodied in an Empre Day Catechism, copies of which may be obtained, post free, for four pence a dozen from Lord Meath, 83, Lancaster-gate, London, W.

The following represent the gist of the catechism; it should be cut out and preserved by all teachers of the young. Naturally, it is intended for the use and instruction of British subjects :—

Query.—What is your relation to the British Empire?
Answer.—I am a subject of King Edward VII., and a citizen of the British Empire.

Q.—What is the full title of King Edward VII. ?
A.—His most Excellent Majesty, Edward VII., by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of all the British Dominions beyond the seas, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Q.—What do you mean by the British Empire ?
A.—That portion of the earth's land surface which is subject to the authority of King Edward VII.

Q.—What is the extent in square miles of the British Empire ?
A.—About 12 million square miles (12,000,000 sq. m.) ; of these only 121,000 square miles are in the United Kingdom.

Q.—What proportion of the earth's surface does the British Empire cover ?
A.—About one-fifth or 21 per cent.

Q.—How does the extent of the British Empire compare with that of other countries ?
A.—The extent of the British Empire is greater than that of any other State. The nations outside the British Empire possessing the largest extent of territory are :—Russia, 8,000,000 square miles ; United States, 3,623,000 square miles ; Brazil, 3,220,000.

Q.—What is the number of the subjects of King Edward VII. ?
A.—About 400 millions (400,000,000). Of these only about 43 millions (43,000,000) live in the United Kingdom.

Q.—What proportion of the inhabitants of the earth are the subjects of King Edward VII. ?
A.—About one-fifth, or about 22 per cent.

Q.—How does the population of the British Empire compare with that of the most populated countries outside the Empire ?
A.—The population of the British Empire is about equal to that of China, and more numerous than that of any other country. The most populated countries outside the Empire are :—China, with about 4,000,000 people ; Russia, with about 130,000,000 people ; United States, 84,000,000 people.

Q.—In how many continents is the earth divided ?
A.—Into five : Europe, Asia, Africa, America, [and Australasia.

Q.—In how many of these continents are proportions of the British Empire to be found ?
A.—In all five.

Q.—What is the extent of the British Empire in square miles in each continent ?
A.—In America over 4,000,000 of square miles, in Australasia over 3,000,000 of square miles, in Africa over 2,000,000 of square miles, in Europe about 122,000 square miles.

Q.—What are the numbers of the subjects of King Edward in each continent ?
A.—In Asia about 300,000,000, in Africa about 43,000,000, in Europe about 43,000,000, in America about 7,500,000, in Australasia about 5,000,000.

Q.—The inhabitants of the earth vary in race, and in the colour of their skin. Amongst how many of these races and colours are the subjects of King Edward to be found ?
A.—Amongst all. Of these about 54,000,000 are white and 344,000,000 coloured. [To this might well be added some information regarding the great work of administration of British rule, and the fine results in the way of equitable distribution of population which may be attained by means of judicious emigration within the Empire.]

Q.—The inhabitants of the earth belong to many religions. To how many of these religions do the subjects of King Edward belong ?
A.—To all.

Q.—What was the value of the total trade of the British Empire in the year 1904 ?
A.—Thirteen hundred and five million pounds (£1,305,283,000), of which 73·3 per cent. was with foreign countries, and 26·7 per cent. between different parts of the Empire. [Reference might be made here to the influences which make for the growth of inter-Empire trade, and its great importance to our race, and to the strength of the Empire.]

Q.—What is the amount of tonnage of steam and sailing vessels owned by the Empire ?
A.—The Empire owns 9,426,493 tons of steamships, and 2,729,608 tons of sailing vessels, total, 12,156,101 tons. About half the shipping of the world. [Here reference might well be made to the growth of mercantile shipping within and without the Empire ; its vital importance to the Empire, and the recent competitive, and more rapid growth of foreign shipping.]

Q.—What is the annual revenue of the British Empire?
A.—About two hundred and fifty million pounds (£250,000,000).

Q.—How is the British Empire governed ?
A.—Different portions are governed in Different ways. Some portions like the United Kingdom, the Canadian Dominion, the Australian Commonwealth, New Zealand, Cape Colony, Natal, and Newfoundland, are self-governing ; others are partly self-governed, and partly governed by officials appointed by the British Government ; and others again, like India are governed by officials appointed by the Home Government ; but all acknowledge allegiance to the King-Emperor.

Q.—What are the duties of British subjects towards their Sovereign ?
A.—To honour and obey him.

Q.—Why is it the duty of British subjects to honour and obey the King ?
A.—Because King Edward VII. represents the majesty and honour of the Empire, and because, as a constitutional Sovereign he has sworn to uphold the laws and to govern his subjects with justice and equity.

Q.—What are the duties of a citizen of the British Empire ?
A.—To cultivate feelings of affection for all who owe allegiance to the King-Emperor ; so to live as never to bring reproach on the Empire of which he is a citizen ; to prepare himself by every means in his power for the furtherance of its just interest, and irrespective of class, creed, or colour, to advance to the best of his power the welfare of his fellow-citizens, whether in peace or in war.

Q.—Why should a citizen of the British Empire owe duties to the State ?
A.—Because citizens of the British Empire enjoy privileges and an amount of personal liberty and freedom unsurpassed by those enjoyed by the citizen of any other State in the world, and, therefore, owe a debt of gratitude to the Empire which protects them in the enjoyment of these unrivalled privileges, liberty, and freedom.

Q.—What is the "Empire Day" movement ?
A.—An organised effort throughout the King-Emperor's dominions to impress on all British subjects the importance of cultivating the virtues which tend toward good citizenship, such as loyalty, patriotism, courage, endurance, respect for and obedience to authority, to encourage self-sacrifice in the public interest and to instil into all, but especially into the rising generation, an uncompromising belief in the sacredness of the trust imposed on British subjects by the responsibilities of Empire, and a determination, if possible, never to fail in the fulfilment of duty.

Q.—By whom should the "Empire Day" movement be promoted ?
A.—By every British subject.

Q.—What is the meaning of "Empire Day" ?
A.—May 24 is annually observed throughout the Dominions of the King-Emperor as the outward sign of the "Empire Day" movement.

May 24 is the anniversary of the birthday of the late good Queen Victoria, during whose long reign of 60 years the Empire grew to its present vast dimensions, as year by year her people increased in health, strength, numbers, wealth, and happiness.

Q.—What are the "watchwords" of the "Empire Day" movement ?
A.—"Responsibility, duty, self-sacrifice."

Q.—What is the "motto" of the "Empire Day" movement ?
A.—"One King, One Flag, One Fleet, One Empire."

Q.—What is the name of the British National Flag ?
A.—The "Union Jack."

Q.—Why is it called the "Union Jack" ?
A.—Because it is composed of [illegible] of the English, Scotch, and Irish national [illegible]—the Crosses of St. George, St. Andrew, and St. Patrick.

Q.—[illegible] Union Jack [illegible] Empire Day, May 24 ?
A.—Yes, certainly, from all public buildings, and [illegible] towers and [illegible] and the Red Ensign from private buildings.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

The depression in the United Provinces, intensified very slightly at its centre today near Allahabad. Neither of the monsoon currents are very strong at present. The rainfall over the depression has not been heavy and no large development is likely. The pressure gradients are somewhat less favourable for Gujarat and Rajputana, on the Burma coast the rainfall has been local, but in the interior it has diminished materially only a few falls having been reported. The chief amounted to : Tavoy two and a half inches and Toungoo one. The skies are still moderately to heavily overcast. In North East India the rainfall has been nearly general except in South West Bengal ; Cherrapoonjee reports a fall of five and a half inches, Gauhati one and a half, Dhubri one, Darjeeling and Berhampore [illegible], Patna, Gaya and Dharbhanga one. The skies remain heavily overcast in the United Provinces, the extreme East of the Punjab, East Central India has been nearly general rain and in the Central Provinces local rain. The chief amounts have been at Benares, two inches, Cawnpore Jhansi and Nowgong, one ; Satna, three ; Jubbulpore, one ; and Pendra, three. In all these areas the sky is heavily overcast.

On the West Coast the precipitation has increased in amount and has been fairly general, while on the Circars Coast it has been local, Ratnagiri reporting a fall of two inches ; Karwar, Calicut and Cocanada, one. The skies are still moderately too heavily overcast over the peninsula.

Nearly general rain is probable in North-East India, the Eastern half of the United Provinces, East Central India, the West Coast, local rain in Burma, Orissa, the Central Sub-Himalayas, the Central Provinces and the Circars Coast, while some rain is possible in the Deccan.

The pressure at Mauritius has fallen and is in very large defect at Zanzibar and the Seychelles. The barometer has risen but is still in defect. The winds are slightly above the average strength at Zanzibar and the Seychelles, while the rainfall again in defect at the former station is in slight excess at the latter. The prospects indicated by these conditions appear on the whole, favourable especially for the Bombay monsoon.

	Bycalla In.	Cts.	Esplanade In.	Cts.	Worli In.	Cts.	Colaba In.	Cts.
Previously registered	12	63	13	01	13	27	14	[illegible]
Sunday, 28th July 1906	0	52	0	40	0	45	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	13	15	13	41	13	72	15	[illegible]
Total fall to 1st June '05	9	[illegible]	9	50	9	40	10	14
Total fall to 1st June '04	19	[illegible]	20	63	[illegible]	[illegible]	15	[illegible]

OBSERVATION TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON SATURDAY, JUNE 30TH.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has decreased everywhere, the fall having been brisk at Allahabad, Cawnpore, Saugor, Jubbulpore and Raipur.

Winds are easterly or south-easterly on the Malabar Coast and at Mormugao and south-westerly to northwesterly elsewhere. The force has been strong to a gale in Gujarat, Lower Sind, Central India and at Sangor, Poona, Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Belgaum.

Temperature.—The greatest variations are :—Maximum 5° to 13° in defect of normal in Berar, at most stations in the Central and United Provinces and Deesa, Malegaon and Masulipatam and 5° to 7° in excess at Negapatam ; minimum 10° in defect at Delhi. The highest temperature in the shade was 117° at Jacobabad and the lowest 66° at Bangalore.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy to overcast over nearly the whole country.

Rain.—Twenty-six stations report rain, the heaviest falls being 2·85 at Delhi, 1·32 at Raipur and 1·23 at Agra.

Weather conditions though rather weak promise passing showers in the Bombay Presidency.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

MR. BALFOUR ON BOOKS.

Lord Curzon and Palaces of Desultory Indolence.

MR. BALFOUR presided at the 65th annual meeting of the members of the London Library, St. James' square, London.

In moving the adoption of the report, he congratulated the members on the continued prosperity and the growing usefulness of the institution. He was not sure that there was any parallel to it in the rest of the world but certainly it had no parallel in this country.

It did not pretend to compete with the ordinary lending libraries which spread the current literature of the day among all sections of the community ; it had different objects altogether. It existed for the benefit of those who desired to have at their command the literature of all ages and countries and to have it easily accessible. Even the British Museum was in some departments behind the library.

He trusted that it would never descend to cater for the legitimate but ephemeral tastes which were satisfied by other institutions. What the library existed for was in the main to supply the student with all that required for carrying on his work.

Mr. Balfour went on to refer to the "Herculean task" which the secretary had undertaken of making a catalogue of the quarter of a million works in the library according to subject. The value of such a catalogue would be incalculable.

Lord Curzon emphasized what Mr. Balfour had said as to the special work of the library. It was a most valuable thing that here, in the heart of London, within a stone's throw of those palaces of desultory indolence, the clubs of Pall Mall, where people were always asking for books which they could never obtain, and within easy distance of the public offices, there should exist such a quiet retreat as this to which the serious-minded pilgrim could turn aside for the pursuit of serious things.

Journalists used the library in the production of those articles which provided us with our political opinions at the breakfast table—(laughter)—and here politicians came to engage in the difficult task of reconciling the pledges they made at elections with their subsequent performance, and here came every class of literary worker, male and female, young and old, who were concerned in what he regarded as one of the greatest assets of our nation, namely, the [illegible] literary power of the country.

So impressed was he with the utility of the institution that while in India he created at Calcutta an institution which combined the advantages of this library and the reading-room of the British Museum.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. on Saturday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	3
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	0	0	13
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	[illegible]	0	11
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	1	1	20
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, [illegible] Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	1	1	[illegible]
F Parel, [illegible] and Sion	0	0	[illegible]
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	[illegible]
Water Division	0	0	[illegible]
Non-resident and Unknown	0	0	[illegible]
Hospitals	0	2	[illegible]
Total	3	[illegible]	101
Same date last year	14	9	

SMALL-POX.

Attacks.	Deaths.
1	nil.

CHOLERA.

Attacks.	Deaths.
	10

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	[illegible]
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	0	1	[illegible]
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
E [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
F [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
G [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Water Division	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Non-resident and Unknown	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hospitals	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

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IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT AT A MEETING to be held in August the SYNDICATE will proceed to make appointments to the various University Examinerships for the current year, when they will be glad to consider any applications that may have been forwarded to the Undersigned not later than THURSDAY, the 19th July. If any of the applicants are themselves going up for any University Examination this year they are requested to state so in their applications. Forms of application for, and particulars with regard to, the Examinerships may be obtained on application to this Office.

By Order,
FARDUNJI M. DASTUR,
University Registrar.

UNIVERSITY OFFICE,
BOMBAY, 30TH JUNE, 1906.

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"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE,"
LIMITED.

"The Bombay Gazette" having been reduced in price, the accounts of Subscribers who have paid in advance, will be adjusted for the period subsequent to the 30th June 1906, according to the Scale shown in the Business Notice which appears on page 2 of this issue.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

⁂ All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, JULY 2, 1906.

A NEW PAPER WITH AN OLD NAME.

The *Bombay Gazette* has changed hands and this morning's issue marks the opening of a new chapter in its long and useful career. The *Gazette* and its business have been purchased by an influential syndicate of local gentlemen, public men, who believe that the time has come when the English-reading people of this presidency—Native as well as European—should have a high-class daily newspaper at a price well within their means. The present system of hiring a paper for an hour in a morning is obsolete and unworthy the educated people of the Twentieth Century. The people must have a newspaper of their own, to read, and to study, and to keep. Without this they can never hope to form an independent and intelligent judgment on current events, much less to make that progress towards popular representation and self-government to which they aspire. From to-day, therefore, they are offered not merely an old-established journal, which has hitherto been sold at four times the price, but a larger, an improved newspaper, up to date in all its branches, and moreover the brightest, the most readable and the cheapest daily newspaper in the East. The *Bombay Gazette*, which now appears in a new form, as is well known to journalists and those who take an interest in the Story of the Past, is the oldest newspaper in Western India, perhaps in the Indian Empire. Its Centenary was celebrated fifteen years ago; for the *Gazette* made its first appearance in 1791—eleven years after *Hickey's Gazette*, the earliest newspaper in this country, was issued in Calcutta. When the *Bombay Gazette* was born two other journals were already in the field—the *Bombay Herald*, then two years old, and the *Bombay Courier* which had seen twelve months of life. The former died in its infancy; whilst the latter carried on the fight for supremacy, and only ceased to exist as a separate publication in 1847. Who the original proprietors were is not clear, but the journal was run for the express purpose of supporting the Government and was long known as an official organ, having in 1792 the exclusive patronage of Government. Later the *Courier* became the favourite of officialdom and continued to be so until Government started its own official *Gazette* in 1822. In 1810, we learn from a blue-book, the *Bombay Gazette* was transferred from a Mr. Macklin to Mr. Fearon. It was in the hey-day of popularity then, and we find in an old record an account of the death from cholera, at Poona, of its editor, Mr. Adolphus Pope, in 1821, after just completing a term of office as Sheriff of Bombay—an honour which has very seldom been conferred upon a journalist. Later, in the time of Mr. Fair, the journal indulged in freer comments than were appreciated in high places and in 1826, or thereabouts, Mr. Fair was pounced upon by the Press Censor and deported, in consequence of an article which gave umbrage to the then Recorder of Bombay, Sir Edward West. In the early half of the last century the *Gazette* gave its support to the Missionary movement, among whose pioneers was the late Dr. Wilson. His attack on the Parsi religion caused great indignation in that community and brought down the execrations of many local writers who condemned the *Bombay Gazette* for encouraging the reverend Doctor in his work. When the first two Parsi converts were announced—one of them the Rev. Dhunjibhoy Nauroji, who is still alive—the *Gazette* defended and justified Dr. Wilson, and in the subsequent litigation which arose, the *Gazette* was his staunch supporter. So bitterly was its attitude resented that the Parsi community boycotted the *Gazette*. This action continued until 1840, when on the *Gazette* changing hands it expressed itself perfectly free and unbiassed and entirely unrestrained by the opinions of its late conductors. Not long after this the name of the paper was changed to *The Gentleman's Gazette*, but a year later it was again reconstructed, and the old title restored, Mr. John Connon coming out from home to take charge of it. In 1851 he became sole proprietor, subsequently accepting the appointment of Chief Presidency Magistrate and devoting himself to charitable and educational works, a monument of which is to be found in the John Connon school, on the Esplanade and now under the control of the Presbyterian body of this city. In 1859 Mr. Maclean came out to act as Editor for Mr. Connon, but relinquished his post after a year. Mr. Connon resumed the work for a time but in 1868 sold the concern to Messrs. Maclean and Sharman. The former gentleman started the *Bombay Saturday Review*, which after a brief, but successful career, was reincorporated with the *Gazette* from which it sprang. During the proprietorship of Mr. Maclean the journal exercised a powerful influence on local politics, and took a prominent part in directing the interests of the people at one of the most important epochs in local history. It brought about the reconstruction of the Bank of Bombay and was to a great extent instrumental in effecting the changes in the general disposition of the Fort, in which work Sir Bartle Frere took such a lively personal interest. In preparing the public mind for the great changes which were brought about Mr. Maclean had the assistance of Sir Bartle Frere, then Governor, Sir Alexander Grant, Mr. Anstey, Mr. Lockwood Kipling, Sir George Birdwood and many other gifted writers, who left an indelible mark on the character of the journal. Mr. Maclean helped to found the Bombay Municipal Corporation, in whose deliberations he took great interest, and for some years he was one of its members. Mr. Grattan Geary who purchased the *Gazette* from Mr. Maclean was also an active Corporator and was at one time President of the enlarged Municipal body. After the death of Mr. Geary the *Gazette* remained the sole property of his widow, under whom the journal continued its career of public utility. And thus for over a hundred years the *Bombay Gazette* pursued a consistent and straightforward course, according to the lights of its successive conductors. It has been subscribed to by every Viceroy and Governor, and every prominent Civil and Military official in India, by every important Native State, as well as every prominent merchant, banker, financier and professional man; and by every Government in Europe and America. It is known in all quarters of the Globe and it can still repeat its time-honoured boast, that in influence it is second to no journal in the Empire.

So much for the Past. It is the Future which now concerns us. Let it be understood at once that the free and independent character of the *Bombay Gazette* will be strictly maintained. It is allied to no party and to no particular section of the community. Before it, as before the Law, all are equal. It may, hitherto, have found its way, principally, into the hands of the wealthy. In future it will reach the hands of every English reading man and woman, rich and poor, in the British Empire. No home will be complete without it. Its conductors will render it indispensable. So far as its general policy is concerned it will remain unaltered. It recognises the claims of no political organisation and will support no measure, and no movement, which it does not believe calculated to secure the best interests of the people of this country—Native as well as European—the presence of both of which it considers necessary to the welfare of India and essential to the Peace, Progress and Prosperity of the Empire. The *Gazette* will ever aim at promoting harmony between Rulers and Ruled. All parties will receive Fair Play; and whatever may be the views the journal may take, and express in its editorial columns, any individual subject of the realm, able to write English intelligibly, will be granted liberty to challenge those views and to ventilate his own opinions. In all departments of journalistic work the *Gazette* will endeavour to secure the truth and to tell it,—with proper regard for personal rights and for the ordinary human claims of privacy,—and however much the reader may differ from its arguments, or however inaccurate he may think the story of current events, he will be treated as an honourable opponent, and given the opportunity of disputing statements, endeavouring to disprove assertions and to contest arguments.

The *Bombay Gazette* pins its faith to the Imperialist idea, which recognizes all political parties; for its conductors are persuaded of the advantages of Imperial Brotherhood, not only as regards India but the whole of the vast Empire, which flourishes under the Union Jack. They are convinced that the great object of all His Majesty's subjects, in every part of the world, should be to make fast the bonds of unity, which are beginning to increase in strength, and to maintain the glory and prosperity which all British subjects have hitherto enjoyed. As was well said, only the other day, it is the duty of the people of all British territories and dependencies to get into closer communication with each other and with the Mother Country. "We have to depend on each other in adversity as well as in prosperity. We have to sympathise with each other's ambitions. We have to take as our motto 'One for all, and all for each' and, when we have done that, there is no nation, however strong, however powerful, there is no nation on the face of the earth, that can make us afraid." As to the journal's dealing with Native aspirations—and having that great object in view—it will do all it can towards promoting friendly feelings between the various sections of the Indian people and between them and European sojourners in their country. Lord Dufferin's farewell words to the people of Calcutta will ever be kept in mind: "What can I say to you, Europeans and Natives alike, but this? Whatever you do, live in unity and concord and good fellowship with each other. Fate has united both races in a community of interests, and neither can do without the other. Therefore, again I say, co-operate with each other in a generous and genial spirit." Fully convinced of the wisdom of this counsel the *Gazette* will adopt it as the basis of its treatment of Indian questions. It will encourage all efforts in the direction of social and moral reform; all attempts to develop the resources of the country by the employment of Native capital, and every movement which has for its object the intellectual and material elevation of the people. As the real affinities of the people are with Europe and the Future, not with India and the Past, every effort will be made to induce the people to see eye to eye with the *Gazette* in these things. It is wedded to such principles as these, and with a determination to preach them energetically and consistently, that the oldest journal in Western India in its new form makes a confident appeal for support. The conductors are asking themselves a big question, in reducing the price as has been done, but they have an abiding assurance that the successes which the past has achieved for the journal will be multiplied in the future.

BOMBAY'S FIRST PRINTING PRESS. At this important juncture in the history of the *Gazette* it is not out of place to recall the circumstances under which the first printing-press was established in Bombay Island. The tale is of more than passing interest, inasmuch as it shows that only five years after Humphrey Cooke took possession of the Fort and Island from the Portuguese Lady of the Manor, there was what in modern parlance we should describe as an antiquarian and literary movement afoot among the sparse native population. The birth of a properly-organized body for the discovery and publication of the written wisdom of the East has rightly been ascribed to Sir James Mackintosh, "the man of promise," who founded the Literary Society of Bombay, known to us in these later years as the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society. But in view of the latter, of which we subjoin an extract, written on the 9th January, 1670, we must perforce conclude that the first appearance of the literary spirit synchronized almost precisely with the cession of the island by the Portuguese and with the by no means inconsiderable immigration of natives of India which characterized the early years of British Dominion. The letter in question was addressed by the Deputy-Governor and Council of Bombay to the Court of Directors in London and runs as follows:—"Bimgee Parrack (Parakh) makes his humble request to you that you would please to send out an able Printer to Bombay, for that he hath a curiosity and earnest inclination to have some of the Brahminy writings in Print: and for the said Printer's encouragement he is willing to allow him £50 sterling a year for three years and also to be at the charges of tooles and instruments necessary for him. And in case that will not be sufficient he humbly refers it to your Prudence to agree with the sayd Printer according as you shall see good, and promises to allow what you shall enorder. 'Tis not improbable that this curiosity of his may tend to a common good, and by the industry of some searching spirits produce discoverys out of those or other ancient manuscripts of these parts which may be useful or at least gratefull to Posterity."

The precise identity of Bimgee Parakh has been lost behind the shadow-curtain of Time; but one is tempted to believe that he was perchance a kinsman of the famous Nima Parakh, who voyaged with his family from Diu in 1677 and formed with them the vanguard of that vast company of merchants which has invaded our island during the course of the last two centuries and a half. It is surely possible that the reports which Bimgee despatched to his home from Bombay were partly responsible for Nima Parakh's express desire "to settle with his family and trade on the island of Bombay, from the fame which he hath heard of the Honourable Company's large commerce, upright dealing, justice and moderation to all persons that live under the shadow of their Government." The letter of request for the printer who was to save "the Brahminy writings" from oblivion, set forth upon its long journey by land and sea, and, reaching London after many months, was warmly welcomed by the Directors, who replied on the 3rd April, 1674, that they had "engaged Mr. Henry Hills as Printer for the Island of Bombay at a salary of £50 per annum and had despatched him in one of their ships with a printing press, type, and a considerable quantity of paper." The whole cost of the business was, they added, to be charged to Bhimgee. But whereas the Bania's sole object was the publication and conservation of the ancient scriptures of the East, the Directors, who were deeply imbued with the religious sentiments of Puritan England, discerned in Bhimgee's proposal a chance to bring their own scriptures to the notice of the dusky thousands of Bombay, and openly stated in a subsequent despatch of March the 8th, 1676, that:—"We should gladly hear Bimgee's design about the printing do take effect, that it may be a means to propagate our religion whereby souls may be gained as well as estates." On Mr. Hills' arrival, Bhimgee suffered some disappointment; for the type which the former brought with him was, like himself, purely Western; and apparently, though a skilled printer, he was far from being a founder. In consequence, though presumably many a document in the English language was issued from the press, the ancient puranas and treatises, so dear to Bhimgee, remained as before in the form of roughly-strung collections of palm-leaves or sparse manuscripts in the handwriting of a Brahman priest. But the Directors realized that the religious love of the Gentus or Gentiles might possess an antiquarian, if not a spiritual, value; and on the 15th March, 1678, about eight years after Bhimgee had made his first request, they decided to send out a type-founder "to cut the Banian letters."

At this point, the story of this, the earliest known printing-press in Bombay, comes to an abrupt close. We know not whether the type-founder was successful or whether any of Bhimgee's cherished manuscripts were perpetuated in new form, for the records are silent; and this perhaps is due to the fact that the political horizon of Bombay began about this date to be sadly overcast, and our President and his Council were forced to pay more attention to the evil practices of the Portuguese and the *petamars* of Angria than to the possibility of progress in the publication of Hindu literature. Yet, notwithstanding the sudden disappearance of the Bania from the stage, he will ever be remarkable as the pioneer of printing and literary effort in Bombay. Later years witnessed the birth of a *Bombay Gazette*, a *Courier*, a *Chabuk*, and many another journal with its own press and premises; and they witnessed also the labours of those, both European and Native of India, who jointly unlocked the portals hiding the hoary wisdom of the East from Western minds. The work still goes on; and each succeeding year finds a fresh gang of workers in the almost limitless field which Bhimgee Parakh set himself to plough more than two hundred years ago, with the help of a single English printer on £50 a year. Let us then pay a passing tribute to his memory, whenever we muse upon the vast volume of the archeological and literary publications, which are among the finest fruits of England's connection with this historic Isle.

THE painting of H. M. King Edward which has been obtained for Ceylon, to be hung in the Legislative Council Chamber, will be despatched from London shortly.

ACCORDING to a recent estimate of the world's total diamond production, India has produced 10,000,000 carats, Brazil 12,000,000 carats, and Africa 57,000,000 carats.

MARQUIS Ito, whilst travelling by train from Anyang to Seoul, was, according to a special message from Hong-kong to the *Times of Ceylon*, stoned. A native was arrested. The motive for the assault is believed to be political.

THE *Madras Railway Magazine* for the current month publishes a short account of the Avadi Poonamallee Steam Railway, with two excellent illustrations of passenger cars and goods vehicles drawn by ponies.

THERE are not many among our planting community [illegible] with [illegible] the *Indian Mail*, and even the small band who have stuck to the old product have had their faith considerably shaken of late, owing to the destruction by caterpillars of some 600 acres in the K[illegible] District and of 150 near Kepong.

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CUPID AT THE SEASIDE.

BY

EDWIN PUGH.

"Love," says a certain gay philosopher, "is an insane desire on the part of one man to provide for another man's daughter."

But it is plain that the flippant fellow had never gone holiday-making at a popular watering-place with only three or four pounds in his pocket to carry him through the fortnight, or he would have known that love can exist in the heart of a man without any such desire having the least part in it.

And such love is—not infrequently—the sort that we fall into, and out of again, in the interval between that ecstatic morning when we pack up our traps to start on our vocation and that other, melancholy evening, two weeks later, when we pack them up again to return to work.

For, unfortunately, love is as much a luxury to many of us as a holiday is, and we could not indulge in either if we reflected too seriously on the consequences. Therefore, those of us who are poor must be young also if we would derive any real enjoyment from a plunge into the bright, treacherous waters of love. Because, if we were a little older—and, as some would say, a little wiser—we should wonder, before we recklessly spent that three or four pounds, where the winter-overcoat was to come from, and we should, perhaps, forego the holiday altogether. Or we should, when we found ourselves growing too fond of a charming young person of the opposite sex, think of the cares and responsibilities and expenses of matrimony, and withdraw ourselves from the zone of danger before we had gone too far for our peace of mind.

"A COMPLETE CHANGE."

But, being young and ardent and heedless of the future, many of us—both youths and maidens—have come to regard a holiday and love-making as two indissolubly-wedded delights.

And it is a thoroughly well-understood game on both sides—this game of holiday philandering—in which there need be no heart-break and out of which no harm whatever need accrue, as long as those taking part in it adhere loyally to the unwritten rules. Indeed, there is nothing more enjoyable than a flirtation carried on amid appropriately picturesque surroundings. There is nothing that so rounds off and perfects a holiday as about of sentimental dalliance with a delectable girl.

She should, however, be a girl of some common-sense. She should be able to grasp the fact that when you vow that you will worship her for ever and ever you mean, by "ever and ever," a fortnight, that when you promise to be true to her till death shall part you, you are speaking only figuratively, and that "death," in this connection, means the expiration of your leave of absence.

She must likewise bear in mind that you are not yourself for the time being; that you are an entirely different man from the prosaic, plodding person who pushes a pen in an office, or manages a mill, or does any other kind of honest, ill-paid labour for a meagre livelihood; that you are, indeed, living up to the height of your ambitions—for a fortnight. You may even be living up to five thousand a year as well—for a few minutes, as, for instance, when you treat her to an ice and have a long, cool drink and a big cigar yourself in the pretty hotel-gardens, hung with Chinese lanterns and murmurous with the softly-blended music of a blue Hungarian band and the splash of the sea on the beach hard by. You are, in short, a transmogrified, sublimated creature so long as your holiday lasts, and must be estimated according to the new, fanciful value you have temporarily set on yourself.

THE DEVOTION OF A FORTNIGHT.

And there is never any lack of girls who appreciate this point of view and are perfectly ready to accept it and play up to it. For have they not an original point of view of their own to be considered, also? Have they not themselves come to the seaside quite prepared for what you are willing to offer them—the devotion of a fortnight; that and no more? Women are not, perhaps, quite so human as men; they are usually a deal more worldly-wise and far-seeing; they have their hearts much better under control. But [illegible] occasionally [illegible] hardly women but only girls, as yet, and [illegible] make all due allowances and give themselves up to the pleasant mood of the hour with almost as complete an abandonment as we grosser males are capable of.

Thus Cupid gets in a heap of not-too-deadly work at the seaside; and if the blind archer has a sense of humour—which is exceedingly doubtful, by the way—he must get many a laugh out of his victims, too.

For, beyond all questions, we do sometimes make ourselves sublimely ridiculous when we go courting on the esplanade. And why not? Personally, I would not give a pin's fee for the society of the self-sufficient youth who is afraid of making a fool of himself. Indeed, I hold that we are all of us the better for an occasional lapse into folly. It is only a fool who is morbidly anxious not to seem a fool. The wise are often splendidly foolish—because they don't care; they know they can be wise when they want. But a fool is ever circumspect, knowing himself to be but a fool at bottom, after all, and being fearful lest others should discover his secret.

That is why it does not matter overmuch what we do, what we say, what we wear, or how we comport ourselves, when we are on a holiday.

HAPPINESS THE ESSENTIAL.

"The place to be happy is Here; the time to be happy is Now; the way to be happy is to make other people happy." This should be our motto, if ever, at all times of festivity. And what more festive time is there than that fortnight spent away from the cark of business, the weariness of perpetual toiling and moiling, with a mind free of worry, a heart light as the creaming foam on the foreshore, and thoughts flashing and evanescent as the flying spendthrift that the night winds blow in our scorched faces as we saunter on the old breakwater with the witchery and wonder of commingled sea and sky and scape all about us?

It is not a bad idea to pretend to be somebody else. Why, for example, should a spirited young man acknowledge that his lodging is in a dingy back room on the top-floor of a dingy house in a dingy street, when all the airy castles of Spain are at his disposal? Why should the imaginative miss confess that she can make a pudding or scrub a floor with the coarsest-handed Phyllis out of Amoonts, when she is free to dilate on the luxury of cups of tea in bed—which she has never partaken of—brought up to her by a trim maid in cap and apron her own cap and apron?

If the youth brags of his manor in Scotland, his motor-car, his steam-yacht, his "grallys," his prospects at the bar, and his aristocratic intimates it hurts nobody, and most assuredly it does not deceive any averagely-sophisticated seaside-girl. Moreover, it is open to her to retort in kind, if she chooses. She has only to have read a few novelettes and [illegible] less newspaper serials to be amply equipped with the necessary insight into the manners and customs of the high and mighty of this world. It is all a bit of fun, really, you know, like some parlour pastime played in the open-air, in which all the players make-believe to be other people than they are, and the more romantic and improbable the characters they assume the better.

CONSISTENT LOYALTY.

Besides, it gives the imagination a chance. And the imagination, as well as the body, requires exercise, now and then, if it is not to die of atrophy.

So, let the fairy tales pour forth off a glib tongue and with an easy conscience. This may be your supreme moment—this moment in which you sit beside the summer maiden, her head resting on your shoulder, her limpid gaze up-turned, her ears, her dainty ears attentive to your perfervid eloquence, your passionate protestations, your solemn vows to win a place for yourself in the world that shall prove you worthy of her love and trust. For that supreme passing moment she may even bring herself to believe your heroics, and to respond in a similar exalted strain. Then is it rare bliss indeed. [illegible]

Your heart may [illegible] but you have still a few more days of your holiday to run before the stern necessity of returning [illegible]

[illegible] will be true to [illegible]

[illegible]

HEART OF CRICKET.

Certain Aspects of the Game.

[BY ALBERT KINROSS.]

PLAYING cricket, and watching cricket, and writing about cricket—of all these I have had my share, and, of the two first, perhaps more than my share. But the temptation to [illegible] occupation" is enormous, and [illegible] by human flesh and blood. Be it not [illegible] game itself, who, on a perfect summer [illegible] stick to tasks salutary and dyspeptic [illegible] opportunity within his reach? [illegible] through many a year, I have let forth [illegible] months of summer and watched the [illegible] night. The [illegible] may have been [illegible] diable; the gain has been ten years of [illegible] and a something in the way of balance [illegible] that many men of my generation have [illegible] Cricket is the great preservative; were it [illegible] it still had served a purpose.

I write, groaning under a [illegible] ricked back. I know no other game where [illegible] nearing the forties will suffer such [illegible] golfer goes forth, and the worst that can happen is a drenching; the oarsman and the [illegible] my years is usually rotund and [illegible] hunting-man [illegible] his neck [illegible] plays cricket in summer to [illegible]

DRAMA IN CRICKET.

Wasting, or devoting so much time [illegible] ate pursuit, it has often occurred to [illegible] to me—that there was [illegible] in the cricket-field. There [illegible] and at such [illegible] Cricket, alas, being but a game [illegible] does it deflect a life worth [illegible] plays it, and should be done with [illegible] work usurps its place; the professional [illegible] that to him it means tragedy and comedy [illegible] ing the straight routine of everyday. [illegible] death was tragic, but to him cricket meant [illegible] butter, fame and a career. [illegible] story or one play to be written around [illegible] destiny; and, a "love interest" being wanting, [illegible] would not be a play or story that [illegible] appeal. I add the criticism regretfully [illegible] alas, is truth. I myself have tried [illegible] and speak with feeling. Of [illegible] wherein a heroine will only accept [illegible] tionally on his making a century in a [illegible] there has been a surfeit. Such [illegible] literature nor art.

The psychology of cricket, never [illegible] peculiar fascination and, though [illegible] two or three well marked lines, [illegible] exhausted. The "pro." with [illegible] other tragic disability confronting him [illegible] worthy of great pains. Again, the [illegible] circumstances from which the player [illegible] his best or his worst before an audience [illegible] his joy or pain, would carry [illegible] through in modest triumph. I once [illegible] lad—a born cricketer if ever there [illegible] 112 and carry his bat on [illegible] broke down when put on to bowl, but [illegible] bit of rigid stiffness. It was not difficult [illegible] his trouble, for one has seen the [illegible] a little tactful feeding during [illegible] sufficed to make amends for the poor [illegible] lunch. He plays for his country [illegible] familiar name.

The amateur, too, may have evil days [illegible] turns out as a matter of duty, with [illegible] what business or domestic worry clouding [illegible] I have known dropped catches, [illegible] and bowling that was technically [illegible] "tosh," proceed from some such [illegible] if any, of the spectators or players could [illegible] the simple explanation.

In a diary, kept by a young person [illegible] room to which I am fortunate enough [illegible] I have encountered other and fairly [illegible] tions, as for instance:—

To-day we were beaten in [illegible] our umpire [illegible] up, and [illegible] cheat.

Played the French school [illegible] licked, but really these [illegible] [illegible] than they.

Excused by being vaccinated. [illegible]

By escaping the Lover's Walk [illegible]

The two last entries, however, [illegible] though the former might serve [illegible] otherwise inexcusable [illegible] might explain a sudden access of [illegible] a century as well as the [illegible]

A CRICKET SYMPHONY.

Perhaps the finest medium wherein [illegible] may reach an adequate expression is [illegible] recommend the idea to some [illegible] lyric prose, a cricket fantasy [illegible] far more than may be sought in [illegible] A fairy tale replete with magic [illegible] hit the middle stump once to every [illegible] ries—imagine such a bowler [illegible] his second over he would stir [illegible] eager to find their fondest dreams [illegible] wildest hopes fulfilled upon the [illegible] as it may seem, there is a solid [illegible] under all such fantastic histories. [illegible] inspire the confidence that the possession of [illegible] an implement must breed. I am sure [illegible] magic bat, that smote with superhuman [illegible] and vigour, would continue his [illegible] even though an ordinary Cobbett or [illegible] his hands.

I have, however, strayed from [illegible] Brahms or Strauss whose [illegible] shape in sound the ecstasy, the [illegible] soaring deeds that make the [illegible] emblem and a passionate [illegible] a batsman is a symbol that [illegible] normal life. The fierce and [illegible] shod bowlers, their cunning and [illegible] triumphs and dismay, suggest a [illegible] that should fill Queen's Hall with [illegible] cricketers. I can hear the [illegible] strings when "Ranji" takes his [illegible] sticks and executes a pianissimo [illegible] hear the 'cello sobbing its [illegible] umpire calls a loud "Not out!" [illegible] would stir the kettledrum artist [illegible] orchestra, his dismissal would call for [illegible] chiefly brass. Hayward would be [illegible] mified movement reminiscent of [illegible] vein of Grieg would accompany [illegible] of Rhodes; and for Hirst I would [illegible] out when he pulled the off-break [illegible] and his sweepers should be [illegible] and flute. If Sir Edward Elgar has [illegible] on hand, the idea is his without [illegible]

CUPID AT CRICKET.

From music it is but a short step [illegible] the affections. How does the presence [illegible] ed affect the bowler or the batsman [illegible] [illegible] whose white it graces, I have known [illegible] who, with the beloved watching from [illegible] line and eager to [illegible] always [illegible] [illegible] when that encouraging presence was [illegible] same with bowlers and fieldsmen. [illegible] however, have I seen good men spoilt [illegible] through a too ardent desire to shine. [illegible] absent, however, are the best [illegible] of my acquaintance, who had been [illegible] dance the previous night, and was still [illegible] the success of that achievement, stepped [illegible] from the pavilion at a [illegible] up 157 in the two hours [illegible] included five [illegible] till that moment, he had never [illegible] eight a six. Like the lady in the [illegible] the [illegible] of this fortunate youth, it [illegible] written:—

And at her but in sweet company [illegible]
[illegible] make the bowlers [illegible]
'Twixt three and five they [illegible]
Alas! nothing could [illegible]

[illegible] does not think much of [illegible] [illegible] Chamber that [illegible] Committee [illegible] [illegible] to look [illegible] [illegible] the match, says the *Times of Ceylon*. [illegible]

THE EGYPTIAN EXECUTIONS

[illegible] PAPERS INDIGNANT.

"[illegible] Kinded Sentimentalists."

IRELAND AGAIN INTERFERES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 29.

[illegible] the reception of the "Daily Chronicle," [illegible] that no punishment is too severe for [illegible] the Radical papers condemn the Egyptian [illegible] a [illegible] penalty and savage [illegible].

[illegible] the Government [illegible] weak-minded sentimentalists.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

In the House of Commons last night Mr. Dillon [illegible] that he will move next week a Resolution [illegible] Sir Edward Grey's salary in [illegible] attitude in connection with the [illegible] in Egypt.

THE NATAL RISING.

Spreading to the Rand.

[illegible] OUTBREAK PROBABLE.

[illegible] advices from South Africa state that [illegible] has joined the Natal rebels, the ranks of [illegible] daily swelling.

Hundreds of Zulus are leaving the Rand.

General Dartnell and Colonels Leuchars and Mackenzie are concentrating on the new development of the [illegible] over an area of thirty by [illegible] miles northward of the Tugela.

Three thousand rebels approximately are in arms.

RUSSIAN GUARDS DISGRACED.

Punishment for Disloyalty.

PRECAUTIONS AT ST. PETERSBURG.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

The [illegible] Preobrajensky Battalion has been transferred to [illegible] and deprived of its privileges as a Guards Regiment.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

[illegible] are refusing to serve at Warsaw owing to the incessant bomb throwing. There are [illegible] from Russia of peasants rising, [illegible] and the progress of revolutionary ideas.

Newspapers are constantly confiscated and revolutionary meetings among the troops are increasing. The [illegible] and disbandment of batteries [illegible] daily occurrence.

The new Russian loan has receded to five per cent discount.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

The [illegible] Guard at St. Petersburg has been [illegible].

Four squadrons of Cossacks have arrived at St. Petersburg to guard the military and naval workshops.

THE RUSSIAN DUMA.

LONDON, JULY 1.

It is believed at St. Petersburg that the fall of the Goremykin Ministry is impending.

It is [illegible] that the Tsar is negotiating with the Constitutional Democrats who are the moderate element of the Duma with a view to forming a Ministry on more constitutional lines.

THE BIELOSTOK MASSACRES.

Serious Charges against the Police.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

The Russian Duma Commission of Inquiry into the Bielostok massacres charges the Police with originating the affray and accuses some of the Army officers and the Chief of the Police with encouraging the mob to pillage and massacre.

THE NEW YORK SHOOTING CASE.

Great Scandal Expected.

"JUSTIFIABLE MURDER."

A New York telegram says that Mr. Thaw has been indicted for wilful murder.

Public opinion sides with Thaw owing to the questionable character of the murdered man, White.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

Mr. Thaw (this name in previous messages has reached Bombay as Thaw and They) was placed before the Police Court Magistrate yesterday on a charge of wilful murder. He pleaded not guilty. The prisoner's wife has volunteered to give evidence in the proceedings. The trial promises to be of a most sensational kind, as many prominent persons of New York Society will be involved in the disclosures which will take place in Court with regard to the late Mr. White's private life.

BIRTHDAY HONOURS.

Noted R. A. Included.

LONDON, JUNE 23.

The name of Mr. Luke Fildes, the Royal Academician, appears among the list of Knights in the Birthday Honours.

THE RUSSIANS IN MANCHURIA.

Penultimate Recalls.

The last detachment of Russian Troops in Manchuria has left to return to Russia except a small number returning in 1907.

ACCIDENT ON A CRUISER.

Explosion During Gun Practice.

SEVERAL FATALITIES.

LONDON, JUNE 29.

One seaman was killed and a lieutenant and [illegible] were injured by a gun explosion on [illegible] during the manoeuvres, while a [illegible] charge was being fired.

[illegible] due to a [illegible] responsible for [illegible] of the [illegible] heavy rains but [illegible] the bank of the [illegible] in the earthwork in [illegible]

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TERRIBLE RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

Steamer Train Derailed at Salisbury.

FIRST ESTIMATE OF CASUALTIES.

TWENTY KILLED.

LONDON, JULY 1.

An American line boat express from Plymouth to London was derailed at Salisbury on the London and South Western Railway early this morning. About twenty so far are known to have been killed.

HEAVY RAIN IN ENGLAND.

Subterranean London Submerged.

MORE EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

A phenomenal rainfall took place in South-East England this morning and over two inches fell in London. The Railways are flooded and the traffic blocked. The basements of the Theatres, Newspaper Offices, and houses are inundated, and the Fire Brigade engines are pumping out the water.

Slight earthquake shocks were felt in Wales and at Croydon to-day.

THE ITALIAN DEBT.

Large Saving Effected.

FURTHER REDUCTION OF THE DEBT.

The Italian Government has introduced a Bill in the Chamber of Deputies for the conversion of the National Debt. The interest payable will be reduced to three and three quarters per cent till 1912 and then to three and half per cent.

Italy anticipates an annual saving of £800,000 from the conversion of her Stock.

REVENUE RETURNS.

A Million Increase.

The Revenue for the quarter shows an increase of £1,073,896.

THE COUNTY CRICKET CHAMPIONSHIP.

LONDON, JULY 1.

Somerset has beaten Hants by an innings and 151 runs.

Sussex has beaten Middlesex by an innings and 101 runs.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

The M. C. C. has beaten the Oxford University by eighteen runs.

Kent has beaten Leicester by eight wickets.

Northampton has beaten Derby by ten wickets.

Cambridge University has beaten Surrey by eight wickets.

The match between Essex and Yorkshire was drawn.

OBITUARY.

The Right Hon'ble Charles O'Conor Don.

COL. BOYD'S RETIREMENT.

Departure from Rajkot.

THIRTY YEARS' SPLENDID SERVICE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJKOT, JULY 1.

Colonel H. W. B. Boyd, of the Indian Medical Service, who acted as Kathiawar Agency Surgeon during the few months of extension granted to him to qualify for pension, and who retires from service extending to nearly thirty years, left here on Saturday for Bombay en route for England. At the station he was given a most hearty send-off by a large number of European and Native gentlemen.

Colonel Boyd has passed his whole official career in Bombay where he has been most known and respected. In Kathiawar also he has been very popular and his great abilities as a physician and surgeon together with his kind and genial disposition attracted to him a large number of patients. He is a J. P. for Bombay, a Fellow of the Bombay University and holds many distinguished diplomas.

FAMINE IN BENGAL.

Street Collections in Calcutta.

A POOR RESPONSE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 1.

So far only Rs. 569 have been collected in aid of the fund to afford relief to persons suffering from famine in Eastern Bengal. School boys are engaged in Calcutta parading the streets asking for subscriptions but the response is very poor.

TEMPERANCE IN INDIA.

Great Conference for December.

IMPORTANT AGENDA BEING FRAMED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 1.

The Calcutta Temperance Federation is already busily engaged in planning an All India Temperance Conference to be held in Calcutta in December. It is proposed to have a discussion on several important phases of the temperance movement such as, work amongst children, counter-attractions to grogshops, methods of investigating the opium and drug habit.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 30.

Major-General [illegible] is appointed to officiate in Command of the Mhow Division vice General Collins on leave.

Colonel Singleton, South Lancashire Regiment, will Command the Jubbulpore Brigade vice General Dening.

Colonel Scallon, Colonel on the Staff, Bangalore Infantry Brigade, has been selected for the Command of the Bangalore Brigade.

Colonel Atkinson, 17th Cavalry, is appointed Colonel on the Staff to Command the Bangalore [illegible].

[illegible] 117th Mahrattas, is appointed [illegible]

[illegible] is appointed [illegible]

Lieutenant Barton [illegible]

REDUCTIO AD ABSURDUM.

Mr. Haldane's Proposition.

ECONOMY AT ANY PRICE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 30.

A special telegram to the "Pioneer," dated London, 28th June, says:—

The *Tribune* understands that Mr. Haldane, in the new Army Estimates will announce a reduction in the regular army of twenty battalions. The "Standard" says Mr. Haldane will announce a reduction of two millions in the Army Estimates. Two Guards and twenty Infantry Battalions and twenty Transport companies are to be abolished.

INDIANS IN PENANG.

Another Record Made.

ALARMING INCREASE OF MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 30.

The total number of immigrants that arrived in Penang from Southern India in 1905 was 39,539. This figure is the highest ever recorded, the figures for 1904 having been 30,791 and for 1903, 22,039. The wages contracted for were, for men, 5 and 7 annas and for women, 3 and 5 annas per day with and without rations respectively. The death rate showed a most serious increase rising from 3·18 per cent in 1904 to 11·56 per cent in 1905.

POLICE REFORM IN THE UNITED PROVINCES.

Details of the New Appointments.

POSTING OF THE NEW D. S. P'S.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 1.

The United Provinces' Gazette, this week, contains the posting of the first batch of Deputy Superintendents of Police. A Resolution, published in the same issue, notifies that ultimately thirty-five Deputy Superintendents will be appointed, seven being in the First Grade on Rs. 500, ten in the Second Grade on Rs. 400, nine in the Third Grade on Rs. 300 and nine in the Fourth Grade on Rs. 250.

During the current year twelve appointments will be made, six by direct recruitment, two by appointment of selected Deputy Collectors and Tahsildars and four by promotion of Inspectors of Police. Six of the Deputy Superintendents, appointed by recruitment, will attend an eighteen months' course at the Provincial Training School at Moradabad. The other six are appointed direct to various Districts.

All the persons appointed as Deputy Superintendents will be on probation for two years.

STRATEGICAL STAFF VACANCIES.

Choosing of Higher Officials.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 1.

In the last issue of the Indian Army List there were certain blanks in the division of the Chief of the Staff in the Strategical Branch only the name of the Staff Captain figured as the Assistant-Adjutant-Generals in the Training and Staff Duties Branch had not been appointed. Lord Kitchener is now filling up the vacancies and the Chief of the Staff will soon have a complete Staff under his orders.

RETIREMENT OF A BARODA EDUCATIONIST.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, JULY 1.

A public entertainment was given by the elite of Baroda to Khan Bahadur Jamsedji Ardeshar Dalal, M.A., L.L.B., Minister of Education, Baroda State, on the eve of his retirement from service extending over more than thirty years. His retirement is regarded as a great loss by his many friends and admirers to whom he had endeared himself by his genial and kind disposition.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 1.

The Alliance Bank of Simla made up their accounts to 30th June. Net profits amounted to Rs. 3,25,000, the usual dividend of 12 per cent will be declared, Rs. 50,000 placed in reserve fund, and Rs. 25,000 carried to the bad debt fund, and the directors recommend that a bonus of a month's pay be given to the staff and the balance be carried forward.

HUGE RANGOON FIRE.

Merchants Save their Goods at Great Risk.

SEVEN LAKHS' DAMAGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 1.

A most disastrous fire broke out last night in the heart of the European business quarter of the town, involving a loss of six or seven lakhs of rupees. It broke out in the shop of a Chinese merchant dealing in Chinese curios, silks and general goods. Amongst the property destroyed was that of the well-known firm of Messrs. Panunal and Co., the Delhi jewellers, who have a branch in Bombay. These merchants managed to save all their jewellery, and precious stones, worth lakhs, although the fire was burning over their heads and the roof was falling in. Their valuable silks, Indian carpets and other goods were insured for two lakhs.

SAILANA NOTES.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

SAILANA C. I., JUNE 29.

Mr. L. P. Mehta, B. A., L. L. B., the Judge, has gone to Bhavnagar on a short leave. Since last evening it has been raining in small showers and more rain is expected in the course of the day. Farmers have completed the sowing of grains in their field, grass is growing and a delightfully fresh and green scenery can be enjoyed in the open spaces round about Sailana and the adjacent villages.

A foot-ball match was played on Wednesday evening last, between the Palace players and the Kothi team. The former exhibited the better form. The Heir-Apparent Dalipsingji Sahib is a keen participant in the game. Mr. Zaverilalji of Partabgarh who has started a small weaving mill here has sent for an Engineer from Bombay to set up the new machinery. A Parsi Engineer of Messrs. Bradbury, Brady and Co. is expected to arrive here in a week's time. A new English school is being constructed by the State opposite the [illegible]. The [illegible] College opens on the 2nd July after the summer vacation.

[illegible]

THE ROYAL TOUR.

Echo at Karachi.

HONOURS PRESENTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JUNE 30.

A pleasing ceremony took place at Government House yesterday afternoon, when Mr. A. D. Younghusband, the Commissioner in Sind, presented five gentlemen with the Honours, which had been conferred upon them on the 1st of January. The presentation was made in the drawing-room of Government House where a number of officials and private individuals, friends of the recipients, had been invited to witness the ceremony.

Before presenting the decorations and Sanads conferring the titles, the Commissioner in a short speech recounted the services rendered by each recipient, expressed his high appreciation of their valuable public services and offered one and all his most cordial congratulations. The names of the recipients of the titles are: Mirza Kulich Beg, Deputy Collector of the Kotri Division, the "Kaiser-i-Hind" Medal Second Class; Chowdri [illegible] Buksh, the title of Khan Bahadur; Jashanmal Kimatrai, 1st Grade Inspector of Police, title of Rao Bahadur; Mirza Sadikali, the late Deputy Educational Inspector, title of Khan Saheb; and Showkiram [illegible]das, late Extra Deputy Conservator of Forests, the title of Rao Saheb.

INDIAN RAILWAY PROGRESS.

Lines Under Construction.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 30.

The following railway surveys sanctioned in 1906, are now in progress. The number after each railway is the length in miles:—The Chapra Mashrak (24), the Somastipur via Rowsera Mozafferpore Khageria (50) and Mohammadpore Mozufferpore (90). All these are on the Bengal North-Western line; the Bombay Sind connection (550) the Nerbudda Valley Railway, Barwaha Bodeli (163), the Moulmein Kawkereik Mywaddy (80), the Moulmein Wagaru-ye (42) and the Southern Shan Line (112), in Burma; the Kissenganj, Titalia, Jalpaiguri (59) and the Netrokona, Langar Bazar Line (40) both belonging to the Eastern Bengal State Railway; the Kurla Trombay on the G. I. P. Railway, the Dharmapuri via Palakodu to Bangalore (115). The four following lines are on the North-West Railway:—The Lodran Khanewal (55), the Shorkot Road Chichoki (120); the Khanpur Chachran (22) and the Rohtak Bhewani (26) and the Satara Road City line (11) on the Southern Mahratta Railway.

The above list does not include a number of surveys sanctioned last year of which particulars are given in the last Railway Administration Report.

THE BASHAHR TROUBLES.

Revenue Arrears Collected.

SEVENTEEN RINGLEADERS IN CUSTODY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 30.

Mr. Coldstream is now on his way back to Simla from the Bashahr State bringing with him seventeen [illegible] who were ringleaders in the Dodra Kawar [illegible]. He has secured the payment of the arrears of revenue.

SAD DEATH OF A SOLICITOR.

Reference in the Allahabad High Court.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 1.

Mr. Hector Coleman, Solicitor, of Allahabad, died on Saturday from enteric fever, following on congestion of liver. Sympathetic references were made in the High Court. The funeral was attended by all the High Court Judges and Members of the European and Native bar. The deceased leaves a widow and four children.

The E. I. R. STRIKE.

Promises of Reform Accepted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 30.

The Loop Line District strike is over on the promise of Mr. Huddleston to redress the grievances as early as possible. The increase of pay to the staff is considered unsatisfactory as it is not general, the low paid servants being overlooked.

SURVEYING ALGERIA.

Indian Officer Completes his Task.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 30.

The Surveyor General has received a most interesting report on the survey of Algeria, prepared by Captain Coldstream, R. E., now on leave, a few copies of which will be printed and will be available for reference. Captain Coldstream was most cordially received by the French Officers connected with the work in Paris.

BARRISTER AND JUDGE.

Alleged Insult from the Bench.

DAMAGES CLAIMED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 30.

Mr. S. Sarvadhicary, Barrister, has filed a suit in the Court of the Subordinate Judge of Allahabad claiming Rs. 1,000 damages against the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Richards, the Puisne Judge of the High Court "for using insulting language" towards him, and praying for a perpetual injunction to restrain the defendant from using discourteous language towards counsel.

The plaintiff alleges that on the 19th of April, while he was arguing the case of a reasonable cause, with a view to degrade plaintiff, he told him to hold his tongue. The Subordinate Judge has called upon Mr. Sarvadhicary to show cause why the plaint filed by him against Mr. Richards should not be rejected under section 58, clause (a) of the Code of Civil Procedure which empowers the Court at any time before the settlement of issues to reject the plaint if it does not disclose the cause of action. The learned Subordinate Judge informed Mr. Sarvadhicary that before admitting the plaint he would require to be satisfied that the words alleged to have been uttered by the defendant were actionable at law. The case is adjourned until the 7th of July.

AT the meeting of the Corporation on July 9th, a letter will be read from the Commissioner suggesting that it is desirable that an up-to-date Map of Bombay should be prepared. The cost is estimated to be about five lakhs and the proposal is that it shall be borne by Government, the City Improvement Trust and the Municipality.

THE announcement made by [illegible] Indian [illegible]

A BISHOP ON BAZAARS.

Strong Indictment of Modern Methods.

PRINCIPAL FEATURES SHOULD BE ELIMINATED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JULY 1.

The Bishop of Lucknow has addressed a striking letter to the clergy of the diocese regarding the conduct of bazaars and entertainments in aid of church charities. He advises the clergy, if they can, to do without bazaars and entertainments altogether, the very existence of such things is probably a sign of the decadence of the highest ideals of giving. Assuming that bazaars and entertainments are not in themselves illegitimate, the chief objection to which they are exposed lies in the incongruity between what goes on thereat and the object intended to be promoted. The Bishop enumerates objectionable practices, the more obvious of which are cheating and gambling in every shape and form.

As to cheating His Lordship says a thing offered for sale must be exactly what it appears to the purchasers to be and inducing a person to pay money for what he afterwards discovers to be worthless, or nearly so, is plainly dishonest. Change must also always be given when the money put down is more than the price named.

Regarding gambling the Bishop says there is an instrument called "Tombry Dodo" which means gambling in the most barefaced form. This should be utterly banished from Church bazaars. Lotteries are also open to objection. He recommends auctions for the disposal of unsold articles instead of raffles; these latter are illegal and though only practised in miniature at bazaars, the moral objection against them still holds in principle. In entertainments on behalf of charities very strict supervision must be exercised as to theatrical pieces and songs. On the question of congruity he strongly advises that, when the building of a church or the supply of a church organ or the support of a mission is concerned, if bazaars are held, they should be of the nature of quiet and sober sales and entertainments should take the form of sacred concerts. Fortune-telling, he adds, is distinctly open to objection.

The letter is the result of a request for guidances and the Bishop says he has probably not dealt with all the features of bazaars and entertainments about which questions may arise.

THE UNITED PROVINCES HIGH COURT.

Meetings in Favour of Lucknow.

DIVISION OF OPINIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JULY 1.

The United Provinces Government recently recommended that the proposal to build a new High Court at Allahabad should be deferred until the question of the amalgamation and location of a single High Court should be decided as between Allahabad and Lucknow. After the expression of public opinion, there is a strong movement favouring the new Court being built at Lucknow. Allahabad people, having memorialised the Viceroy against the transfer, meetings are now being held in various parts of the Provinces in favour of Lucknow as the most convenient of the two cities. Meetings at Basti on Friday and at [illegible] resolutions [illegible] the proposed change because of Lucknow's central situation.

ISOLATED SIMLA.

Train Service Re-starts To-day.

ONE SERIOUS BREACH LEFT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 1.

Trains will commence running to-morrow between Kalka and Kumarhatti and between Kathlighat and Simla. The line is still breached between Kathlighat and Barogh but the only serious breaches are between Solon and Solon Brewery. All, except this last section, should be restored in the next three or four days. The breaches between Solon and Solon brewery cannot be repaired for twelve to fifteen days.

Rai Bahadur Dowlat Ram has been appointed the Contracting Agent by the Railway Board for the supply of 'ekkas' and carts and the present idea is to arrange to convey goods over the breached section by carts and to endeavour thus to restore through booking.

THE OOTY RAILWAY.

Electric Installation being Considered.

A QUESTION OF FINANCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 30.

The Government of India have the question of the electrification of the Coonoor-Ootacamund Railway still under consideration, and, as it would not be possible, even if it were decided at once to complete the necessary power stations, etc., in time for the opening, the railway will be worked by steam, at any rate for the first few months after its opening.

No locomotives or rolling stock will be purchased before the question of electricity is settled. Specially constructed carriages and engines will not be wanted for the new section as the gradients are not so steep as between Mettupalliam and Coonoor, and the rack is not necessary. Locomotives and carriages will, therefore, be borrowed from another railway and the line worked with these until the Government of India have given a decision.

The work is proceeding rapidly, and, though it is unlikely that the station buildings, etc., will be finished by then, the authorities hope to begin running trains by the end of May next.

The earthwork is nearly completed both at Ootacamund, where the Pioneers are at work, and on the Coonoor section, which has been let out to contractors. The rails, etc., are here and everything is ready for the commencement of the buildings.

There is little doubt that the Government of India will finally agree to the working of the line by electricity. What stands in the way, at present, is purely the question of finance. The Government of India are confident that there is a sufficient and continuous supply of water power to generate the electricity required, and it now remains to be settled whether the profits of the railway would be large enough to pay the interest on the capital spent in constructing the electrical works.

If the scheme before the Government of India is accepted, the water power will come from the Coonoor River and from Kartary, the water at the latter place being used again after it comes from the Cordite Factory works. In the Coonoor River a lake will be made at Wellington to give the necessary quantity of water.

The matter of using some of the electricity generated for lighting Coonoor and Wellington, and perhaps Ootacamund, was not contemplated in the original scheme, but is now being considered. It would not be difficult to supply the electrity, for there will be no night trains on the railway, and, therefore, the power will not be wanted, but, on the other hand, there is the question of whether the supply of water will, used night and day, be enough for what is required of it.

THE goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 9th June 1906, shews an increase over the corresponding week of 1905 of 295,093 mds. with a decrease of Rs. 9,076 in the earnings.

Prince Tsai[illegible] of China, who has been spending [illegible] months in Europe, is returning [illegible] the M. M. ss. Armand Behic which [illegible] Colombo on the 20th instant. His Highness [illegible] accompanied by [illegible] officials and [illegible] the guests of Their Excellencies the [illegible] and Lady Blake during his stay [illegible]

FIFTY YEARS AGO.

July, 2nd, 1856.

Fifty years ago the "Bombay Gazette" was publishing its sixteenth volume, new series, was sold at four annas a copy, and it had four pages—about the size of those of its present issue. On the imprint is the name of Mathias Moll, managing proprietor, and it was printed at Manockjee Pitty's Buildings, Colaba.

On the 1st July 1856 we find announcements that the rains have made good progress and that an inch and a quarter had fallen the previous day.

The Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Statue fund had reached the sum of Rs. 5,041.

Mr. H. H. Potts, Acting Superintendent of the P. and O. S. N. Company announced the sailing of the s. s. Singapore of 1,300 tons and 500 h. p. for Hongkong.

Mr. W. H. Stanley Crawford signed for the Bombay Steam Navigation Company.

Messrs. J. & W. Watson offered anything in the way of Europe clothing.

Messrs. W. & A. Graham advertised Port Wine in pints and quarts.

A supply of Kilmarnock caps for British and Native troops was announced.

Messrs. Ritchie Stewart and Co. advertised the London and Lancashire Life and Fire Office.

Messrs. Crawford and Co. announced the coming of a big sale by auction.

The Banks whose advertisements appeared in our columns were: the Bank of Bombay, the North-Western Bank of India, the Oriental, Commercial, Mercantile and the London and Eastern.

An attractive advertisement referred to the prospected Frankfurt State Lottery.

The Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Navy invited tenders for the conveyance of Lieutenant and of N. C. O's and men of H. M's Service to Calcutta.

In the news columns we find Mr. Westropp appointed to act as Advocate-General.

Severe strictures are passed on "newspaper libellers generally, who make a trade of private slander."

The erection of towers was advocated for the filtration of the water of the tanks by which the needs of Bombay are supplied.

The Madras Railway to be opened next Saturday. Three hundred tickets for Arcot had been secured in advance and a thousand were set aside for free distribution among those anxious to take part in the opening ceremony.

Military orders were signed by Brigadier-General J. Hale, Col. Lyon (Town Major) and Lt.-Col. E. Green, Deputy Adjutant General of the Army.

In the Commercial Article sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 10 each; freights of cotton to London at £2-15s. to £3-2-6 per ton and to Liverpool £2-15s to £3-5-0. The Bank of Bombay rate was 5 per cent on fixed loans, on Government notes and Railway shares, and 7 per cent on security of goods. The discount on Government Bills was 4 per cent and on Private Bills, at or within 3 months, 7 per cent.

Correspondents compared the Elphinstone College and the Grant Medical College and protested against the appointment of Mr. Hope, as Educational Inspector on account of "incapacity."

NOTES FROM THE PERSIAN GULF.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BUSHIRE, JUNE 25.

THERE is a good deal of speculation afloat in political circles—both European and Persian—as to the real [illegible] of Major P. Z. Cox, His Britannic Majesty's Political Resident and Consul-General in the Persian Gulf, to his Excellency the Viceroy at Simla. People say, of course, he has not gone there for a cup of tea or to teach the Simla folks how to play tennis. The common belief is that his departure to India is not disconnected with the incident of the telegraph cable at Bunder Abbas, about which a good deal has been reported in the English and Indian papers. This question however is still unsettled and is likely to remain so, until a definite policy in the triangular Gulf politics is fixed upon. On the other hand there are questions of a graver importance in the higher stages of the quadrangular or rather quinquangular politics, into the arena of which I dare not, for obvious reasons, intrude. But we can all safely trust for satisfactory and dignified solutions to the experienced, able and sober head of Major P. Z. Cox.

His Excellency the Ela-ud-Dowlah has been re-nominated as Farman Farma and Governor-General of the province of Fars. This province takes precedence, in commercial and political importance, next to that of Azerbaijan Tabreez—where the Shah-en-Shahic Crown Prince, the Valliahd, is permanently located, both as a veritable Viceroy and an imperial exile. To return to his Excellency of Fars. He has made himself famous or notorious in connection with the visit of Lord Curzon to the Persian Gulf, and which, as far as Bushire is concerned, ended in a fiasco from a political point of view. I am not in a position to say whether that result was due to the personal patriotism and political creed of this distinguished Farman Farma (Commander of Commands) or to the inherent vain-gloriousness of an ordinary Persian or rather to intrigues of certain European powers; But his Excellency's name will, in this connection, be handed down to posterity in the history of Indo-Persian politics. No sooner had Lord Curzon left Bushire than the deposal from office of the Ela-ud-Dowlah was announced, whether as a mere coincident very few can tell. However this satrap has been re-nominated to the exalted post alluded to. At the time of his removal from office the province of Fars and the entire commercial routes were enjoying perfect tranquility and security, but he now returns to his former post, where nothing but chaos and anarchy reign—a state of things brought about by a certain class of people, who found the rule of the ex-Governor-General (to wit the Shaa-us-Sultaneh, a son of the present Shah) unpalatable to their personal aims and ends; and which were nothing short of a glaring robbery of the resources of the country. This question being of a complicated nature, requiring a lengthy explanation, I shall reserve for a future occasion. It is generally believed that the Ela-ud-Dowlah will not fail to restore order and confidence. He is a man possessing a strong will and character, though, perhaps, more of a soldier than a scholar, and is not so susceptible to tips—pishkashes—as the ordinary run of Persian grandees. So there is just a gleam of hope for Persia, provided of course he is more successful than his immediate predecessor in putting a stop to the wholesale robbery of the public revenues by crafty individuals, possessing "tiyouls" of important and fertile districts, to the impoverishment of the people and the imperial exchequer.

A German gentleman, said to be the prospective Agent of the Hamburg-American line, landed here on the 11th instant in company of Mr. Robert Wonckhaus, a well known German merchant doing business in the Persian Gulf. Things are however kept private, but it has transpired that they will shortly visit Koweit and Bassora, which, of course, will be their principal objective.

The summer, which has set in, is so far not disagreeable, although the health of the town is not what it ought to be.

PASSENGERS PER S.S TRIESTE.

THE following is the list of passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Trieste to-day from the Victoria Dock No. 7. The medical inspection of the saloon passengers will take place at the Victoria Dock No. 7 at 4.45 p.m. Deck passengers must be at the Port Health Disinfecting Station, Frere Road near Prince's Dock with all their luggage and kit at 3.30 p.m.:—Mr. G. H Emner, Captain M. Hemala, Mr. A. Kuhn, Mrs. Lessler and infant, Mr. E. J. Reuben, Mr. E. von Vesen, Sub-Conductor Williams.

THE proposals of the Madras Government for the formation of a new Criminal Investigation Department are now before the Government of India. The proposals follow closely the lines of the recommendations of the Police Commission. The Department will be called the Criminal Intelligence and Investigation Department, [illegible] will be under the control of an officer with the rank of Deputy Inspector-General. The [illegible] of the [illegible] police will also be in his charge, and [illegible] have two Superintendents [illegible] a third Superintendent [illegible] office. Mr. Fawcett will, in all probability, be appointed as the first head of the new Department.

THE KING'S BIRTHDAY.

DURBAR AT POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JUNE 30.

Mr. C. A. Kincaid, I. C. S., the Agent for Sardars in the Deccan, held the annual King's Birthday Durbar in the Council Hall this evening. Before the appointed time the Chiefs, Sardars, Inamdars, Jahagirdars, Landowners and Merchants of Poona and the surrounding places were assembled. Shortly after five Mr. Kincaid drove up and was received by the Guard of Honour. Afterwards the Agent went to the Hall, everybody standing till he took his seat.

Mr. Kincaid then rose and said:—

Sardars and Gentlemen:—It is just a year ago since I had for the first time the high privilege of addressing you. As I dare say, you will remember I then referred to my past official relations with the aristocracy of Kathiawar and expressed the hope that my relations with yourselves would be as cordial as they had been with the Chiefs and Talukdars of that province. It is a great satisfaction to me now to express the pleasure that I have in the past year experienced in making the acquaintance of you all. And it was a matter of great interest to me to learn that there was one of your number, Sardar Shambhusing Amarsing Jadhavrao, who claims descent from Ramdeo Jadhav, Chief of Devgad, whose son Shankaldev was at one time affianced to the daughter of King Karan Waghela, the last Hindu King of Guzerat. Unfortunately for the happiness of the young betrothed couple, the Mussalman Emperor Ala-uddin's general, Alif Khan, defeated King Ramdeo and carried off the princess to be the bride of the Delhi Shahzada. To turn again to the present, it is my most pleasant task to refer to the recent visit of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales. Landing on the 9th November in Bombay where many of the Sardars had the privilege of being presented to them at the reception held in their honour at Government House, Their Royal Highnesses twice traversed the Indian Empire. On the first occasion they travelled from Bombay through Rajputana to Peshawar, and through Delhi to Calcutta. On the second occasion, re-entering India at Madras, they travelled via Mysore, Hyderabad and Benares to Quetta and thence to the home sea-port of Karachi. And you will, I feel sure, agree with me when I say that in the course of this great journey through the immense collection of races and provinces that make up His Gracious Majesty's Indian possessions, Their Royal Highnesses' kindness of heart and urbanity impressed profoundly every one who had the high honour of meeting them. You have a Marathi proverb *jasa Raja tasha Praja* (as is the king so are the subjects) and it would be more than well for all of us if we could imitate to even a slight degree the courteous bearing and sympathetic consideration shown by their Royal Highnesses to one and all during their Indian visit. During the past year, I regret to say, death has removed from among you Sardar Saiyadna Mahomed Burhanuddin, who died at Surat on 21st February, 1906. He was the High Priest of the Bohra Community and he was granted the title of a First Class Sardar on the 19th October 1891. I have also to deplore the death of Sardar Vithalrao Krishna Vinchurkar, a representative head of one of the most ancient Deshastha Brahmin houses in the Deccan. The family is sprung from Vithal Shivdev to whom in 1755 the elder Madhavrao Peshwa awarded Vinchur town in Saranjam, as a reward for his gallant conduct in the capture of Ahmedabad. It is, however, a matter of satisfaction that the late Sardar's brother is still alive and well to succeed to the estate and, as I trust, to his honours. I do not propose to detain you with a long speech, but I cannot but express my pleasure to see no less than 17 Sardars of the First Class present here to-day. Among them, I notice with pleasure, the Pant Sachiv of Bhor, Sir Gangadharrao Ganesh, K. C. I. E., Chief of Miraj, the Chief of Ramdurg, the representative of the ancient family of Inchalkaranji, and Sardar Shivaji Bhonsle, the descendent of the great house that once ruled in Satara. And I have to thank all of you, Sardars, for your attendance in that you have assembled here to-day to do honour to our gracious Sovereign. I feel that I am but echoing your thoughts when I express the fervent hope that for many happy years to come His Imperial Majesty may be spared to reign over us.

The usual *pan-supari* and flowers were distributed and the gathering then dispersed.

Among those present were:—Meherban Sardars Shivaji Annasaheb [illegible], Pant Sachiv, Chief of Bhor, Shankar Rav Chimnaji, Sir Gangadhar Rav Ganesh Bala Saheb Patwardhan, Chief (Senior) of Miraj, Vyankatrav [illegible] of Ramdurg, The Honorable Narayanrav [illegible], Baba Saheb Ghorpade, Jahagirdar of Inchalkaranji, Kigundarav [illegible] Dabhade, [illegible] Madhavrav Fotnis, Sadashivrav Madhavrav [illegible] Purandhare, Trimbakrav Nana Saheb Purandhare, Rav Bahadur Khanderav Vishwanath [illegible], [illegible] Khan Bahadur [illegible], C. I. E., Shambhusing Amarsing Jadhavrao, [illegible] Malegaon, Anandrav Khanderav Raste, Coopuswamy Vijayarangam Mudliar, Balaji Madhavrao Phadnis, the Honorable Nowroji Padamji, Govind Balwant Shastri Patwardhan, the Honorable Nowroji Dorabji Khandalawala, Prabhakar Vithal Gupte, Dastur Rustomji Jamaspji, C. I. E., Sitaram Vishwanath Patwardhan, Raghunath Purshottam Paranjpe, Vishweshwarayya, M. Shalungum, Vishnu Narayan Vartak, Kashinath Ramchandra Godbole, Manekchand Tarachand Adaji.

CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, June 30.

The Official celebration of the King-Emperor's Birthday being fixed for yesterday, all the public offices, courts, banks, and mercantile and trading firms were closed in honour of the occasion. Various offices and firms had on a display of bunting conspicuous among it being the Royal Standard and the Union Jack, while the vessels in port were gaily decorated with flags from stem to stern. Numerous trips down the river and picnics at the Botanical Gardens were organised, while the Zoological Gardens came in for a good share of attention. Excursions to Barrackpore and other suburban stations not far from the town also took place and, in short, the majority of the public took advantage of the holiday to enjoy themselves in some form or other.

In the evening Mr. Allen, the Chairman of the Corporation, and Mrs. Allen gave an "At home" which was largely attended by European and Native gentlemen. There was a poor parade of the troops, only about a a hundred persons being present to witness it and there was no march past.

CAMBAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CAMBAY, JUNE 29.

A grand Durbar was held today in the large and magnificent hall of the State Diwankhana. His Highness the Navab Saheb entered the hall at the fixed time when His Highness was cordially received by all the members of the Royal Family, the Shethias and the State Officers. A salute of 31 guns was fired in honour of the birthday of His Most Gracious Majesty Edward VII, King-Emperor of India. His Highness and all present remained standing till the last gun was fired. After the salute was over His Highness was garlanded by Mr. M. G. Desai, B. A., L. L. B., Sar Nyayadhish of the State. The Durbar was then dissolved after attar, garlands and *pan-supari* were distributed among the Shethias and State Officers. The day was observed as a public holiday in all the offices and schools. Sweetmeats were distributed to all the children of the schools. The day passed in public rejoicings, invoking the blessings of the Almighty God upon the kind and benign rule of His Majesty.

NANDOD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NANDOD, June 28.

The usual review in honour of His Most Gracious Majesty the King-Emperor's birthday was held this morning. A salute of 31 guns was fired with a *feu de joie* and three hearty cheers were given for the Imperial Majesty. Amongst those who attended the review were the younger sons of His Highness Maharana Shree Chhatrasinhji, the Raja of Rajpipla who, with the Heir Apparent, is absent in England. A general holiday was observed.

JUNAGAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

JUNAGAD, June 29.

In celebration of the birthday of His Majesty the King-Emperor, a review of the Imperial Service Lancers was held here on the parade-ground under orders from His Highness the Nawab-Saheb. A *feu-de-joie* and Royal salute of 31 guns were fired. Alms were freely distributed to the poor. Schools, colleges and offices were closed.

SAILANA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SAILANA, C. I., JUNE 29.

A public holiday was observed to-day in honour of the King-Emperor's Birthday. [illegible] were fired in the morning.

GONDAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

GONDAL, JUNE 29.

[illegible] in [illegible] Mr. Brown, [illegible] and [illegible] garlands and [illegible] was garlanded and in the evening there was a display of fireworks and illuminations in the town.

HINDOO SOCIAL CLUB, PAREL.

The members of the Hindoo Social Club and friends met in the Club rooms last Friday evening to celebrate the anniversary of the King-Emperor. An excellent concert was improvised, in which each and every friend contributed to the mirth of the evening. A number of European friends, among whom were Messrs. Shene, Rutherford, Phillips, Duckworth and Bosraw, made the gathering cosmopolitan. In doing honour to Their Majesty, Mr. Fodreshaw Peepoos raised the toast of His Majesty. The party dispersed after the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" at which all the Hindoos of the Club, though not knowing what it meant, joined, being in a disposition to indulge in any sort of jollity to commemorate the grand occasion. The success of the evening was due to Mr. Jinna Batoo, the Secretary.

THE BOMBAY CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION.

The King's Birthday was celebrated by this institution on Friday evening with a Social Gathering in their Club rooms. The attendance was large, the fair sex predominating. Mr. Joseph Gonsalves, with the assistance of a few other members of the Association, decorated the premises. The proceedings were opened by Mr. J. P. de Quadros, the Secretary, who proposed the toast of the King. His speech was enthusiastically received and then followed dancing, the intervals of which were enlivened by selections of vocal and instrumental music contributed by Miss Kathleen and Miss Angela Gomes, Miss A. deQuadros and Mr. Thomas Pereira. The party broke up early next morning and Mr. Rudolph DeSouza, the master of ceremonies, will be generously remembered for having given the members of the Association a very enjoyable programme.

THE GOAN COMMUNITY.

The Goan Community of Bombay celebrated the Birthday of His Imperial Majesty, the King-Emperor Edward VII., with a social Gathering on the evening of Saturday last, the 30th ultimo in the Framjee Cowasjee Institute at Dhobi Talao. The hall was very tastefully decorated with flags, evergreens and buntings amidst which was seen in a conspicuous place a large portrait of His Majesty. There was a large and representative gathering of ladies and gentlemen of the community, besides several distinguished guests. Viscount de Wrem, the Portuguese Consul, welcomed the guests in a short and appropriate speech, and congratulated the Goan Community for honouring the auspicious occasion with so successful an entertainment, and concluded by calling for three cheers to the King-Emperor and the Royal Family, which were given most enthusiastically, the band playing God Save the King and the large assemblage remaining standing during the Anthem. Dancing followed and was kept up till the small hours of the morning. The Community on this solemn occasion did its best to make it as grand as possible. Invitations were issued to several leading officials, many of whom, however, expressed regret as they could not attend owing to previous engagements.

Besides this entertainment, the Community addressed the following message to the Private Secretary to H. E. the Viceroy :—"The Goan Community request you to convey to H. E. the Viceroy their humble and respectful greetings on the auspicious occasion of the Birthday of his Majesty the King-Emperor."

AT MAZAGON.

On Friday night there was a social gathering in the Hall of the Mazagon Institute in commemoration of the birthday of H. M. King-Emperor. The President, Mr. M. T. Vaz, M. S. L. P., etc., gave the toast of the Sovereign, which was heartily received by the members, the band playing the National Anthem. This was followed by the toast of the Institute to which Rev. Fr. M. F. X. DeSa did full justice, being seconded by Mr. M. S. Aranha and heartily joined by the members. The premises were tastefully decorated with lights and buntings, a life-size portrait of His Majesty was hung in the centre of the Hall and beautifully decorated.

CUPID AT THE SEASIDE.

BY

ADMIN PUGH.

(Concluded from page [illegible])

On the following night, however, you are found on that self-same seat, talking the self-same nonsense to a different girl. But in all probability, at this same time, your fond sweet-heart of yesterday is being met at the other end of her homeward journey by her proper young man in person. And even as you tell your new flame that you have never met anybody in this world quite like her, your old love is assuring her dubious future husband that she simply has not looked at a man all the time she has been away. Naturally, having a lively recollection of his own customary behaviour at the seaside, he does not swallow this over-statement whole; but, if he be discreet, he drops the subject and there the matter rests in amity. They resume their suspended relations. And both are surprised, a few weeks later, when they find, on going through their belongings, some faded mementoes of their seaside flirtations, of which they had quite forgotten the existence.

A HAPPY HOLIDAY.

For the romance that springs into life out of a holiday lightness of heart is seldom longlived. To the man that fortnight of sentimental foolishness has been an exquisite adventure the after-taste of which helps him to face the prosaic duties of every day with a consoling sense of having lived to the top of his bent for a brief period of his life, at least. There may be years of drudgery ahead of him before he can seriously think of taking to himself a wife; that is why the irresponsibility of this holiday intercourse between youth and maid is so inexpressibly precious. It provides an innocent vent for the superfluous emotionalism that is latent in all young, healthy creatures; and which, if left to react on itself, might poison the very fount of the affections. And to the girl it is an experience which may help her in future years to judge her own husband more tolerantly in the light of her recollection of those various love-sick pretenders with whom she philandered in happy holidays of long ago.

A DISHONEST PUBLIC SERVANT.

Bribed by a Contractor.

THE Hon. Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston, sitting at the High Court, Apellate Side, have disposed of an application for revision made by Venkat Rango, who was convicted by Mr. K. B. Moghe, first class Magistrate at Hubli, of cheating and thereby dishonestly inducing delivery of property, and criminal breach of trust as a public servant, and was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment for each offence, the sentences to be consecutive. On appeal, Mr. T. D. Fry, Sessions Judge of Dharwar, confirmed the convictions, but reduced the sentence passed under each section to three months' rigorous imprisonment, the total sentence being six months' rigorous imprisonment. Mr. Setlur, with Mr. Manubhai Nanabhai appeared for the accused.

The story for the prosecution was this. Narayen Nilaba held a contract for removing the brushwood and other growth on the fire lines. In doing this, he went a little beyond the limits and cut trees. For this the District Forest Officer fined him rupees two as compensation. His orders were communicated by the Ranger to the accused, who was told to recover the fine. Narayen at this time asked the accused, who was the round gaurd, to issue to him permits for the removal of his wood. The accused reported Narayen's case specially to the Ranger and got his orders for the issue of permits to him. When Narayen asked the accused on the 26th September 1905 to issue permits to him, the latter informed him that he was fined five rupees, and unless he paid it, no permit could be issued to him. Accused knew then that the fine was rupees two, and not five. Narayen paid the five rupees and asked for a receipt, which accused said he would pass after the money had been credited to Government. On Narayen asking for the permits, accused demanded a sum of Rs. 20 for his trouble, as he said other contractors paid him. Narayen refused to pay and went to the Range office and made a complaint to the District Forest Officer. It was found on enquiry that the accused had not credited either the five or the two rupees ordered as fine to Government. The accused was convicted and sentenced as mentioned above. The sentence of one year's imprisonment was reduced to six months on appeal.

Their Lordships, after hearing counsel rejected the application.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most Restorers. It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

SPORTING NEWS.

CRICKET.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA "A" vs. NEXT XVI.

THE second day's play brought this match to a close on Saturday when the first XI. won by the very narrow margin of five runs. Exciting as was the finish it might, however, have been even more so had not one of the "sixteen" been absent in the second innings. Streatfield made top score for the "As" with 27, while Stileman was close up with 25 to his credit when he was run out. Barns made 22 and Otto repeated his good play in the first innings by contributing 15. For the XVI, Caddell was easily first with the highest score in the match being bowled by Powell when he had reached 30. King was run out at 18. Hogg made 13. The most dangerous bowler was certainly Powell who only went on in the second innings when he took five wickets for ten runs in six overs, two of which were maidens. Streatfield took 3 wickets for five runs in a ball over three overs, while Hogg took 4 for 22 bowling against the "As" in their second innings. Scores :—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Mr A H O Streatfield, st McNaughton, b Hogg	21	st McNaughten, b Hogg	27
Mr P M D Sanderson, l-b-w Hobbs	2	b West	2
Mr E E Coombs, c Goldney, b Hobbs	6	c Shettle, b Hobbs	2
Mr C L Burns, b Hogg	15	b Hogg	22
Mr E Priestley, c Webb, b West	33	c Hobbs, b West	2
Mr S N Powell, c and b West	7	c Sanderson Hogg	2
Mr J Monteath, c Collier, b Hobbs	9	c Goldney, b Hogg	0
Rev R Warmoll, b West	0	(absent)	
Mr C G Stileman, c Caddell, b West	4	run out	25
Mr A H Otto, not out	26	c Hobbs, b Hogg	15
Mr D H Grant, c Collier, b Hobbs	3	not out	2
Extras	11	Extras	16
Total	135	Total	115

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

1st Innings.	O.	R.	M.	W.	2nd Innings. O.	R.	M.	W.
Mr F P West	16	31	6	4	6	25	1	2
Major Hobbs	16	38	1	4	12	30	2	2
Mr M N Hogg	6	29	0	2	12·3	22	1	4
Mr F J Headlam	4	18	0	0				
Mr R Collier	2	8	0	0				
Mr W H Cole					2	11	0	0
Mr T Croft					3	5	0	0

Hogg bowled one no ball.

NEXT XVI.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Mr E R Caddell, c Sanderson, b Coombs	5	b Powell	30
Mr D Siggers, b Coombs	10	c Powell b Coombs	2
Major G L Hobbs, b Coombs	14	b Coombs	7
Mr F P West, b Coombs	0	c Priestly b Powell	2
Mr R Collier, c Sanderson, b Stileman	4	c Substitute b Stileman	10
Mr M P Hogg, c Burns, b Streatfield	31	c Coombs b Otto	13
Mr H McNaughten, run out	1	(absent)	
Capt Le More, b Stileman	1	b Otto	7
Mr E J Headlam, c Stileman, b Otto	15	b Coombs	8
Mr R L Thomson, st Priestley, b Stileman	0	c Monteath b Otto	0
Mr G R Webb, c and b Stileman	11	b Powell	1
Mr T Croft, c and b Stileman	0	not out	10
Mr A H Goldney, not out	20	b Coombs	0
Mr F B Shettle, b Sanderson	9	b Powell	18
Mr S F W King, b Streatfield	0	run out	2
Mr W H Cole, b Streatfield	0	b Powell	18
Extras	6	Extras	[illegible]
Total	118	Total	127

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

1st Innings.	O.	R.	M.	W.	2nd Innings. O.	R.	M.	W.
Mr Stileman	14	41	4	[illegible]	12	32	2	1
Mr Coombs	12	32	1	[illegible]	15·4	38	3	4
Mr Otto	2	9	0	1	8	28	1	3
Mr Sanderson	2	5	0	1				
Mr Streatfield	3·1	5	0	3				
Mr Powell					6	10	2	5

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST C. C. vs. SUFFI TEAM C. C.

This match was played on the Marine Lines (Maidan) ground on Saturday, and resulted in a drawn game. Scores :—

SUFFI C. C.

Tambuwalla, b Prabhawalker	27
[illegible], b Prabhawalker	10
[illegible] Tayabjee, b R. C. Marathe	[illegible]
Abdali, b Prabhawalker	4
Mahomed Hussein, c Taliarkhan, b Prabhawalker	0
Saifi Captain, b Chothia	8
Ahmedali, not out	7
Sauchawalla, b Prabhawalker	0
M. Tailor, c Dias, b Prabhawalker	5
Tarwala, c and b Prabhawalker	3
Extras	15
Total	80

B. I. TRUST C. C.

R. W. Fisher Captain, c Tailor, b Sullemanji	11
C. M. Ali st b Tambuwalla	10
Prabhawalker, c H Mahomed, b Tambuwalla	3
M Byramji, c Tayabji, b Sullemanji	3
Samson, c and b Tambuwalla	5
Taliarkhan, not out	4
Chothia, c and b Sullemanji	7
Dias, not out	1
Thompson Marathe Rodrigues	not played for want of time.
Extras	4
Total	46

GRAHAM'S vs. MAHOMEDAN C. C.

The above Club's met on the Oval on the former's ground on Saturday and Graham's won by 21 runs. Scores :—

GRAHAM'S C. C.

Mr. R. Oliver c Idrus b Ray	0
Mr. G. Fanaken, c Aziz b Idrus	14
Mr. M. Arabi, c Jamali b Idrus	10
Mr. H. E. Harrington, c Shaikhusain b Idrus	17
Mr. Gulmahomed, c Adum b Idrus	21
Mr. Jamshedjee run out	1
Mr. H. D. Harrington run out	7
Mr. Munsukhlal l-b-w b Ray	2
Mr. C. Templeton b Idrus	0
Mr. Nundram b Ray	0
Mr. Motiram not out	0
Extras	11
Total	76

MAHOMEDAN. C. C.

Mr. Aziz b Arabi	6
Mr. Ali Shah b Arabi	6
Mr. Rassack c Gulmahomed b Motiram	13
Mr. Syedalli c Fanaken b Motiram	5
Mr. Peermahomed b Motiram	8
Mr. Jawali Jamshedjee b Arabi	0
Mr. M. R. Ray c. D. Harrington b Oliver	11
Mr. Idrus c D Harrington b. H. E. Harrington.	5
Mr. Shaikhusain b. Oliver	0
Mr. Shaikadum not out	3
Mr Polobba b. Oliver	0
Extras	3
Total	55

P. W. D. C. C. vs. CITY CLUB.

This match was played on the Oval on Saturday resulting in a victory for the P. W. D. by six wickets and eight runs. For the losing team R. Phillips topped the score with a well played 28, whilst W. Kelly, who knocked up 20, was the only other player to enter into double figures.

For the P. W. D., R. G. Kent came out first best with 27 to his credit. Next came Bell with 22 (not out) and Stevenson followed third with 17. Stevenson bowled well, taking six wickets four 4 runs. Kelly did most of the damage with the ball for the City Club.

G. I. P. RAILWAY vs. WILSON COLLEGE GYMKHANA.

Played on Saturday on the Marine Lines ground and resulting in a win for the G. I. P. Ry. by 19 runs. The G. I. P. batted first and scored 71 runs chiefly owing to the fine display of 23 and 50 by R. Hogan and Lees respectively. The College failed in their batting and only succeeded in knocking up 52 runs. R. Hogan bowled well for the G. I. P., taking five wickets at small cost.

R. I. L. I. C. C. vs. R. I. M. DOCKYARD C. C.

This match was played on the Oval on Friday and resulted in an easy victory for the R. I. L. I. by an innings and 37 runs. The following were the scores :—

R. I. M. DOCKYARD C. C.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
C. Horne, c Ferrao, b D'Souza	2	b Ferrao	5
H. Burn, not out	30	c D'Mello, b Braganza	0
C. Kelly, l-b-w b D'Souza	15	absent	0
G. J. Drake, b D'Souza	0	b Braganza	3
S. F. Pearcey, c Rodrigues, b D'Souza	3	c D'Mello, b Braganza	19
Janardhan, b D'Souza	0	c D'Mello, b Braganza	0
Poonegar, b D'Souza	2	not out	[illegible]
Laxton, b D'Souza	0	c D'Sa, b Braganza	[illegible]
Colkers, c D'Mello, b Ferrao	3	b Braganza	0
S. Jayaker, c Rodrigues, b D'Souza	0	b Ferrao	0
R Chand, c D'Mello, b D'Souza	5	c D'Mello b Ferrao	0
Extras	4	Extras	1
Total	64	Total	29

REAL INSTITUTO LUSO INDIANO.

D Rodrigues, st b Burn	7
J Rodrigues, c Burn, b Pearcey	6
J C Ferrao, b Janardhan	30
A Da Gama, b Burns	5
F D'Mello, b Pearcey	23
W D'Souza, b Pearcey	10
M D'Mello, b Pearcey	0
N Ferrao, b Pearcey	6
J P Braganza, st b Burn	12
J Fonceca, b Burn	3
T Dias, not out	1
Extras	[illegible]
Total	13[illegible]

B. I. T. C. C. vs. GREAVES COTTON C. C.

This match was played on the Oval ground on Friday, and resulted in a win for the former by 56 runs. Scores :—

GREAVES COTTON C. C.

N G Hunt, b Kamruddin	0
J R Pooly, run out, b Chothia	0
K A Kapadia, c Talyarkhan b Kamruddin	37
Dwacar, b Chothia	14
A Pooly, b Chothia	3
Telang, b Kamruddin	10
Ruttonsha, b Chothia	10
Fullartan, b Kamruddin	6
Melampa, c Kamruddin, b Kamruddin	3
Pereira, run out	1
Desai, not out	1
Extras	4
Total	92

B. I. T. CRICKET CLUB.

S D Prabavalker, b Telang	29
C M Ali, run out, b Telang	56
J H Talyarkhan, c Ruttonsha, b Telang	8
R W Fisher, b Ruttonsha, c Fullortan	0
R Sorabji, b Kapadia	14
P Chothia, c Hunt, b Telang	2
Byramjee, played in, b Pooly	0
R C Marathi, not out	14
D Thompson, b Telang	2
K R Doctor, c Hunt, b Hunt	3
Acharya, b Hunt	7
Extras	13
Total	148

FOOTBALL.

The Harwood League.

The game on Saturday afternoon between the Royal Garrison Artillery and the Bombay Gymkhana ended in an easy victory for the Gunners by three goals to love. From the onset the Gunners asserted their superiority and maintained it to the finish. The R. G. A. opened the game and pressed vigorously, but the back line of the Gymkhana saved the situation on more than one occasion. The result would have been even more disastrous for the Gymkhana but for the timely resistance of the Gymkhana custodian and the excellent combination of their back division. In the first half the victors notched one goal and added two more in the second half, thus winning by three goals. Result :—

R. G. A. ... 3 Goals.
Gymkhana ... Nil.

The following table shows results to date :—

Clubs.	P.	W.	L.	D.	Goals. For	Agst.	Pts.
[illegible] Scots	4	4	0	0	10	0	8
Y. M. C. A.	6	4	0	0	10	1	8
Bombay Gymkhana	6	3	3	0	8	9	6
Telegraph	5	2	2	1	2	3	5
Rovers	4	2	2	0	6	4	4
Royal Artillery	5	2	2	1	6	2	6
City	6	1	3	2	3	11	3
Parel Gymkhana	6	0	6	0	0	15	0

POONA GYMKHANA RACES.

Second Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JUNE 30.

The second day of the Poona Gymkhana races, which were held on the Kirkee race course, came off to-day, attracting a large attendance which included Lord Lamington and the Ganeshkind party, Major-General Richardson acted as Judge, the Stewards being Mr. A. Simcox, Lt.-Col. Patterson, Lt.-Col. Grantham, Major Bulter, Major Leslie and Major Stack. Lt.-Col. Hathaway was starter, Captain Anderson, Clerk of the Scales, Lt. Uniacke, Clerk of the Course and Lt. F. G. Gillies, the Honorary Secretary. A sharp shower fell just before the first race [illegible] caused some apprehension as to the afternoon's enjoyment. [illegible] fairly full and the ladies had donned their prettiest dresses for the occasion. The rain lasted over the first race but ceased immediately after and the sky soon brightened up and left a fine afternoon rendered pleasantly cool. Three favourites came home and two second favourites also took premier honours so that it was a successful day in every way.

The results were as follows :—

Wai Handicap.—For all English and Colonial ponies that ran on the first day. Distance.—4 furlongs.

Capt Meynell's b aus g Moonstone 12st 7lbs....Owner 1
Mr Forbes' b aus m Forget me not 11st 7lbs. Owner 2
Mr J Kennedy's ch aus m Syren 12st 7lbs...Mr Deane 3

Also ran : Capt Bruce's b aus g Ronald 10st 11lbs Capt Gregory ; Mr Mead's ch basuto g Report 10st Mr Wright ; Capt Crosse's b aus m Lady Bay 10st Owner.

Betting.—3 to 1 on Moonstone, 3 to 2 Syren, 3 to 1 Forget-Me-Not, 15 to 1 the others.

Won easily by a length and two lengths between 2nd and 3rd.

1st Katraj Handicap.—For ponies that ran in the Polo Scurry on the first day. Distance.—3 furlongs.

Capt Bruce's g a g Grey Lance 10st 9lbs......Capt Gregory 1
Mr Kennedy's ch a g Ration, 10st 5lbs.......Capt Meynell 2
Hon A Hill Trevor's b a g Johad, 10st 6lbs......Mr Anderson 3

Betting.—4 to 1 on Grey Lance, 2 to 1 Ration, 3 to 2 Johad.

Won by one length and a half. Same distance between 2nd and 3rd.

2nd Katraj Handicap.—For ponies that ran in the Polo Scurry on the first day. Distance.—3 furlongs.

Mr Gourlie's b a g Little Gallant, 10st 1lb...Capt Gregory 1
Capt Meynell's b a g Afghanistan, 11st 4lbs Owner 2
Mr Lucas' g a g Moltke, 10st 6lbs........Mr Wright 3

Also ran : Major Burlton's g a g Batcha, 10st Mr Passy, Major Butler's g a g Greey Goose, 10st 2lbs Mr Deane.

Betting.—4 to 1 on Afghanistan, 2 to 1 Moltke, 3 to 1 Little Gallant, 4 to 1 Grey Goose, 6 to 1 Batcha.

Won by a length, Neck separating 2nd and 3rd.

4th Miraj Handicap.—For all horses that ran on the first day. Distance.—6 furlongs.

Mr J Gourlie's b aus g Archipelago, 10st 7lbs Owner 1
Major Burlton's b aus m Comet, 11st 7lbs........Mr Wright 2
Aga Shamshudin Shah's b aus g Sheet Anchor (by Metal ex Morning Mist) 9st..............Mr Deane 3

Betting.—5 to 1 on Comet, 3 to 2 Archipelago, 2 to 1 Sheet Anchor.

Won by eight lengths. Same distance between 2nd and 3rd.

5th Visapur Handicap.—For ponies that ran on Ganeshwar Plate on the first day. Distance.—4 furlongs.

Mr Gout's ch a g Don Juan, 10st 2lbs...Mr Deane 1
Mr Black's b a g Pasha, 11st 9lbs...Capt Gregory 2
Capt Meynell's br a g The Lawyer, 11st 2lbs Owner 3

Also ran : Mr Mortimer's g a g Arabi, 7st 11lbs Owner, Mr Gillies' b a g Saimoo, 8st 3lbs Mr Anderson.

Betting.—2 to 1 on the Lawyer 3 to 2 Don Juan, 2 to 1 Saimoo, 15 to 1 Arabi.

Won by a neck, Half a length between 2nd and 3rd.

6th Sivaji Handicap.—For Arab ponies that ran on the first day. Distance.—4 furlongs.

Mr Gillies' b a g Khooshab, 11st.....Capt Gregory 1
Mr Deane's ch cb m Rosie O'Grady, 8st 11lbs Owner 2

Betting.—3 to 1 Rosie O' Grady, 4 to 6 on Khoosab

Won by half a length.

BANGALORE RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JUNE 30.

The third day of the races here took place to-day and was an entire success. The attendance was good and although the numbers entered were not large, the class of horses appearing on the programme gave promise of a good day's sport. Besides several Bombay visitors Sir Charles Egerton, Sir Arnold and Lady White, General and Mr. Nixon, the Maharaja and the Dewan of Mysore were present. Colonel Connelly acted as Judge, Colonel Brereton was time-keeper, and Mr. Cursetjee Bhumgeeshaw as handicapper with Mr. Davy, Clerk of the Course. Phil Courage had an easy thing in defeating Philistine for the Dewan's Purse, while Harpist had a doubtful win in the Ali Horse Handicap. Sheik gave place to Osborne, ridden by Heeroo in the Cambridgeshire. In the great race of the day the Maharaja's Cup, Red Coral was an easy favourite with Royalist very well backed. It was to the general surprise therefore that Mr. Apcar's Seclusion came in first. The following are the details :—

The Dewan's Purse Rs. 1,000 of which Rs. 50 presented by the Dewan of Mysore. For C. B's 1 mile. Haji Ahmed Saits Phil Courage 8st. 8lbs......Meah [illegible]

Colonel Grant's Philistine 9st.......[illegible]

Betting.—5 to 4 on Phil Courage, evens Philistine.

The Race.—They ran level to near home. Phil Courage having the others beaten won easily by three lengths. Time 1 min. 55secs.

The Excelsior Plate Rs. 600. For ponies 14-2 and under. A handicap 5 furlongs.

Mr. Ramshaw's Wakeful 8st 11lb..............Barrett 1
Mr. Gregory's Pentunia 10st 8lbs..................Southall 2
Colonel Desaraj Little Admiral 8st 2lbs......Robinson 3

Also ran :—Nurse Kitty 6-9.

Betting :—6 to 4 on Wakeful, 4 to 1 against little Admiral, 5 to Petunia, 10 to 1 Nurse Kitty.

The Race.—Little Admiral forced the pace from the start then was caught up by Wakeful at the quarter mile and the latter won easily by three lengths, neck between second and third. Time—1 min. 5-5-1 secs.

Winner trained by Owner.

The Ali Horse Handicap. Rs. 900. For Horses A Handicap. 5 furlongs.

Mr. Kelso's Harpist. 8st 13lbs ....Robinson 1
Mr. Buller's Mercedes. 9st 9lbs ....Southall 2
Mr. Beaumont's Thomond, 9st 1lbs ....A. Hoyt 3

Also Ran.—Balayense 8st 8lbs, Quaver, 6st 10lbs.

Betting :—2 to 1 on Harpist, 4 to 1 against Thomond and Mercedes, 6 to 1 Balayense.

Race.—Quaver bolted at the start with her jockey and got away. Thomond led from the release with Harpist close up. At the quarter mile Harpist drew away and just won by a head, same distance between second and third. Time.—1 min. 4-5 secs.

Winner trained by Byramji Rustomji.

Carabiniers Subalterns Challenge Cup, over the Chase Course 1 1-2 miles.

Mr. Webster's Flight 12st. 10lbs..................Owner 1
Mr. Gower's Tamring 11st. 7lbs..........Mr. Kennard 2
Mr. Gore-Langton's Eva 11st. 10lbs ....Owner 3

Also ran :—The Brat 12st. 10lb. Greyskin 12st. 10lbs. A[illegible]ist 12st. 10lbs. Battleaxe 12st. 10lbs. and Tom Tucker 12st. 10lb.

Betting. Evans Flight, 2 to 4 against Tamring, longer odds the others.

The Race. Flight and Tamring led alternately till they got on the flat course when a dingdong finish home resulted in Flight winning by a length. Time 3 mins 29 4-5 secs.

The Cambridgeshire value Rs. 600 for Arabs 14-1 and under. A Handicap 1-2 mile.

Mr. Abdal Razak's Osborne 7st. 8lbs. ....Heeroo 1
Mr. Kelso's Hermit 10st. 2lbs ....Robinson 2
Mr. Tayleur's Whiteface 8st. 1lbs..................Southall 3

Also ran :—Sheik 9st. Ptarmigan, 8st. 3lbs., Mauser 6st. 7lbs 6 carried 7st.

Betting : 2 to 4 against Sheik, 5 to 2 Whiteface 3 to 1 Ptarmigan, 4 to 1 Hermit, 6 to 1 Osborne.

The Race.—Osborne got off with a clear lead which he kept all through and won handsomely by a length and a quarter, a length between second and third Time—54 2-5 secs.

The July Plate.—Rs. 1,200, for Horses. A Handicap 1 1-4 miles.

Colonel Desari Urs' Red Coral 8st 1lb..........Evans 1
Hon. Thellusson's Madeira 7st. ....Hoyst 2
Mr. R. R. S's Chassepot 9st 6lbs ....Heeroo 3

Also ran :—Royalist 9-12 Mornine 9-4 and Trenton.

Betting :—Evens Red Coral, 3 to 1 against Royalist, 4 to 1 Chassepot and Mornine, 6 to 1 Madeira, 8 to 1 Trenton.

The Race :—Red Coral at once settled down with the lead and keeping in front all the way won by ten lengths. Time—2 mins 11 2-5 secs.

Winner trained by Mr. Patanah.

The Desert Handicap Rs. 1,000. For Arab Horses. A Handicap. 1 1-4 miles.

R. R. S's Precious 10st 10lbs....................Robinson 1
Capt Marchant's King Cobweb 8st 2lbs........Vining 2
Mr. Beaumount's Sweet William 7st 3lbs.......A Hoyt 3

Also ran :—Arbistan 9-2, Harefoot 6-8 cd 7-1.

Betting :—Evens Precious, 6 to 4 against Sweet William and King Cobweb, 6 to 1 Arbistan.

The Race :—Sweet William and Arabistan cut out the pace to the turn, where King Cobweb showed out, but Precious came with a rattle and won by half a length, three lengths between second and third. Time—2 mins. 14 3-5 secs.

Winner trained by Byramji Rustomji.

A Match.—Rs. 100 a side. Distance 3 furlongs.

Major Hay's K. C. I. E. 10st..................Capt Dent 1
Mr. Walker's Wakeful 11 11st........................Owner 2

Betting :—5 to 1 on Wakeful, 4 to 1 against K. C. I. E.

The Race.—The pair raced together to the rails, where K. C. I. E. stayed out and won by lengths. Time—41 secs.

PAPER-CHASING AT SECUNDERABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JUNE 30.

The 12th Light Cavalry held a Paperchase at Bo[illegible] on Thursday. The course was well laid out by Major Amcia, and the start was near Gumbuy, the check at Target Rock and the finish laid over a hurdle, a wall and a water jump. A large field turned out and the going was excellent. Major Rettie, R. E., had a nasty spill near home. The finish was most exciting between Captain Keble, 26th Cavalry, and Colonel Wiggin, 13th Hussars. Colonel Wiggin was almost home when Captain Keble, on Susie, came with a rush over the water and won.

Colonel Westlake and the officers were "At Home." Paperchases will be held quite frequently in the near future. The 13th Hussars, following the 26th Cavalry's example, are holding one next Saturday. Amongst the lady riders who turned out were Mrs. Westlake, Miss Bicknell and Miss Brett, who rode hard and took the jumps with the best.

THE SECUNDERABAD GYMKHANA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SECUNDERABAD, JUNE 30.

The first Skittle Gymkhana of the season was held this afternoon on the Maidan in fair weather. All the events were interesting and decidedly humorous, especially the final competition the Telegram Stakes, in which the gentleman had to run to his lady partner and compose a telegram from letters of a sealed word. Mr. and Mrs. Gryer won. The Judges were Col. Stokes and Mr. Eardley Norton. Altogether a very merry evening was spent, the Volunteers' Band being in attendance.

ONE SUMMER DAY.

Giant trees above me,
Flowers at my feet,
All the air a sweetness
Summer days to greet.
Myriad sounds of nature
Charm the fairy hour
Joy has woven o'er me
With her magic power,

Hairbells bluely liquid,
Buttercups of gold,
Daisies white and rosy
All my heart enfold,
Tripping, tripping, tripping
Comes my Lady fair,
Azure clouds about her
Lilies in her hair.
June and July meeting
In her lovely face ;
August's wealth of richness
Cannot add more grace.
Songsters cease their singing ;
Queen of Song is she ;
They must worship dumbly,
Waiting patiently.
Love is all around her ;
At her feet he lies,
Dares to gaze in rapture
In her sunny eyes.
Tripping, tripping, tripping
On the way she goes ;
Eyes cast down demurely,
Blushing as a rose.

Love he stands before her,
Can she pass him by ?
No——his arms have caught her
Happy is her sigh.
Lover's vows are whispered
"Ever and for aye"
Kisses fond are given
On this Summer day.

"Ever," sing the wild birds
Bursting into Song ;
"Ever" laughs an Echo
Mockingly along.
"Ever." Ah ! no flowers
Scent the path I tread,
For my lovely Lady,
Vision like has fled.

Faint as wandering Zephyrs,
Short as Summer night,
Was the love my Lady
Fancied once so bright,
Just a dream that faded
[illegible] years long ago,
[illegible]
[illegible]

BY THE WAY.

SLEEPY HOLLOW.

SHOULD the fashion for exchanging visits extend to the French and English Government offices, it is to be hoped that our War Office staff will not find the French War Department in the condition which Wellington discovered. He found that they had four thousand clerks at the War Office and that they had had twice or thrice that number in Napoleon's time. We then had about one hundred and fifty clerks—sixty under the Secretary at War, forty at the Ordnance, and about fifty at the Horse Guards. Our little lot did the work which it required four thousand French clerks to discharge. Yet the French clerks began their work at six o'clock in the morning—four or five hours earlier than their English contemporaries.

WHEN BRITON MET GREEK.

Although Mr. Robert Hamilton lost no property, he seems to have come in for rough usage over his arrest in Madrid, and there will be no little curiosity as to what the Foreign Office will do when his case is laid before it. The attack upon Don Pacifico's house in Athens led to serious international complications. He was a Jew, but born at Gibraltar, was a British subject. His claim for damages not being met, a British fleet was sent to the Piræus, and war between France and England was narrowly averted. In the House of Lords a vote of censure against Palmerston was carried, but the Commons supported him after the greatest speech of his life, and Don Pacifico got a thirtieth of the damages which he had first demanded.

THE SERVANT PROBLEM.

Bequests to servants are a common and estimable feature of the wills of the wealthy. Sometimes behind those bequests there is a different story from that which is to be inferred from surface indications. At the present moment a lonely aged woman is awaiting the order to quit the house in which she has served for thirty years. Her master and mistress are dead; somebody is to buy the house and bid her give up her place to a younger woman. Her name figured as that of a legatee in the will of eccentric wealthy testators, her late employers. The amount of legacy works out at fourpence per week for her term of service, during which time her wages have been £12 a year, for doing all the work of a big house. Too old now to take a fresh place, with savings only sufficient to last at most a couple of years, this woman expects at the end of a life of hard work to find the solution of the servant problem in the workhouse.

PEACE AND WAR.

When a picture appeared during the Boer war representing Lord Roberts teaching a little girl to write, while an orderly waited for instructions at the entrance to the tent, copies of that picture sold like hot cakes. Sentimentally the story was pretty, but there were censorious critics who said, "This is not war," and in due course Lord Roberts had to write to a correspondent saying that the story which the picture was supposed to represent was not wholly true. The picture has now come into the market and fetched a price which would have been a good deal higher had it portrayed an historical incident. It would be interesting now to know if another remarkable incident related at the same time were really true. This story was that an orderly hastened up one Sunday morning to Lord Roberts during service in the Cape Town Anglican Cathedral to present despatches, and that service was suspended until the C.-in-C. had perused the documents.

THE ONE THING LACKING.

Many people will still remember a picture bearing the title "The First of May," of which a vast number of copies were sold. The picture dealt with the story of the Duke of Wellington's bequest to the Duke of Connaught. In a golden casket were jewels and the title-deeds of an estate. The casket was presented on the christening of the baby prince, and the only condition was that it should not be opened until the Prince's twenty-first birthday. So, in anticipation of the coming of age of the fortunate recipient, an artist got out a picture prettily depicting the scene. There was only one little fault to be found : there was not a work of truth in the story. There were no jewels, no estates, no casket. The whole thing had been imagined, and had lived and flourished for one-and-twenty years.

A SLIGHT MISDESCRIPTION.

It was to the "Times" that the authorities delegated the duty of contradicting the whole story. The rapudiation sufficed, but was not quite so categorical as Cuvier's reply to a dictionary description of the lobster. "A red fish that walks backwards"—so ran the definition. "The lobster is not a fish ; it is not red ; it does not walk backwards ; otherwise the description is correct," was the reply of Cuvier when he was asked to confirm the picture.

THE NEW JUDGE.

Mr. Ralph Neville, K. C., the new Chancery judge, has long occupied a foremost place at the Chancery Bar. To the public he is well-known as the chairman of the Garden City Association and for his interest in several other movements for the good of the community. Among the members of the Bar he bears the reputation of being one of the most learned and skilful practitioners in the Equity Courts. Like Mr. Warmington, he has belonged to the select circle of "especials" at the Chancery Bar, to which Mr. Haldane who was once Mr. Neville's chief opponent in Mr. Justice Romer's court also belonged before he left the Bar for the War Office.

HIS CAREER.

Mr. Justice Neville, whose father was a surgeon at Esher, joined the Bar at Lincoln's Inn in 1872. His earliest successes in the forensic arena were won at Liverpool where for several years he was the leader of the Palatine Court. He defeated Mr. Goschen at a by-election in the Exchange Division of Liverpool in 1887, and continued to sit for the constituency until 1895. He began to practise regularly in London when Lord Halsbury gave him "silk" in 1888, when he at once secured a leading position in Mr. Justice Kekewich's court, where Mr. Warmington was his principal opponent. With the members of the Chancery Bar his promotion to the Bench is most popular. It would have been equally popular ten years ago.

THE CHAPEL OF THE ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE.

Originally the Consistory Court, the chapel in the south aisle of the nave of St. Paul's Cathedral, dedicated yesterday to the above Order, was for many years known as the Wellington Chapel, as here was erected, much against the wishes of its designer (the late Mr. Stevens), the magnificent marble sarcophagus of the Duke of Wellington. In the Consistory Court this splendid work of art was quite thrown away, it being impossible to see its minuteness of detail, placed, as it was, between the observer's eye and the light from the large plain-glass windows. In its new position, however, beneath one of the nave arches, the monument to the great Duke is ideally placed, and both it and the now elaborately decorated chapel, with its gilded roof and many silken banners, in no small measure help to relieve the sombre grandeur of the west end of the great cathedral.

THE FIRST LONDON BRIDGE.

One of the most interesting of the presents given to Lady Mary Hamilton on the occasion of her marriage to-morrow (Thursday) consists of two paper-knives made out of a portion of one of the wooden piles on which the original London Bridge, erected by Peter of Colechurch in the time of William, the conqueror, was built. A correspondent informs us that he is in possession of a similar segment. It is about nine inches wide and one and a half inches thick, weighs just five pounds, and is as sound to-day as it was when driven in upwards of 800 years ago. The pile of which the segment is part was dug up nineteen years ago when excavations were being made for the buildings at Botolph Wharf.

PAIRED FOR DIVISION.

Mr. Walter Long, the other day, in the House of Commons, says "P. T. O.," Mr. T. P. O'Connor's new paper, drew a pathetic picture of a household divided against themselves as a result of Woman's Suffrage when it came to wives voting against their husbands. At the I. L. P. Conference it was noticed that on the voting for the place of meeting next year Mrs. Snowden voted for Buxton, while Mr. Snowden, M. P., voted for Edinburgh. "Great Scot !" muttered Mr. Snowden, "see how my wife is voting," and then he signalled to her. A slight flush suffused her face as she smiled back again, but her hand was still up in support of Buxton. "Women," said Mr. Snowden regretfully, "ought never to have votes." Is it, asks "P. T. O.," that Mr. Long is also of the sons of the prophets ?

A PRINCELY GIVER.

Mr. George Herring has again shown a munificent spirit to the Sunday Fund by promising to add one-forth to the amount collected in places of worship, as well as to the total of a special collection being made in the City this year, up to a maximum gift of £25,000. Mr. Herring has given to the hospitals through the Sunday Fund in seven years no less than £78,203, and he has so earned a right to express, as a keen man of business, his views on hospital expenditure. No doubt here and there, there has been a tendency to over-build in recent years, and to counteract this Mr. George Herring has secured that the whole of the funds raised on Hospital Sunday will be given for the maintenance of patients and not for buildings.

THE "DISAPPEARANCE" OF THE SPARROW.

A correspondent writes to the "County Gentleman" to inquire whether any of its readers can account for the extraordinary disappearance in many parts of the country of the common house-sparrow : Here in Dorsetshire (he says) they are, as a general rule, to be seen in thousands. We have an old ivy-covered wall which has, ever since, I can remember, been a very favourite nesting-place. This year it is entirely forsaken, there being at the most three or four nests, while the sight of a sparrow is hailed with delight, for one somehow misses them now they are gone, however much one may have wished to be rid of them before. A friend [illegible]

THE LADIES' CORNER.

FELINE FANCIERS.

"THE feline tribe," writes a lady fancier, "is lucky to-day in having among our Royal ladies admirers who not only take an interest in cats of the domestic hearth, but make a study of them from the fanciers' point of view. The Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein makes the culture of the Persian cat her one particular hobby, and her Highness, who is the patron of the National Cat Club, which is to hold its great championship show at the Crystal Palace in December next, always sends some of her beautiful chinchilla and silver-coated specimens for exhibition. At her home in Windsor Park may be seen a charming cottage of two floors, designated to the comfort of these fortunate little animals. There are especial rooms for each breed, kitchens for cooking special foods, and machines of the best kind for regulating the special cuisine necessary for the proper culture of the delicate Persian when in its kittenhood.

PRINCESS VICTORIA'S PET.

"Princess Victoria of England's special pet is a fine black poodle, who is said to be the most intelligent of its kind. Although her Royal Highness is a great lover of birds and other quaint pets, she is especially fond of the French poodle, and it is very rarely she travels without her canine friend. Although her Majesty has not signalized so much attention publicly to this class of fancy as in the canine world, she is a great admirer of the playful kitten, and loves to have one about her. One of the prettiest portraits ever taken of Queen Alexandra depicts her with a pet kitten perched upon her shoulder."

NEW EVENING GOWNS.

Amongst the season's latest models at Kate Reily's (writes our Fashion expert) was a charming creation of heliotrope chiffon over pink taffetas, which blended exquisitely. This was beautifully embroidered in silver Rama, which has the advantage of never tarnishing. The lower part of this skirt was of heliotrope satin en forme, which was elaborately embroidered to correspond with the corsage. A clinging princess gown, a glorious shade of [illegible] in the new soft moire was a perfect gem, with some lovely real guipure point lace draping the bodice, outline with a silver thread. The square decollete chemisette was of finely pleated net, and the sleeves in handkerchief shape, also of the net, all outlined with silver. A long black flowing opera coat in supple black taffetas was charmingly trimmed with spotted ostruches and lined with pale pink stain. Another, in palest pink taffetas, with double cape, which was ruched and fell in points back and front, had a lace hood, which when drawn over the head formed a point in front. This capuchon was outlined with a wreath of small blue velvet primulas and baby roses. Lined chiffon and with full ruches of soft lace, this was indeed a delightful confection.

"This year," writes lady correspondent in Paris, "I did not see so much lily of the valley as usual sold on the course. Chantilly is noted for its exquisite 'muguet,' but this season, though so late and so cold, seems to have forced the delicious white flowers, and already they have lost their beauty. Some of the cambric frocks, in pale pastel tints, were ideally lovely ; one in particular attracted my attention by reason of its graceful outlines and novel design. The material was fine cambric, in a delicate shade of 'twine,' and at the hem of the skirt there were a number of narrow frills of fine twine-coloured lace, arranged in vandykes; above these frills there were bold scrolls of twine-coloured insertion, and the high waistband was of crossed ribbons passed through tortoiseshell buckles. Above this belt there was the most charming little bolero of twine-coloured suede embroidered in silver, and at the throat a high 'stock' of emerald green satin. The hat which accompanied it was in the perfection of good taste—a small turban covered entirely with white pansies ; at the back an immense bow of black satin ribbon and a jaunty-looking bird in emerald green.

A PICTURE DRESS.

"Another dress—quite in 'picture' style—which made a sensation in the 'pesage' was composed of ivory-white chiffon cloth—the hem beautifully braided in a bold design of silver and palest grey. Over the shoulders there was a curious cape—which boasted long ends back and front—of grey crepe de Chine, and the blouse underneath was of ivory-coloured Bruges lace. The crepe de Chine cape was caught in at the waist by a belt of black velvet ribbons, and the full sleeves, which finished off well above the elbows, were of the same lace as the blouse. With this gown a 'Winterhalter' hat of white crin was worn ; the crown surrounded by a thick wreath of cherries and white dog-roses, and at the back, under the brim, a big bow of black velvet ribbon.

BATTLE OF THE HATS.

"I noticed at Chantilly a great many very small hats and a great many very large ones. One might have supposed that it was the scene of a duel between the 'Ligue des Petits Chapeaux' and its opponents ! Of course the 'Ligue' does not [illegible] the kind of hat to be worn at race meetings, but it has been so much talked about lately that almost everyone has 'taken sides' and the big hat brigade are determined to hold their own on every possible occasion. I have already given it as my opinion that the last word has been spoken on the subject of theatre hats, and I do not see how any woman—even the most daring—is going to fight the 'Ligue.' No one can deny that the Comtesse Greffulhe is the acknowledged leader of the best 'set' in Paris. She herself wears the 'petit chapeau' on almost all occasions."

LUXURIOUS CUSHIONS.

We are all apt, at times, to let our imaginations run riot, and dream of luxuries unattainable, but excepting for those whose means are above the average the latest fancy for cushions certainly seems a somewhat extravagant one. We have become quite accustomed to the dainty summer cushion cover, which can be of hand-embroidered fabrics and laces, from the most simple to the priceless old Flemish and Venetian point. Now, the cushion for next winter season is to be of ermine or chinchilla. Imagine an ermine cushion with soft, hanging frills of old Alencon or point laces, or an embroidered white satin cushion with wide border of chinchilla, or the order reversed —the cushion of chinchilla and embroidered border and frill of white satin. The cushion world ordains also that the size is to be very much increased. It is kind to let us know, anyhow, so long in advance. But summer is coming first !

LONDON BARGAINS.

It is satisfactory to find that though Harrods' stock will bear comparison with the best in London, it is possible still to obtain what one wants at a reasonable price in this enormous and magnificently appointed establishment. In the interests of those who are still unprovided with thin inexpensive tea-gowns and summery dressing gowns we have taken special notice of these garments and have great pleasure in testifying to the excellence of those found at Harrods. With such a large and varied clientele an enormous stock is absolutely necessary, but some very delectable examples are to be found at a very reasonable price.

TORTURE AND HUMILIATION

For Fifteen Years Face and Body Mass of Itching Sores—Could Not Suppress Suffering—Doctors Did No Good.

CURED BY CUTICURA WHEN HOPE HAD GONE

"My head was one mass of scabs, my forehead was covered down to my eyebrows, and I had to suffer all the time. My body was covered with spots in size from a pinhead to as large as a silver dollar. Anything merely would form and itch, and words cannot express the torture and humiliation I suffered for fifteen years. I tried many doctors, and all kinds of treatments, but could get no help, and I thought there was no hope for me. A friend told me to get Cuticura. I did, and in three days my head was as clear as ever. I applied Cuticura Ointment night and morning, also taking a hot bath with Cuticura Soap three times a week, and using the Ointment freely after the bath. After using one cake of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was completely cured, without mark or blemish. I was so pleased I felt like running down the street to tell every one I met what Cuticura had done for me. If any one has a doubt about this they may write to me. (signed) H. E. Franklin, 717 Washington St., Allegheny, Pa."

COMPLETE TREATMENT
For Every Humour from Pimples to Eczema

Complete external and internal treatment for every humour, consisting of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, may now be had of all chemists. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning and scaly humours, eczemas, rashes, and irritations, from infancy to age, when physicians and all else have failed.

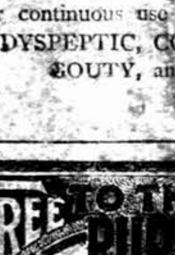
Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq. [illegible] Paris; Australia, R. Towns & Co., [illegible] Chem. Corp., Boston, U. S. A., Sole Prop[illegible] Mailed Free, "Skin and Blood [illegible]"

"APENTA"
NATURAL HUNGARIAN APERIENT WATER
Bottled at the Springs, Budapest, Hungary.

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE HOUSEHOLD APERIENT

For continuous use by the BILIOUS, DYSPEPTIC, CONSTIPATED, GOUTY, and OBESE.

FREE TO THE RUPTURED

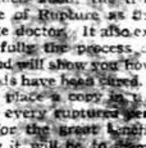


I have just issued a very valuable book on Rupture, which will enable any sufferer to know as much about the true nature of Rupture as the average doctor. It also explains fully the process of cure, and will show you how thousands have been cured. I want to place a copy in the hands of every ruptured person, for the great benefit I know it will be to them. I will send it free (sealed and post paid). I will also send free to anyone who is ruptured, or knows of any person ruptured, a free sample of my famous home cure. It is a marvellous method, curing cases that defied hospitals, doctors, trusses, electricity and all else. Merely send your name and address and the free sample will be sent without any cost to you whatever.

Mr. A. E. Jones, a prominent contractor of Dholpur, India, suffered with a severe scrotal rupture for 20 years, until the Rice method was made plain to him. After a trial he was cured perfectly. Mr. Jones says:—"I am now thoroughly well, after suffering 20 years, and have no hesitation in adding my testimony to the efficacy of this perfect method. The Rice method of treatment is worth its weight in gold."

8, Papamow Road, Allahabad, India, Jan. 28th, 1904.—Dear Sir,—Both myself and my son have received a cure of our ruptures through the use of your treatment. The child was about 8 years old, and had suffered from his rupture for 2 years. In my own case I had suffered from a severe rupture for 32 years, and am now 39, but I feel that we are thoroughly cured. I can think of no better way of informing the world at large than by advertising your treatment in all the leading papers in India.—Yours truly, A. W. Davies." Anyone can write to me to confirm this testimonial. Every ruptured person ought to send at once and make a trial of this method that cures. Begin now, and in a short time you will forget you have been ruptured. Write to-day, at once. Don't delay. Now is your opportunity. Thousands have been cured without pain, danger, operation, or an hour's loss of time.

W. S. RICE, RUPTURE SPECIALIST (Dept. [illegible]),
8/9, STONECUTTER STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.



Mr. A. E. JONES.

SORE BACK

"The doctor said my back was the worst he had ever seen." Thus spoke Mr. Alfred H. Lillierapp, of 97, Chewton Road, Pretoria Avenue, Walthamstow, London. N.E., in describing the terrible skin disease from which Zam-Buk has just released him. His case is powerful evidence of the unfailing excellence of Zam-Buk.

"For eight weeks," said Mr. Lillierapp, "I was suffering with eruptions in my back, which came in the form of headless pimples, and spread until my back was completely covered, being accompanied by irritation so intense as to prevent my sleeping. I tried several salves and emollients, but found no relief. My back became so bad that I had to have my hands bound up at night to stop me scratching myself. I consulted a doctor, who said my back was the worst he had seen. He gave me medicine and lotion, but they seemed to irritate all the more. In fact, I became quite anxious about it. One evening I read about Zam-Buk, so sent for a sample. My wife used it upon me according to the directions, and I found such a difference that I decided to give Zam-Buk a further trial. Well, I hardly know how to express my gratitude for the benefit I have now derived. My back is now as smooth as I could wish it to be. It is marvellous what Zam-Buk has done."

Zam-Buk is invaluable for sore backs, head-rashes, ulcers, eczema, gouty eczema, ringworms, prickly heat, mosquito-bites, stings, Delhi sores, boils, abscesses, running sores, scalp irritation, festering sores, pimples, piles, and all inflamed and painful conditions of the skin ; also for cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, abrasions, chafing, itch, cramp, chilblains, sore feet, ankles, chapped hands, sprains, stiffness, bad legs, swollen knees, poisoned wounds, bad wounds, rheumatism, neuralgia, and sciatica. Of any chemist or medicine vendor [illegible] per box ; or post paid and packed free for Re. 1-3-[illegible]. Large size, containing nearly four times the small size, price Rs. 2. As. 4, or post paid and packed free for Rs. 2. As. [illegible] the Zam-Buk Co., 30, Strand Road, Calcutta.

Zam-Buk

[illegible] ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM.

[illegible] general meeting of the members of the [illegible]man-i-Islam was held on Saturday afternoon [illegible] Anjuman premises at Hornby Road, Sir [illegible] Ebrahim presiding.

The [illegible] first annual report of the Anjuman-i-Islam, [illegible] was submitted for the consideration of the meeting. From this report, it [illegible] commencement of the year there [illegible] the roll of the Anjuman. Out of [illegible] life-members, two honorary members [illegible] members. In the course of the [illegible] members resigned, the names of eleven [illegible] off the roll for failing to pay fees [illegible] added. By the end of the year the total of [illegible] was increased by six new life-members and [illegible] ordinary members. There is a hostel attached [illegible] and there were 35 boarders, of whom [illegible] four free boarders. The work of [illegible] in connection with the school, [illegible] therein were satisfactory. Drill [illegible]ry. Mr. Mahomed Hoosain Macha, [illegible] of Rs. 50 for physical culture. Mr. [illegible] who was the founder of the Anjuman [illegible] paid its expenses as usual. In June [illegible] prize distribution of the Madrassa school was [illegible] residency of H. H. Aga Khan and [illegible] and prizes were awarded to the [illegible] in different branches of learning. [illegible] Fazl Aboobakar Madni had increased [illegible] of Rs. 500 by a further sum of Rs. 250, for [illegible] kindergarten class, to be called after his [illegible] Mr. Abdool Latif Sahib. Mr. Vasanji [illegible] Rs. 100 towards the funds of the [illegible] contributions from the members of the Anjuman [illegible] to be devoted for a similar purpose. [illegible] Religious education was made com[illegible] Madrassa schools. Messrs. Mahomed and [illegible] Khalil gave Rs. 3,000 to perpetuate the [illegible] father Mr. Shafoodin Khalil. Out [illegible] fountain was erected in the garden of [illegible] Anjuman-i-Islam premises at a cost of Rs. 800, and [illegible] was taken over to the Anjuman endowment [illegible] number of boys attending the Anjuman [illegible] present was 527. They had held only one [illegible] during the year under report. The [illegible] Anjuman, during the year, was [illegible] while the expenditure ran up to Rs. 16,909 [illegible] of Rs. 517.

[illegible] report was adopted. The Chairman distributed [illegible] Rs. 200 out of the Professor Rehatsek [illegible] Fund amongst the poor and deserving [illegible] the Madrassa. A new committee and office-[illegible] appointed and the meeting dispersed with [illegible] thanks to the Chairman.

MURDER OF A MAHOMEDAN.

[illegible] High Court, Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston, have disposed [illegible] by Daud Mahomed, a young Mahomedan, [illegible] of murder by Mr. R. Knight, [illegible] Ahmedabad, and sentenced to transportation for life. The assessors, associated in the trial [illegible], had brought in a verdict of not guilty, [illegible] differing from them, convicted the [illegible] with Mr. Ramdatt W. Desai, [illegible] the accused; and Mr. M. B. Chaubal, [illegible] Pleader, appeared for the Crown. The [illegible] against the accused was that he killed Adam [illegible] the night of the 28th November last, at [illegible], with the assistance of three [illegible] who were not yet detected; but all of [illegible] as the accused himself, were armed [illegible] and an axe. The victim's skull was [illegible] brain was lacerated; and he died on [illegible]. The accused ran away in the dark; but [illegible] was identified by the persons who had [illegible] the murderous assault, and he was subsequently arrested by the police. The motive for the [illegible] appeared to be, that the deceased was the rival [illegible] accused for the friendship of a sempstress, Chan[illegible]. She played off the one against the other; but her partiality towards the accused aroused jealousy in the deceased, who entered upon an open campaign of persecution, and laid hold of every opportunity to bring them both into disgrace and contempt. He composed a song implicating the sempstress, and sang [illegible] public. He offered to rent, from the accused's landlord, the premises occupied by the accused, at a higher [illegible] what the accused paid, if the landlord would [illegible] the accused. This became known to the accused, [illegible] also informed of some threatening letters [illegible] had received from the deceased. Accused [illegible] of his accomplices, assaulted [illegible] in the house of Kalidas Raichand, a Bania, [illegible] he was asleep. Kalidas and the neighbours, [illegible] the dead of night, on hearing the cries [illegible] who had named the accused as one of [illegible].

[illegible] delivered the judgment of the High [illegible]. His Lordship said that, in support of the [illegible] was the evidence of several eye-witnesses, [illegible] the fact that the accused's name was mentioned [illegible] deceased in the course of the struggle. There [illegible] nothing to justify the disbelieving of this direct evidence which appeared to be truthful; especially in the absence of any motive on the part of the witnesses which could induce them all to testify falsely against the accused. The conviction and the sentence were consequently confirmed, and the appeal was dismissed.

POLICEMEN IN TROUBLE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay, on Saturday, Mr. [illegible] W. Kemp, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which three native policemen, [illegible] Gopal Dhondoo and Tatia Raoji were charged with criminal trespass and assault [illegible] of one Krishna Balu. Mr. B. J. [illegible], pleader, prosecuted, while Mr. Chunilal H. [illegible]alwad, Barrister-at-law, defended the accused. Inspector Bodley watched the proceedings on behalf of the police.

The facts of the case have already been published. It was alleged that on the 15th June the three accused went to complainant's place to recover from his possession a woman named Ladubai. The first accused showed a paper to the complainant and said it was a warrant for his arrest. On complainant refusing to give up the woman the three accused [illegible]. The defence was that the first accused was [illegible] the place and that he was falsely implicated on [illegible] of some disagreement with Inspector Bodley. [illegible] further alleged that complainant bit the second [illegible] and the third accused only separated them. [illegible] Magistrate in giving his decision said he was satisfied with the manner in which the prosecution witnesses gave their evidence, whereas he could not say the same with regard to the witnesses for the defence. The prosecution evidence showed that Ladubai [illegible] wife of one Govind Luxmon and that she had been in the keeping of both the accused No. 2 and complainant. His Worship was satisfied that a document was shown to the complainant by the first accused and that the latter pretended that it was some sort of authority to take Ladubai to her husband. His Worship could not see why the first accused should be falsely implicated by complainant and the "maloe" Krishna. It was suggested by the defence that the first accused was falsely implicated on account of some disagreement with Inspector Bodley. But the matter of the disagreement appeared to have been trifling and not such as to form ground for a plot to implicate the first accused. Inspector Bodley proved this to his Worship's satisfaction. The Court believed the prosecution evidence and convicted all the accused of assault. As the document which the first accused showed the complainant was not forthcoming and [illegible] was in the first accused's [illegible], the Magistrate experienced some difficulty in making the document the basis of any separate charge. [illegible] could not find that any or all the accused had intent [illegible] before they entered the compound. [illegible] found on the evidence that they all assaulted [illegible] and convicted them all of assault. It [illegible] not [illegible] his Worship from the evidence that [illegible] attacked or bit the second accused. [illegible] fined each accused Rs. 30 and ordered Rs. 10, out of [illegible] sum recovered, to be paid to complainant as compensation.

Vaccinators and anti-vaccinators divide themselves into two camps as sharply as we are told the sheep and goats are divided. It was a [illegible] who went in indignant tears to a well-known London clergyman, begging that the body of her dead husband might be removed from the grave in which it had been placed. "My dear madam, such a thing is impossible without first getting an order from the Home [illegible] minister." "But why do you desire such a thing?" was the answer. "[illegible] been and buried him alongside of a man who died of small-pox—my husband, who had been vaccinated, too!"

HOW TO KEEP COOL

[illegible] who suffer from the heat should add a few drops of Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath.

Condy's Fluid Bath imparts [illegible] sensation of Coolness, [illegible] and Purity. It invigorates [illegible] and braces the [illegible] Cooling effect is [illegible] it is so lasting. [illegible] sold by all Chemists. [illegible] substitutes, all of which are [illegible] composition and strength. [illegible] "Condy's Fluid."

SCIENCE NOTES.

It is somewhat surprising to meet with so common a weed as the nettle in the "Book of Rarer Vegetables," by Mr. G. Wythes, for some time gardener to the Duke of Northumberland at Syon House, Brentford. But though so common as a weed, the nettle is rare as a vegetable, in spite of a reputation inherited from classical times. Horace promises fortune's favours to those who will live abstemiously on herbs and nettles, while another classical writer asks that the nettle may be cooked for him on the feast day. Our own poet Herrick also refers those who partake of "boyl'd nettles" as "dainty meat," although it was probably not the fare to which he was himself addicted.

One of the most remarkable things about the nettle is the way in which it follows man in his wanderings over the globe. On the ruined dwelling, in the deserted encampment, by the wayside, it springs up and flourishes. In an old Roman amphitheatre on the line of the great wall which ran from the Tyne to the Solway nettles grow luxuriantly. And Dr. Bruce, the historian of the wall, attributes them to the human blood shed there in days gone by. Probably Shakespeare had a similar idea of the human influence which he put into the mouth of Cressida the words: "And I'll spring up in his tears, an' 'twere a nettle."

The well-known French naturalist, M. Fabre, relates how he once made use of this peculiarity of the nettle as guide when lost in a fog on Mount Ventoux. "Two plants," he writes, "which always follow man, Good King Henry (Chenopodium Bonus-Henricus) and the nettle, served me as a clue. I swept my free hand through the air as I walked, and at each sting I knew there was a nettle and an indication. . . Verlot joined with me in persisting in our search, reassuring the most demoralised, and showing that it was possible by questioning plants with our hands to reach our destination in the darkness. They yielded to our reasoning, and shortly after, from one clump of nettles to another, the party arrived at the Jas."

The woodlice of our gardens and woods are familiar to all, but it is perhaps not generally known that these animals are the land representatives of the lobster and the shrimp. They are, in fact, our terrestrial Crustacea. A monograph of these interesting animals has recently been written by Messrs. Webb and Sillem. There are, it appears, 24 species of these little land Crustaceans in England, Ireland having one species peculiar to it. They inhabit moist places, and some of them have the power of rolling themselves into balls when disturbed. In this state they resemble large pills, and perhaps thus escape observation. Perhaps it was this resemblance to pills which led to the former somewhat extensive use of woodlice in medicine. The Trilobite, that most ancient of Crustaceans, had a similar power of rolling itself up, and is not infrequently found in that state in the rock. Dr. H. Woodward specially notes the similarity of the rolling up of the Armadillo woodlice to that of the Great Barr Trilobite (Illaenus Barriensis), from the Silurian rocks of Staffordshire.

Two curious facts regarding woodlice are noted by the authors. After casting their skins it appears that they not infrequently eat them. And like certain marine members of the order Isopoda, they cast the skin of the hinder part of the body before that of the front. This leads to the curious result that the front, being constricted by the unshed skin, is narrower than the hinder part.

The crustacean order, Isopoda, to which the woodlouse belongs, contains a number of other interesting species. The genus Arcturus, for example, is remarkable for the great length of the antennæ, and the young are carried about attached to these.

Some of the members of the genus Serolis, again, are strikingly similar in outward form to the long extinct Trilobites. And in his article, "Crustacea," in the "Encyclopædia Britannica," Dr. H. Woodward mentions an Isopod from Tasmania, presented by Dr. Milligan to the British Museum, as offering many points of analogy with the Trilobite. Another Isopod, Limnoria terebrans, is well known as a destructive borer into the woodwork of piers and other submarine buildings. This species is one of the most destructive of creatures, the only wood which is safe from its attacks being teak. It is known to fishermen as the "gribble," and although it had gone on destroying timber for ages it was only made known to the scientific world in 1811 by Dr. Leach.

Among the most interesting of the many experiments which have been carried on by Dr. Francis Darwin are those connected with "periodicity" in plants, especially as illustrated by the so-called "sleep" of leaves and flowers. Periodicity formed the subject of Dr. Darwin's address as President of the Congress of the South-Eastern Union of Scientific Societies held at Eastbourne last week. The well-known facts that many flowers close their petals at night or in cloudy weather, while others open only in the evening, are illustrations of this phenomenon. Other flowers, as, for example, the goat's beard, sometimes known on this account as "Jack-go-to-bed-at-noon," close in the middle of the day. At night, again, the leaves of many plants drop down into a vertical position, rising again in the morning.

It has been usually thought that such movements are the direct effects of light and temperature, and it can be shown that plants do respond in this way to these stimuli. But Dr. Darwin has shown that these movements have at the same time become, so to speak, habits, and will take place even in the absence of the appropriate stimuli. Take the sleep of the leaves, for example. On the approach of darkness the leaves drop into their vertical sleeping position, and on the return of light next morning they assume their normal attitude. But let the sleeping plant be kept in a dark room, so that it cannot have the stimulus of light to raise its leaves. Numerous experiments carried out by Dr. Darwin show that the plant will lift its leaves to the normal day-light position in the darkness. And the general conclusion is that plants acquire a habit of moving in a certain way, and continue to perform these movements even in the absence of the stimuli which normally call them forth.

The life and work of the famous French geologist, M. Bernard Renault, formed the subject of a recent Presidential Address to the Royal Microscopical Society. Renault's most important work lay in the investigation of the microscopical structure of fossil plants, and in this he made many important discoveries. Some of his most remarkable observations were on fossil pollen. Fossil seeds were found with pollen grains in the pollen-chambers. These pollen-grains were observed to have a multicellular structure, which led Renault to make the following remarkable suggestion:—"We do not regard as impossible the existence in the past of pollen-grains which, instead of effecting fertilisation by means of a tube, discharged into the pollen-chamber of the appropriate seeds antherozoids capable of performing the function."

No such mode of fertilisation was then known among seed-bearing plants, but ten years later a remarkable discovery was made by Ikeno and Hirase at Tokio. They found, in fact, that in the lower seed-bearing plants such a mode of fertilisation by motile cells instead of pollen tubes still occurs.

The remarkable action of the London County Council in extending its enterprises so as to interfere effectively with the future utility of Greenwich Observatory and in lightly disclaiming any responsibility for, or interest in, these consequences, may lend some point to certain vigorous remarks made by Sir William Huggins, the greatest astronomer now living, in his recent book, called "The Royal Society; or Science in the State and in the Schools." Sir William's text is that upon which recent Presidents of the British Association have elected to speak, and one of its aspects was illustrated by Mr. Brodrick's letter to the "Times," upon which I commented last week. But Sir William Huggins goes a little deeper than some of his fellow-scientists, and this it is which gives a special value to the address delivered by him as President of the Royal Society on "Science, Industry, and Education." Having pointed out the extraordinary difference between the appreciation of science in this country and in Germany, Sir William comments, as so many of us have commented upon the circumstance that the British record in science is without a parallel anywhere whilst Britain is alone amongst the foremost countries of the world in her national and popular disregard of science. He points out that the smallness of the number of trained men who are employed in our national industries follows upon the smallness of the demand for such men, and he asks why this demand should be so small amongst the people who have given Newton and Harvey and Darwin to the world.

Sir William dismisses the explanation of a natural want of enterprise and resourcefulness inherent in the national character which is plainly out of court, and so he finds himself compelled to believe "that it is our system of higher education which is in fault, clearly through being too mediæval in spirit. In accordance with the traditions of the past, our higher national education deals with words rather than with things; it is based too exclusively on the memory of what is known, and too little, if at all, on individual observation and reasoning." In another address in the same volume, of equal interest and importance, Sir William demands that natural science should be given a place in education side by side with the humanities. It would indeed seem a reasonable plea. It would seem reasonable not only on grounds of expediency and commercialism, but also on the highest possible grounds. This might almost be proved by no more than a glance at the wonderful mask of the face of Sir Isaac Newton, with a photograph of which Sir William has adorned his address. It instantly recalls to mind those great lines of Wordsworth, written upon Newton's statue in the chapel of Trinity College: "The marble index of a mind for ever voyaging through strange seas of Thought alone."

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* * * * Those of my readers who have confidence in my culinary recommendations, and I trust they are many, will do well to note that I prefer BENEDICTINE to all other liqueurs.

ALEXANDER DUMAS.

* * * * At a time when the luxuries of the table are sought after on all sides, I do not hesitate to acknowledge and recommend BENEDICTINE as the queen of liqueurs, now to be seen on any table. It is found and appreciated alike in restaurants, in private families, and on the tables of princes.

H. DE PENE.

* * * * We place BENEDICTINE upon our tables for its excellent flavour and delicate perfume, without thinking that this dainty is a powerful specific, a liqueur most efficacious for promoting digestion and the regular circulation of the blood.

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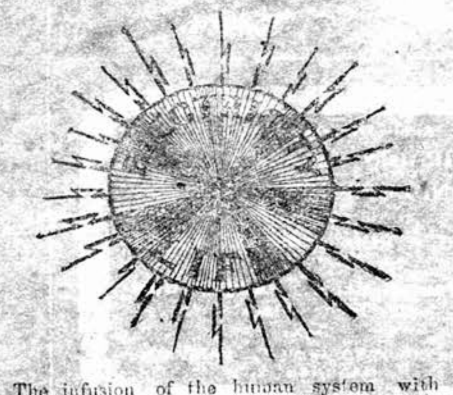

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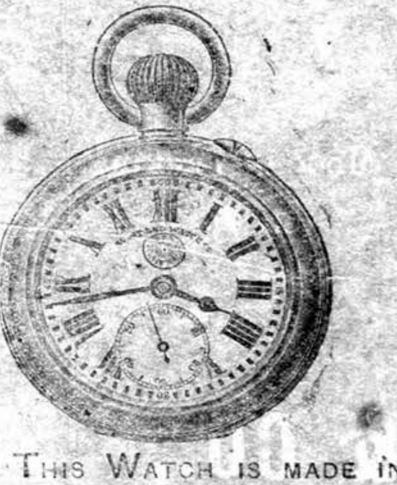

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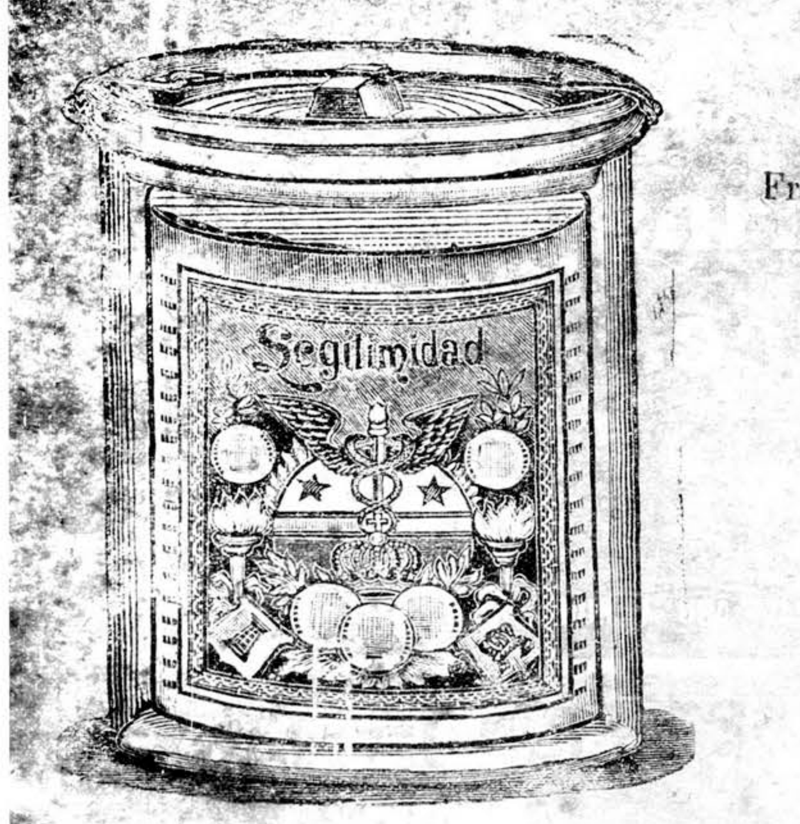

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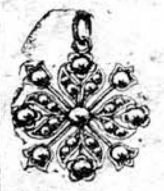

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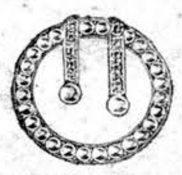

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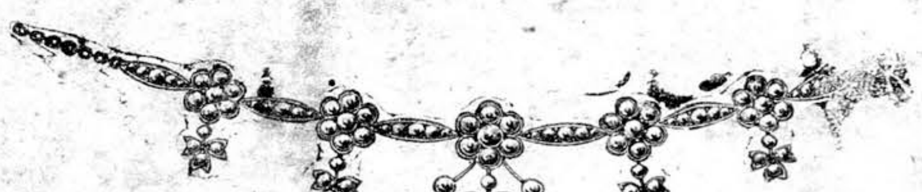

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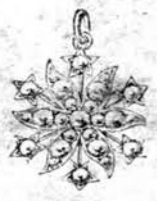

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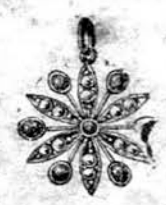

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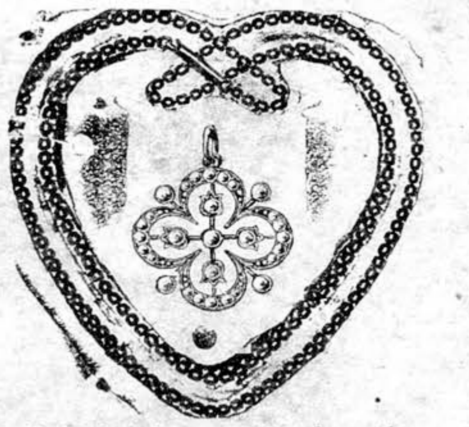

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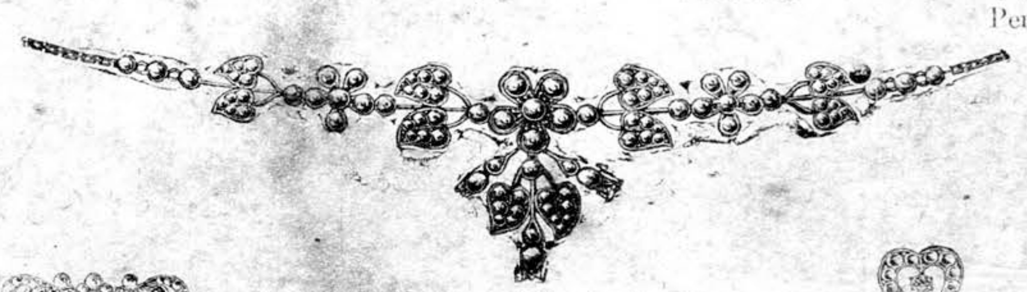

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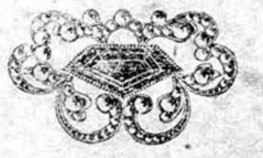

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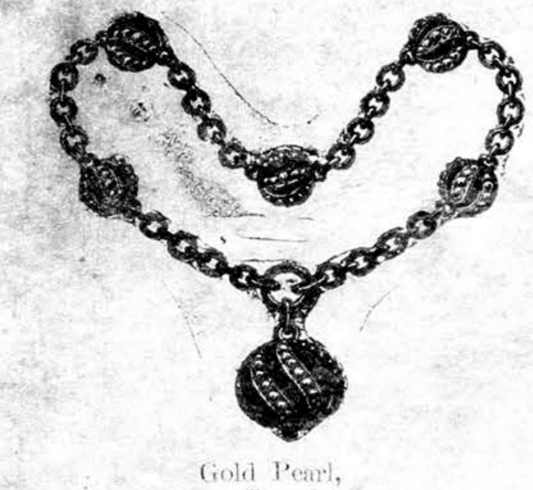

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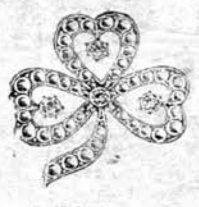
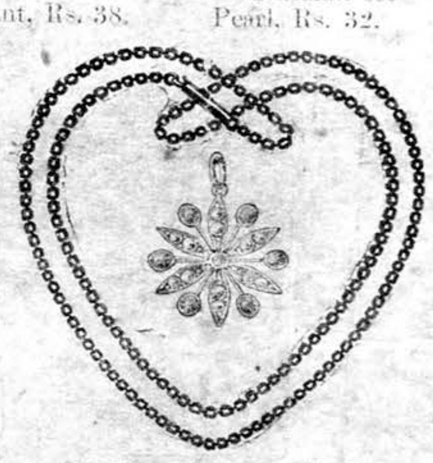
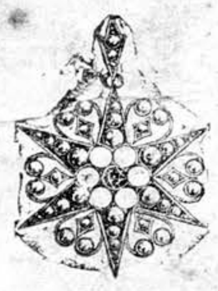


Gold Brooch Olivine and Pearls, Rs. 112.



Gold pendant and Chain set Pearls, Rs. 50.



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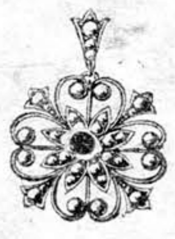
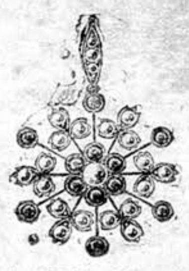


Gold Pendant, set Pearls, Rs. 75.



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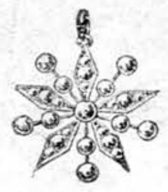

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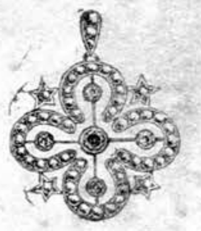

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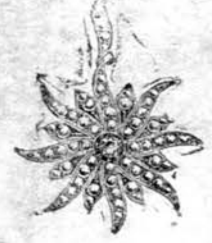

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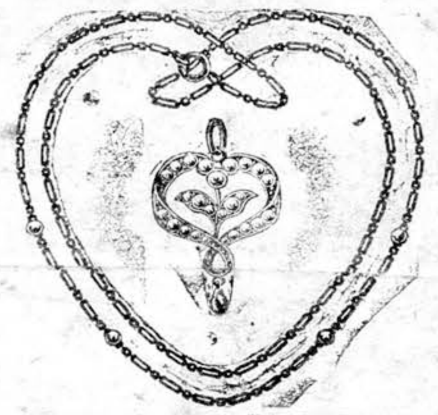

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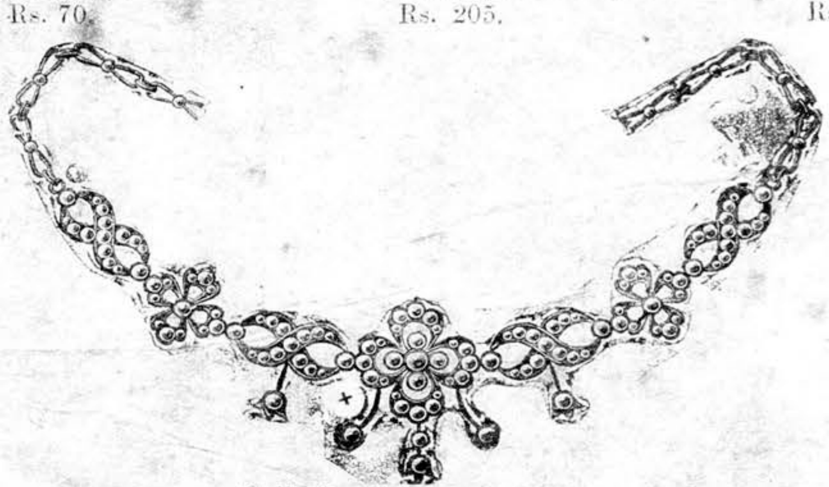

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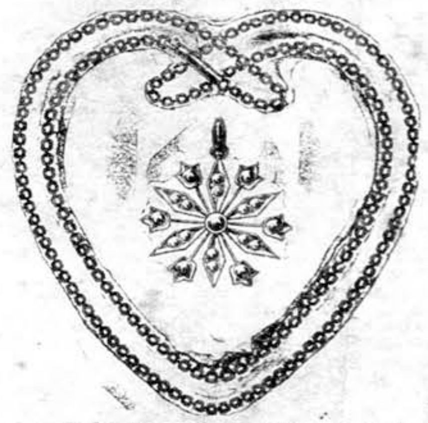

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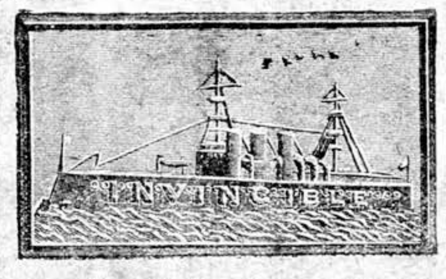

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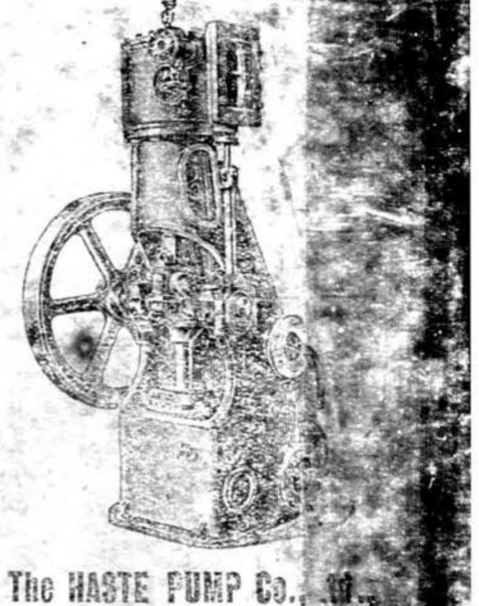

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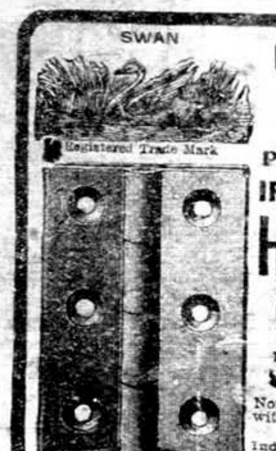

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